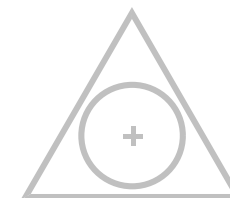


Cyclopropenium Ions in Catalysis

2024.4.13 Literature Seminar

M2 Shuji Toyama






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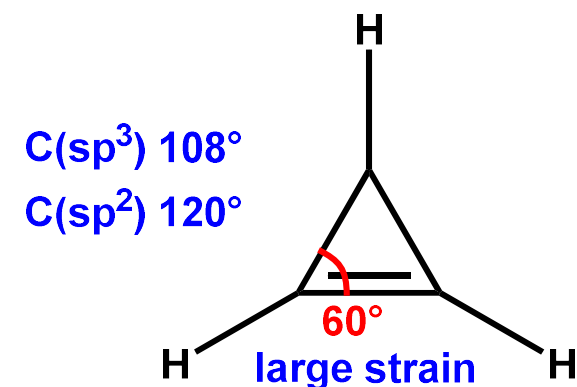


- 1. Introduction**
- 2. Application of Cyclopropenium Ions in Catalysis**
 - 2-1. Reactivity (Tristan H. Lambert group)**
 - 2-2. Noncovalent Interaction (Ying-Yeung Yeung group)**
- 3. Summary**

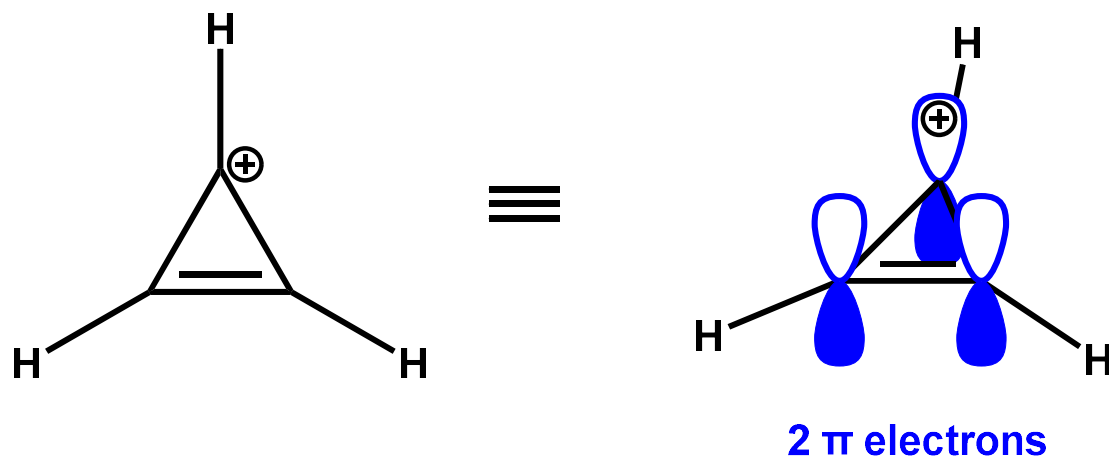
Characteristic of Cyclopropenium Ions

Ring strain of cyclopropene

					
strain energy ¹⁾ (kcal/mol)	6.2	26.5	28.7	27.5	55.2



Aromaticity of cyclopropenium ion

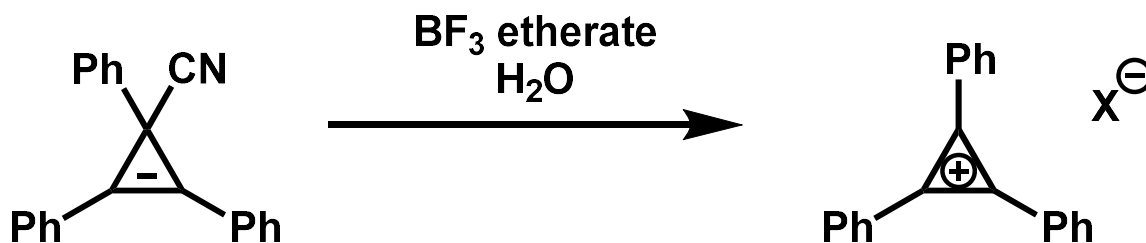


Cyclopropenium ion satisfies Hückel's rules of aromaticity.
(4n + 2)π, n = 0, 1, 2, ...

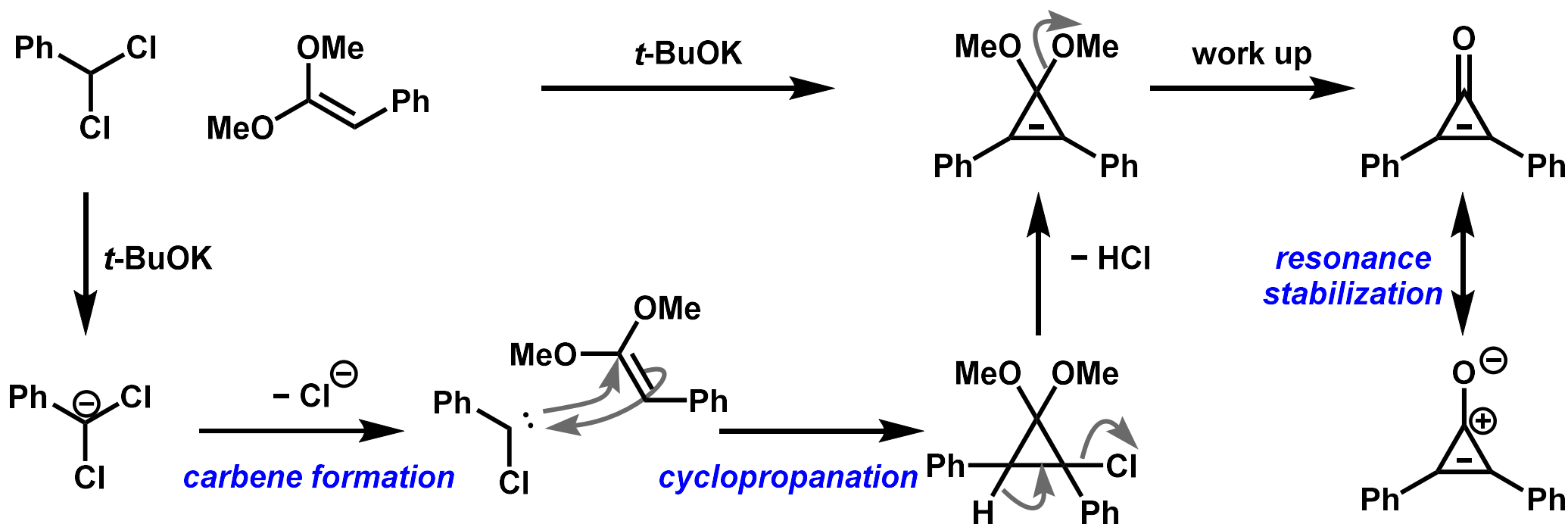
1) Wiberg, K. B. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* 1986, 25, 312.

Discovery of Cyclopropenium Ions

- The first synthesis of cyclopropenium ion was achieved by Breslow (1957).



- Cyclopropenone was also synthesized by Breslow (1959).



- 1) Breslow, R. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1957**, 79, 5318.
- 2) Breslow, R.; Haynie, R.; Mirra J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1959**, 81, 247.

Introduction of Authors



Prof. Tristan H. Lambert

1998 B.S., @ The University of Wisconsin

2004 Ph.D., @ California Institute of Technology (Prof. MacMillan, D.)

2004- Postdoctoral fellow @ Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center
(Prof. Danishefsky, S.)

2006- Postdoctoral fellow @ Columbia University

2011- Associate Professor @ Columbia University

2016- Professor @ Columbia University

2018- Professor @ Cornell University

Research topic: Intriguing chemical building blocks such as aromatic ions and their application to problems in the areas of catalysis, reaction design, and polymers



Prof. Ying-Yeung Yeung

2001 B.S., @ The Chinese University of Hong Kong (Prof. Chow, H.-F.)

2005 Ph.D., @ The Chinese University of Hong Kong (Prof. Chow, H.-F.)

2005- Postdoctoral fellow @ Harvard University (Prof. Corey, E. J.)

2008- Assistant Professor @ National University of Singapore

2014- Associate Professor @ National University of Singapore

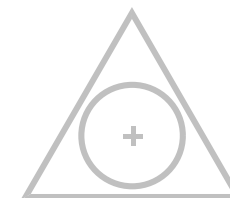
2015- Assistant Professor @ The Chinese University of Hong Kong

2019- Professor @ The Chinese University of Hong Kong

Research topic: Organocatalysis, Asymmetric halogenation reactions, Multi-component synthesis and Novel functional molecules synthesis for biological studies

- 1) <https://www.cyclopropenium.com/about-tristan>
- 2) <https://chem.cuhk.edu.hk/people/academic-staff/yyy/>
- 3) <https://academictree.org/chemistry/publications.php?pid=504805>

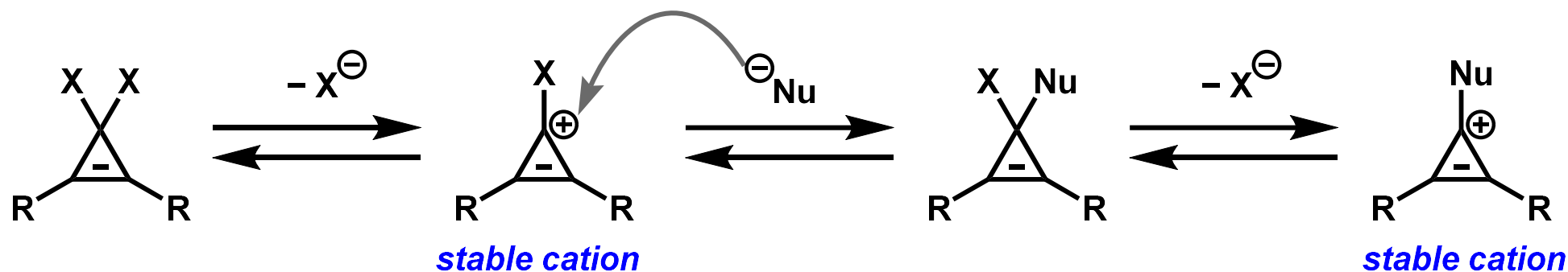
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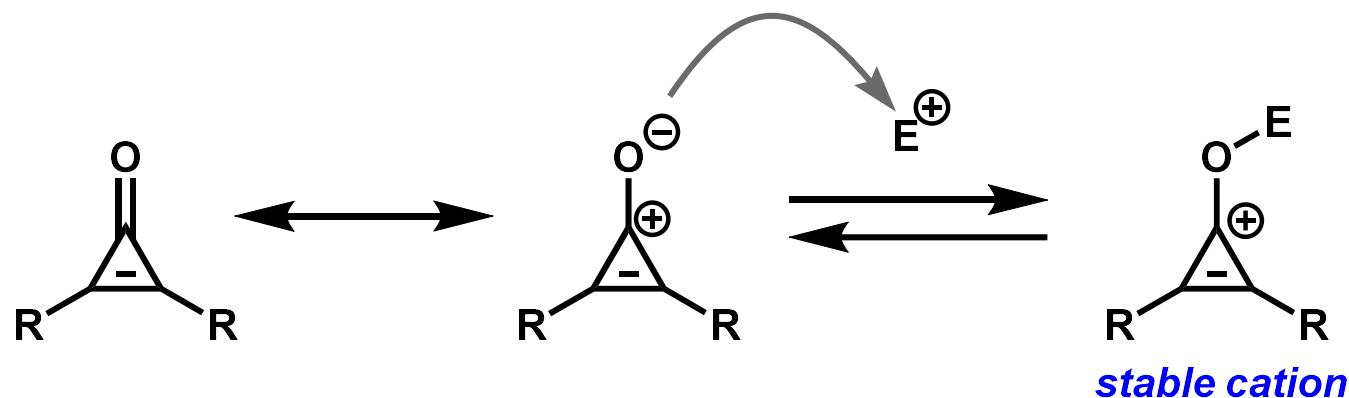
1. Introduction
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3. Summary

Design of Catalyst (1)

■ Nucleophilic substitution reaction promoted by stable cation

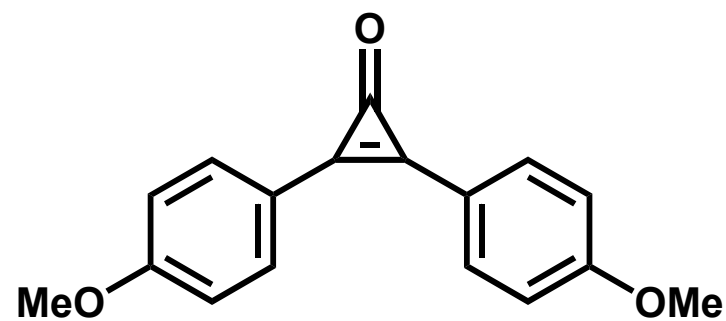
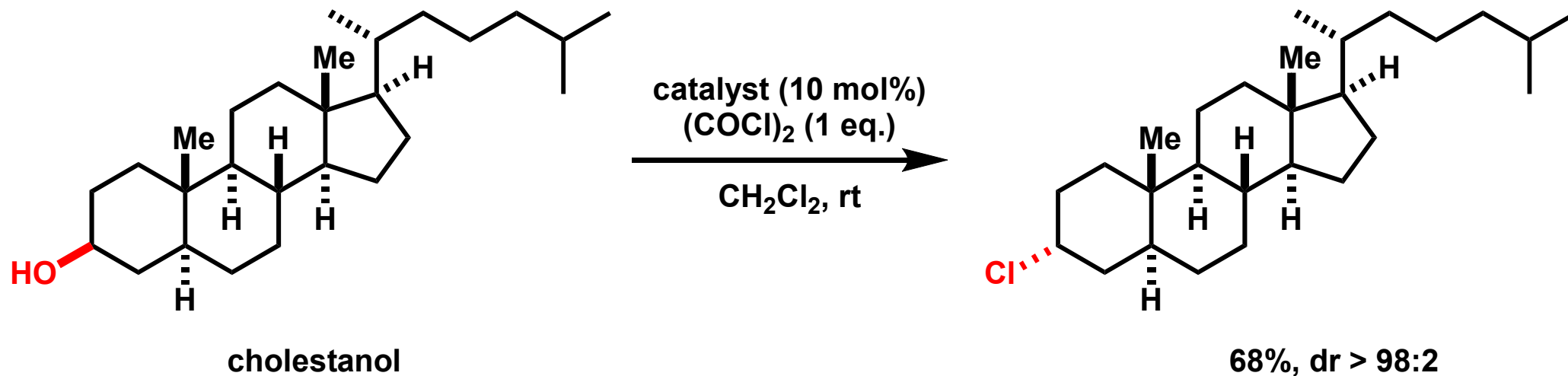


■ High nucleophilicity of carbonyl-O of cyclopropenone



- 1) Vanos, C. M.; Lambert, T. H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 12222.
- 2) Wilson, R. M.; Lambert, T. H. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2022**, *55*, 3057.

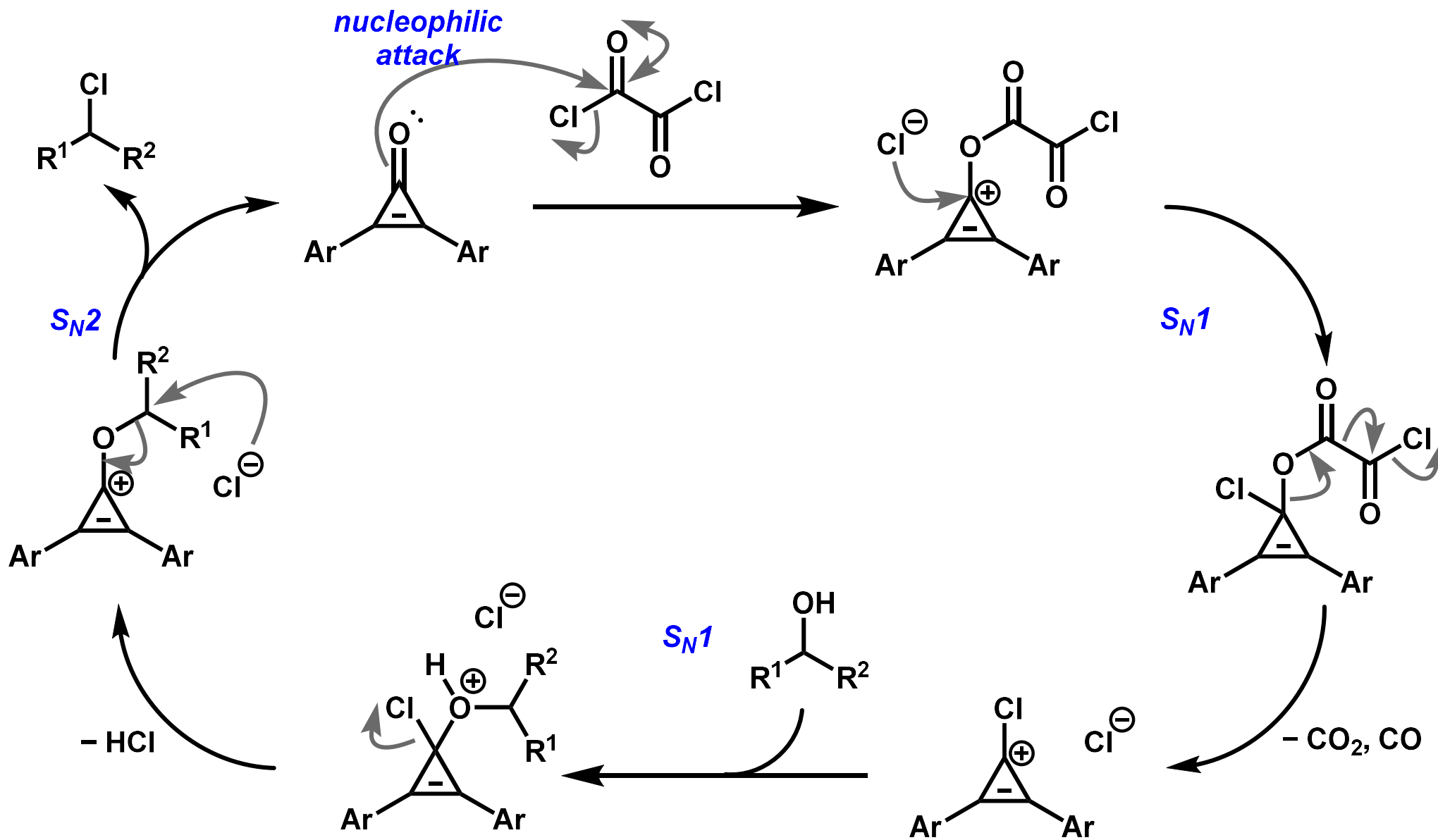
Appel Type Chlorination



catalyst

- 1) Vanos, C. M.; Lambert, T. H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 12222.
- 2) Wilson, R. M.; Lambert, T. H. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2022**, *55*, 3057.

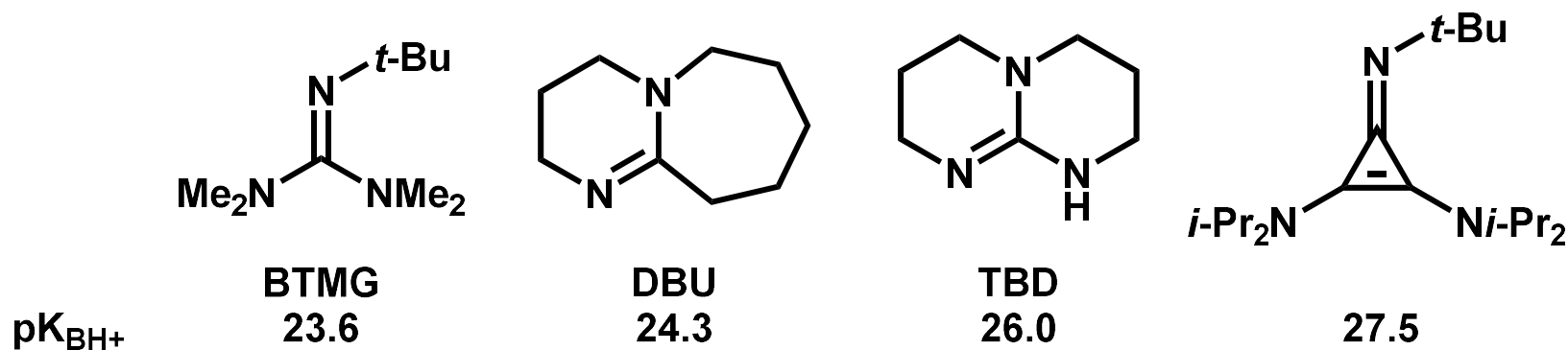
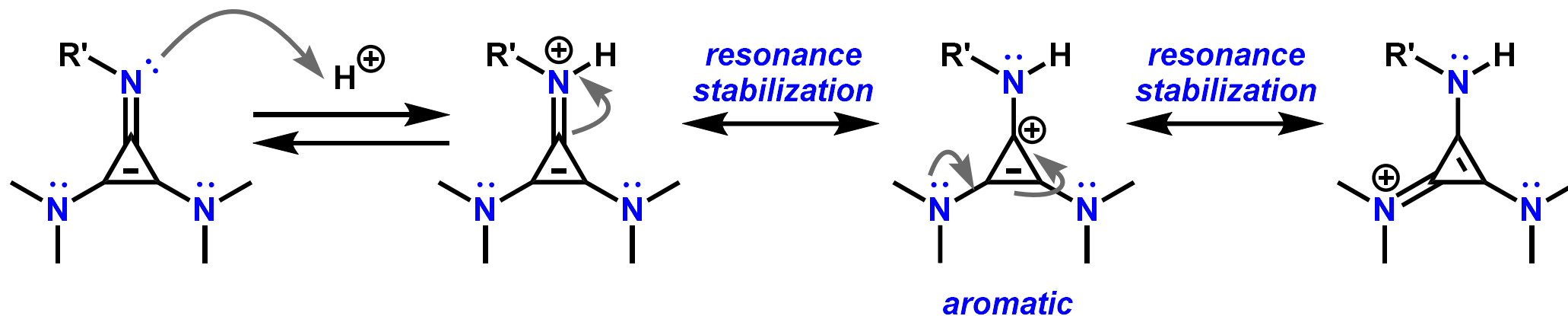
Proposed Reaction Mechanism



- 1) Vanos, C. M.; Lambert, T. H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, 50, 12222.
- 2) Wilson, R. M.; Lambert, T. H. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2022**, 55, 3057.

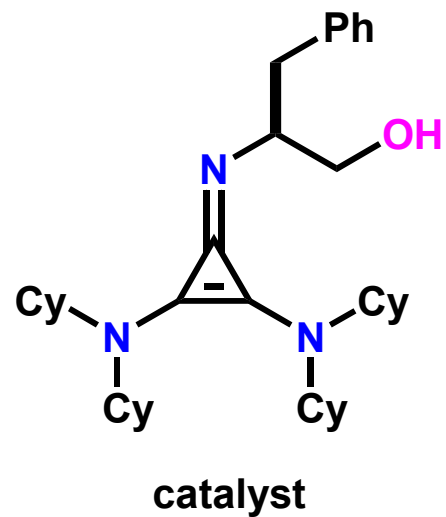
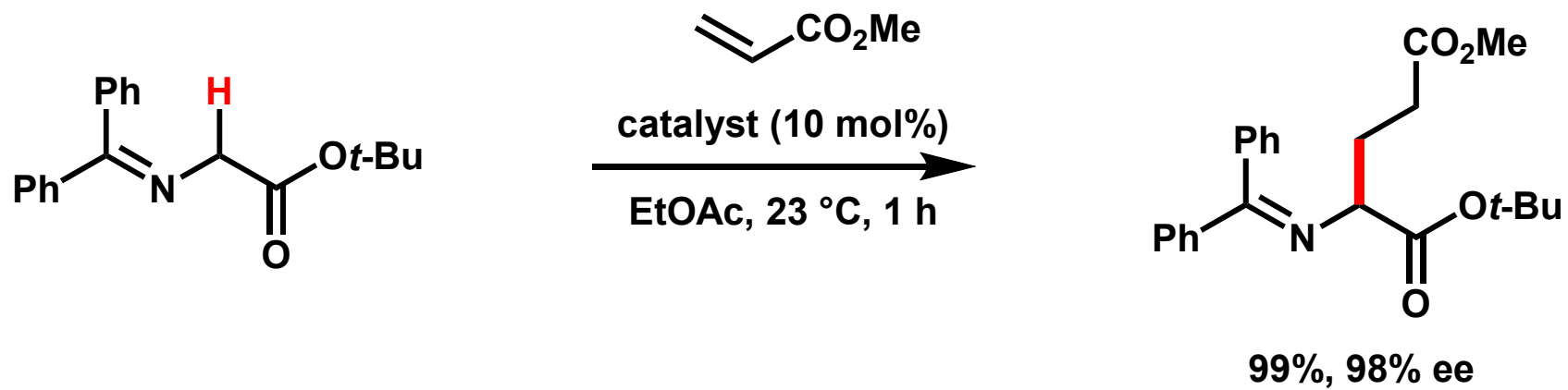
Design of Catalyst (2)

■ Stable cation of conjugate acid → Strong basicity



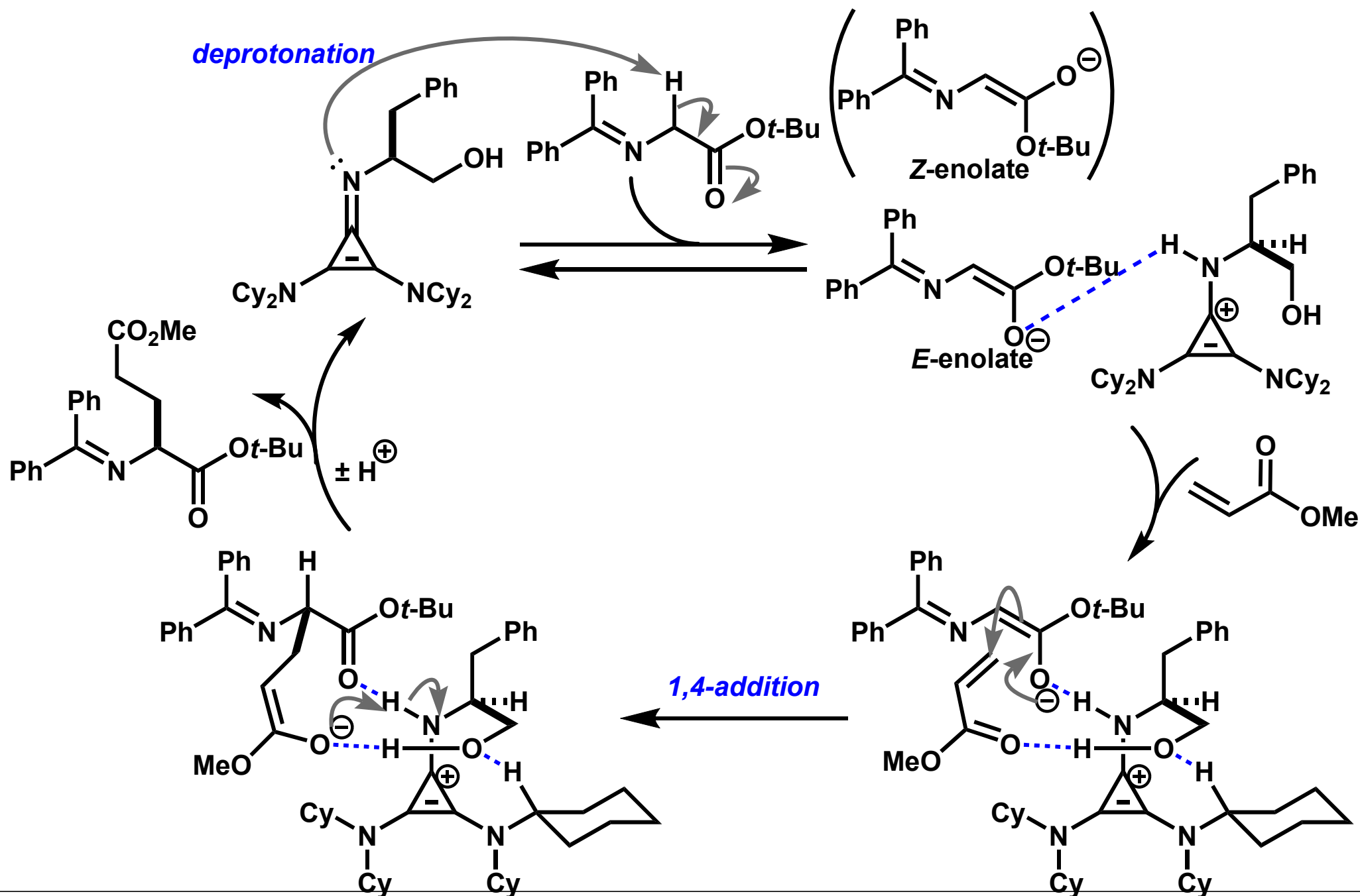
- 1) Bandar, J. S.; Lambert, T. H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, *134*, 5552.
- 2) Bandar, J. S.; Barthelme, A.; Lambert, T. H. *Chem. Sci.* **2015**, *6*, 1537.

Asymmetric 1,4-Addition



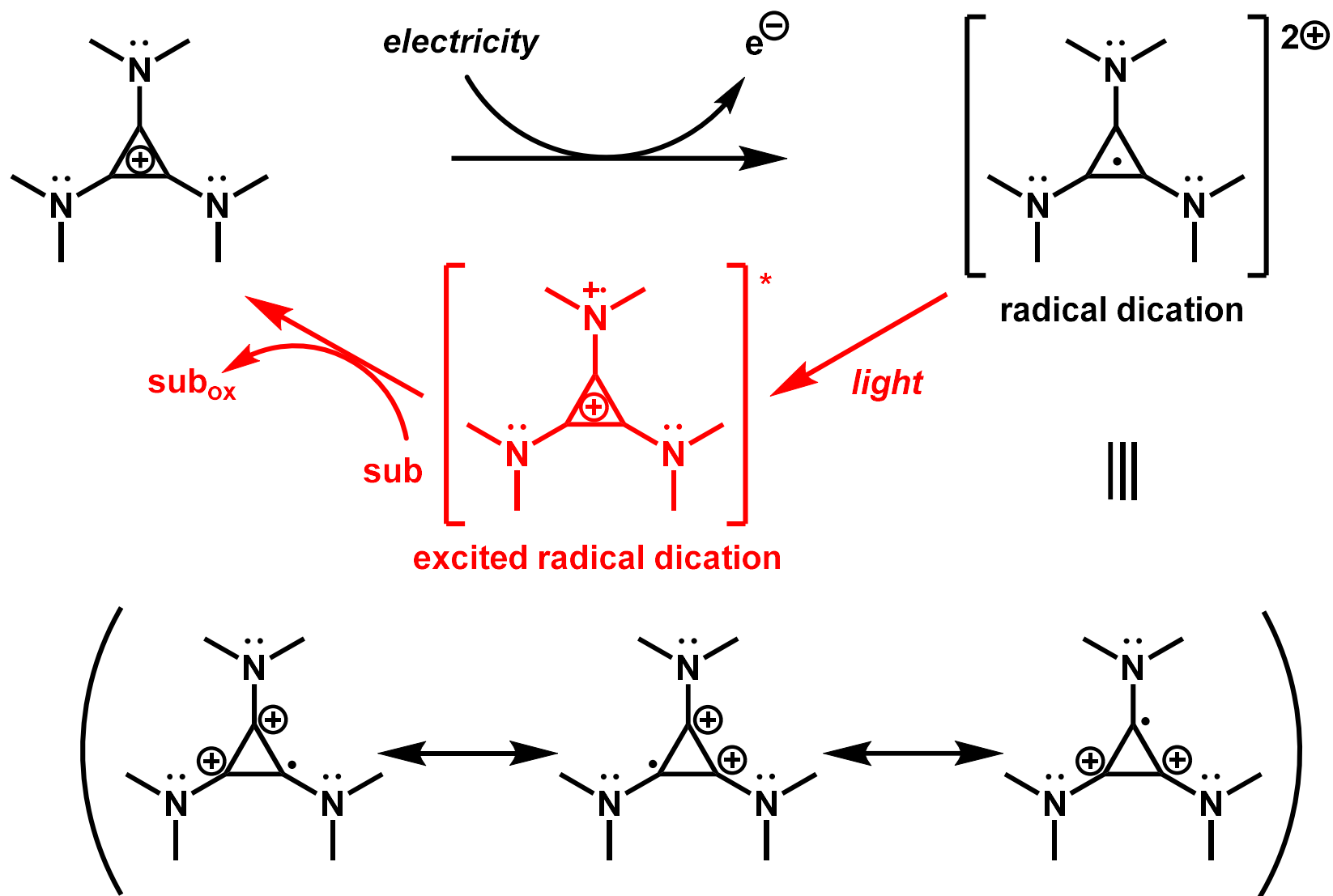
- 1) Bandar, J. S.; Lambert, T. H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, *134*, 5552.
- 2) Bandar, J. S.; Barthelme, A.; Lambert, T. H. *Chem. Sci.* **2015**, *6*, 1537.

Proposed Reaction Mechanism



- 1) Bandar, J. S.; Lambert, T. H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, *134*, 5552.
- 2) Bandar, J. S.; Barthelme, A.; Lambert, T. H. *Chem. Sci.* **2015**, *6*, 1537.

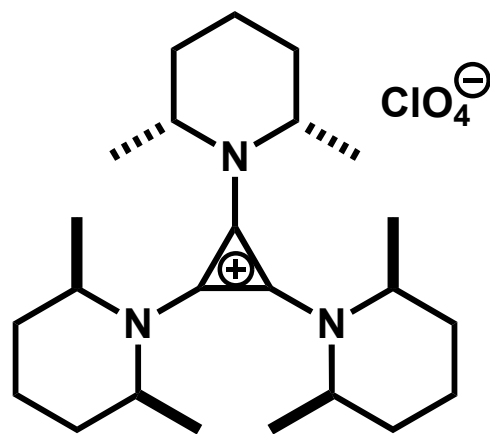
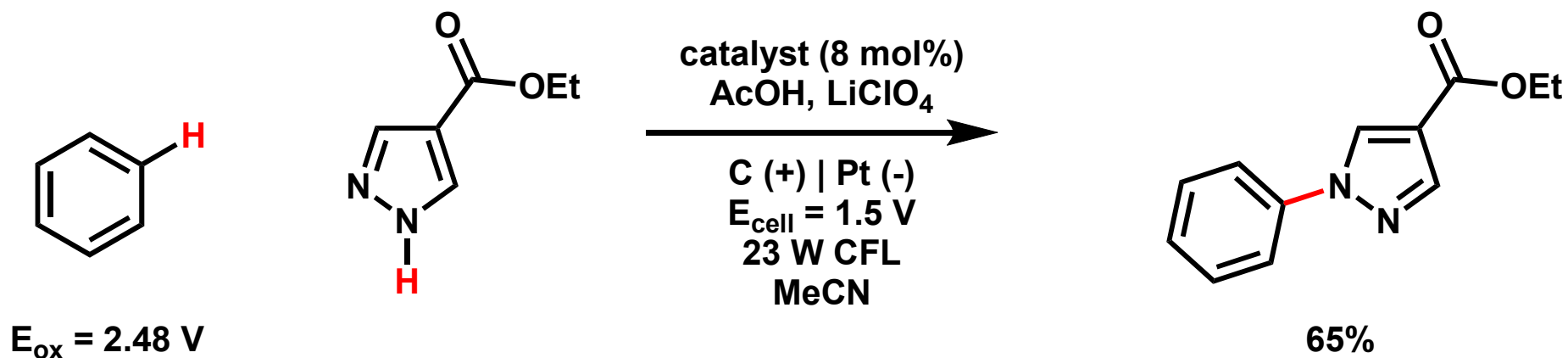
Design of Catalyst (3)



1) Weiss, R.; Klaus Sohlter, K. *Tetrahed. Lett.* **1975**, *40*, 3491.

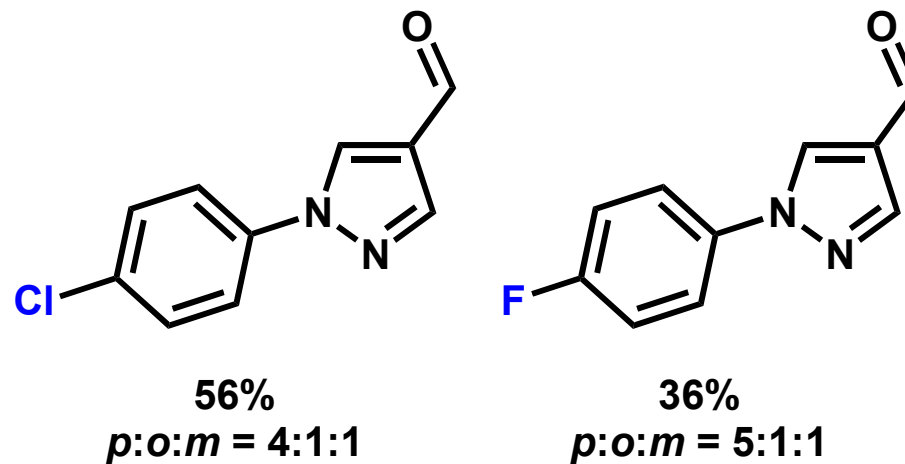
2) Huang, H.; Strater, Z. M.; Rauch, M.; Shee, J.; Sisto, T. J.; Nuckolls, C.; Lambert, T. H. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2019**, *58*, 13318.

Electrophotocatalytic Coupling

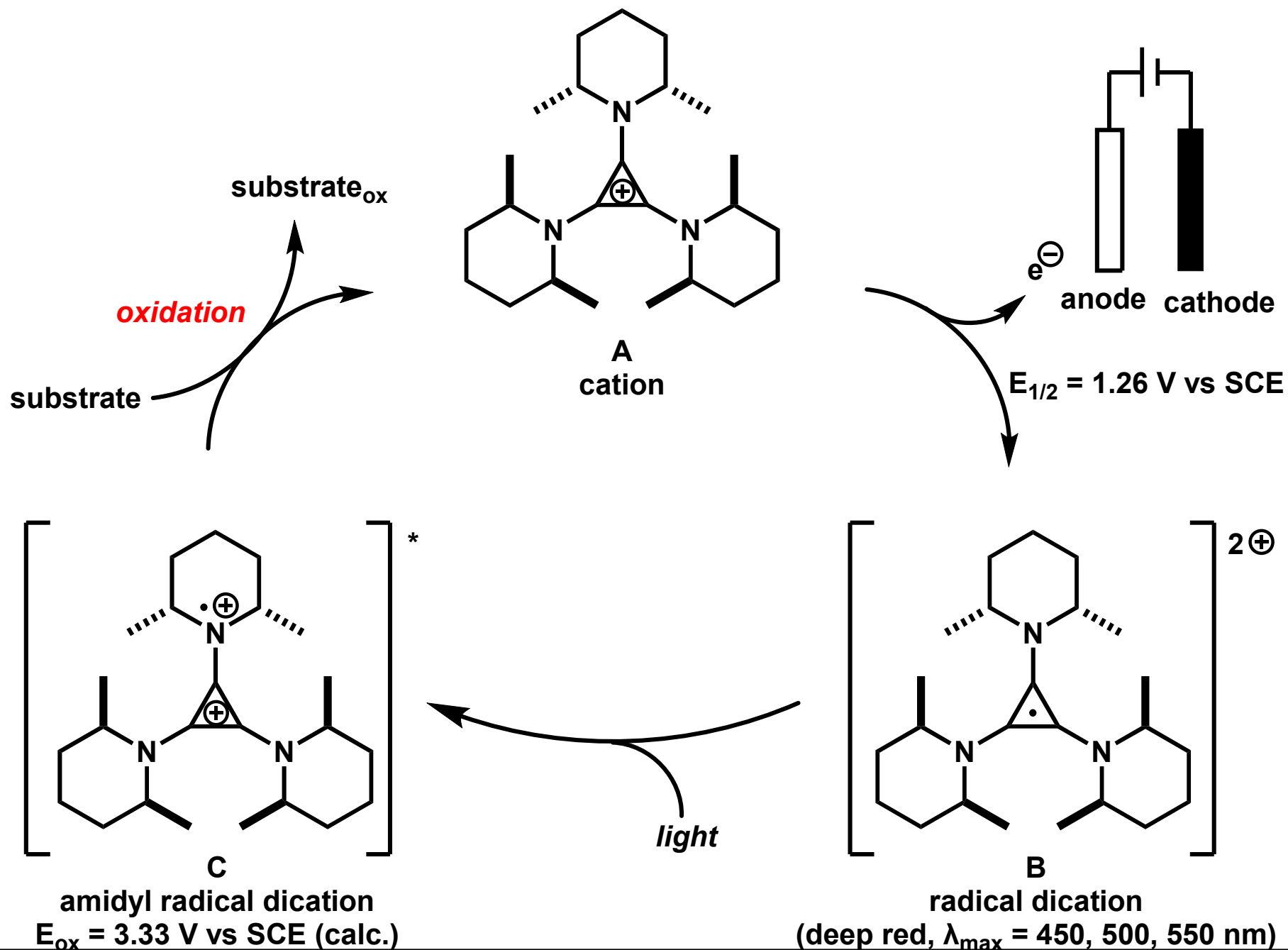


catalyst

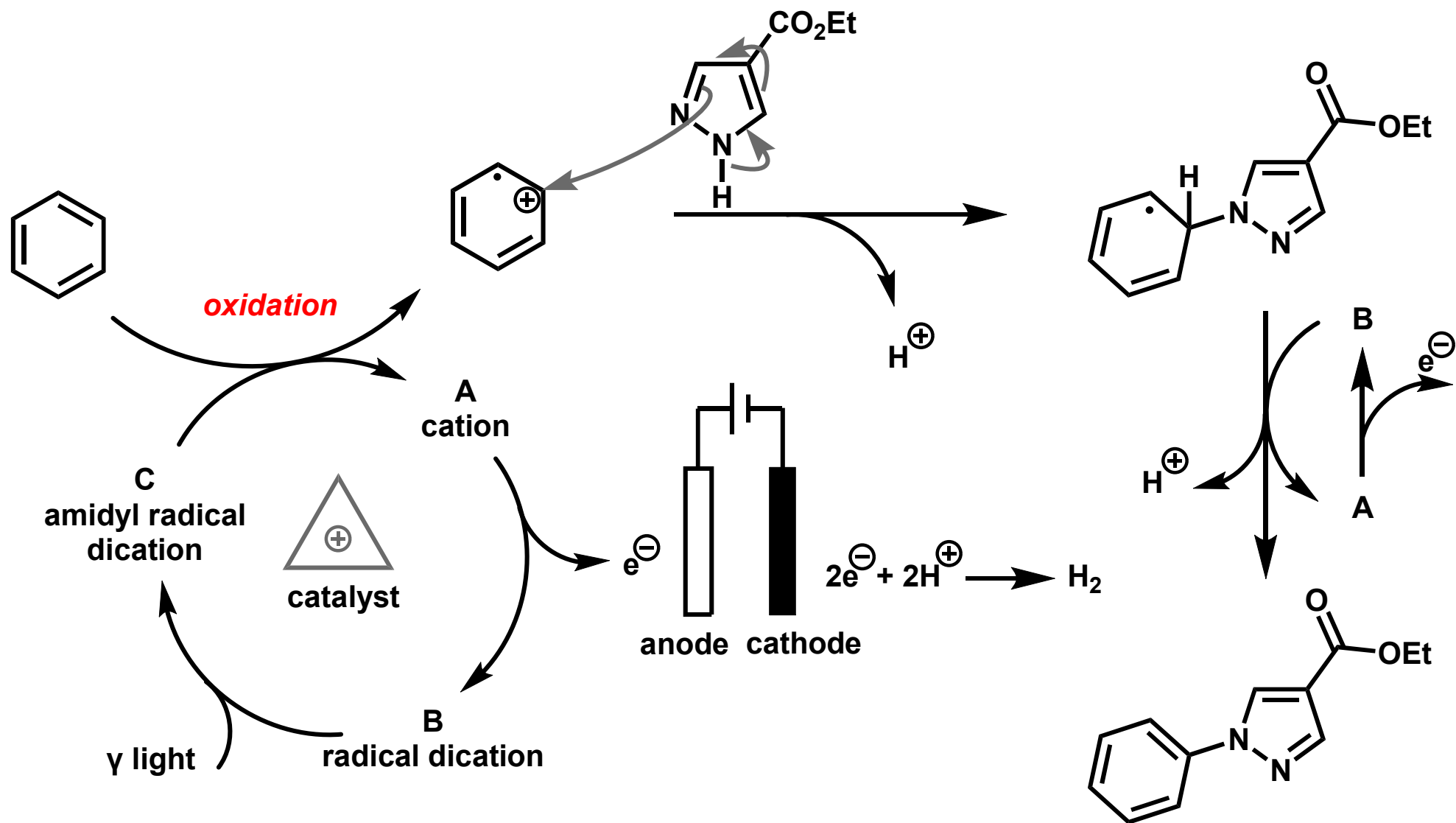
CFL: Compact Fluorescent Lamp



Proposed Reaction Mechanism (1)

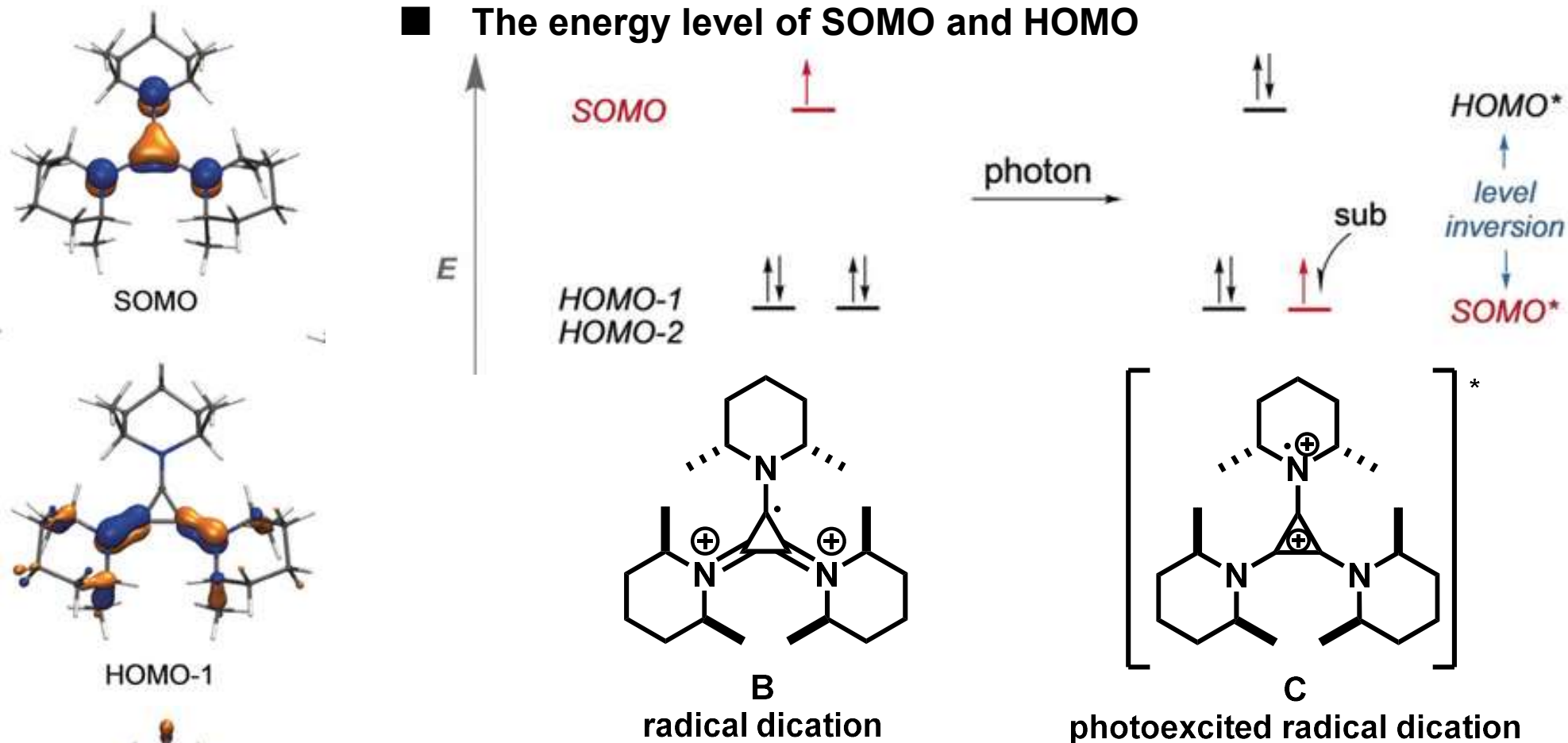


Proposed Reaction Mechanism (2)

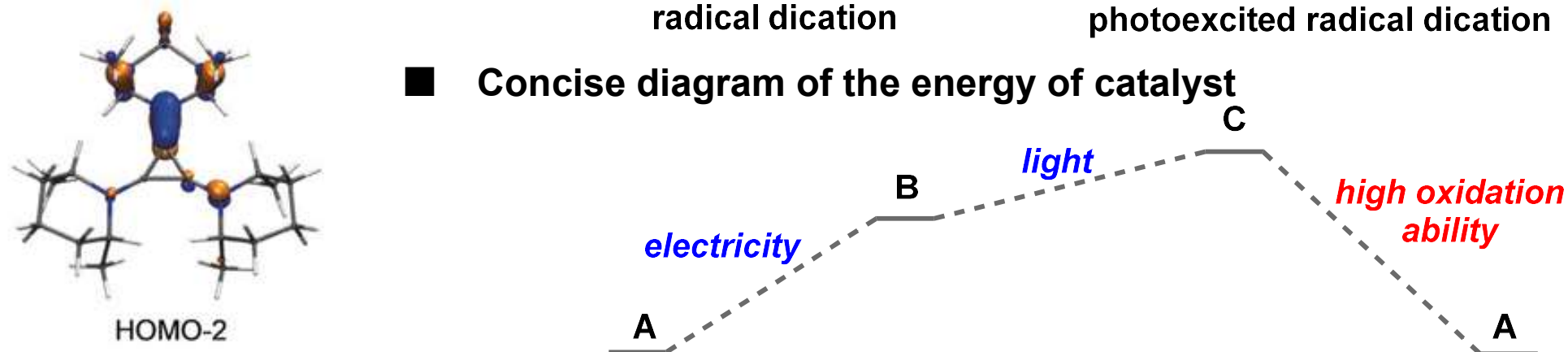


HOMO-SOMO Level Inversion

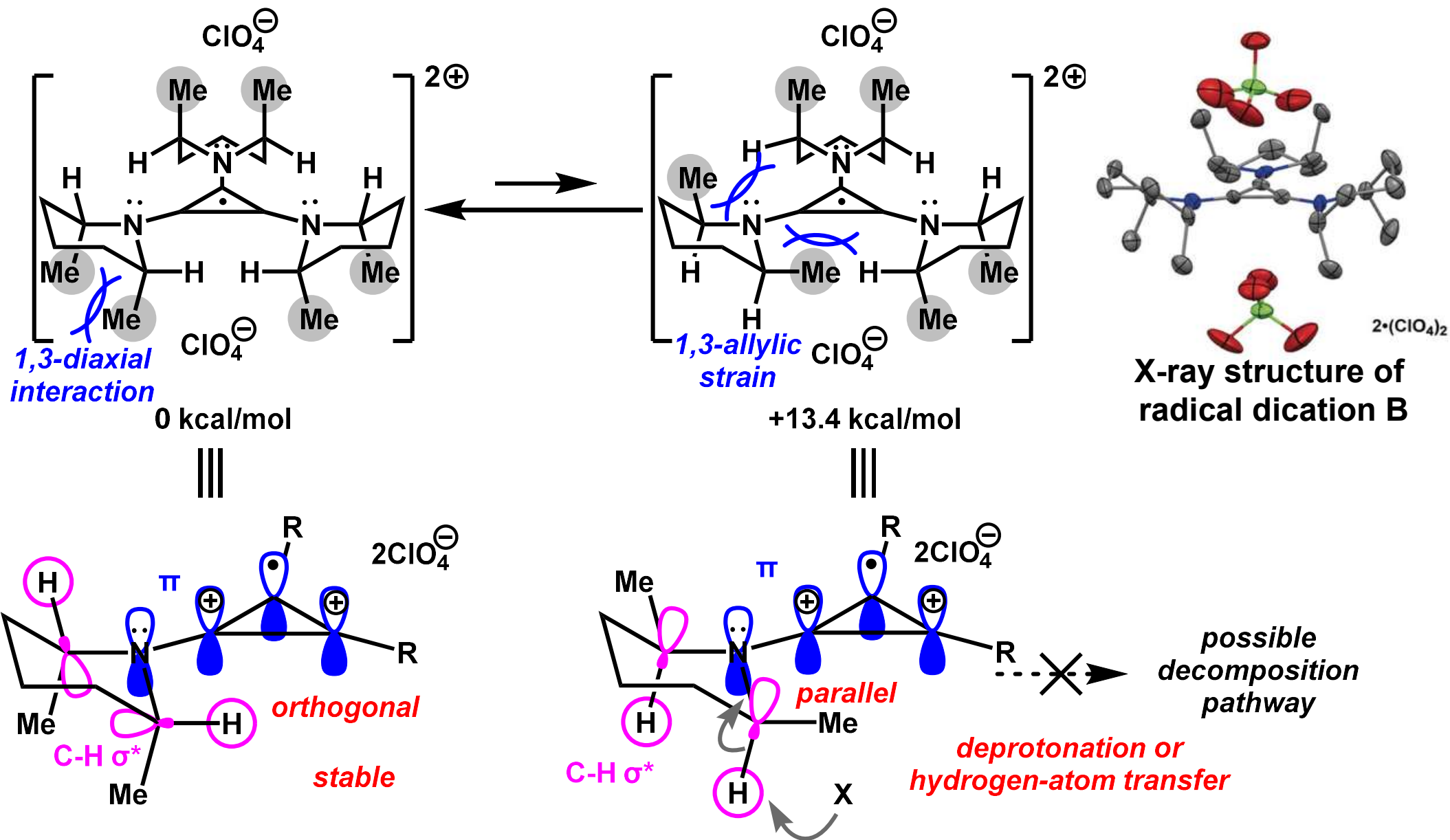
■ The energy level of SOMO and HOMO



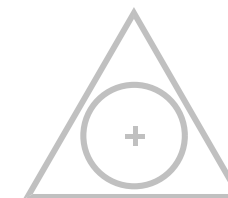
■ Concise diagram of the energy of catalyst



Stable Radical Dication B

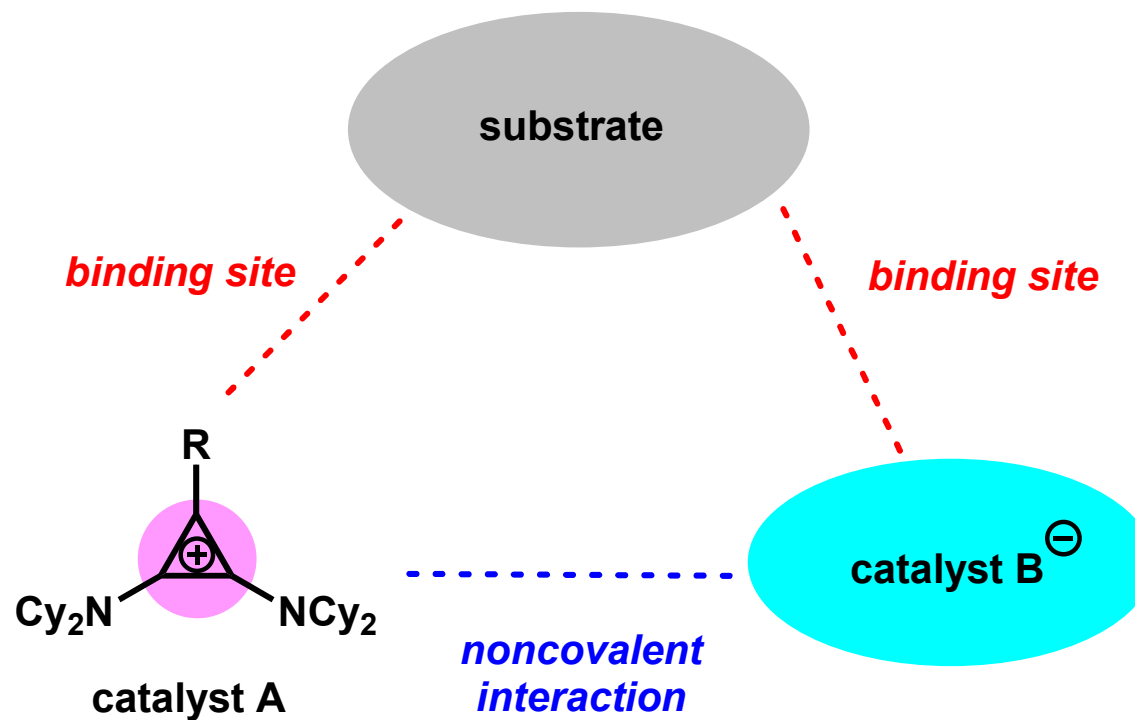


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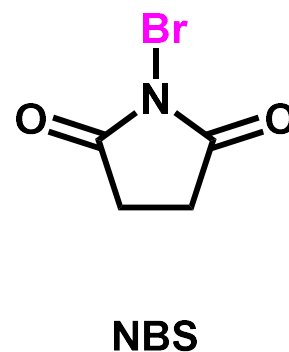
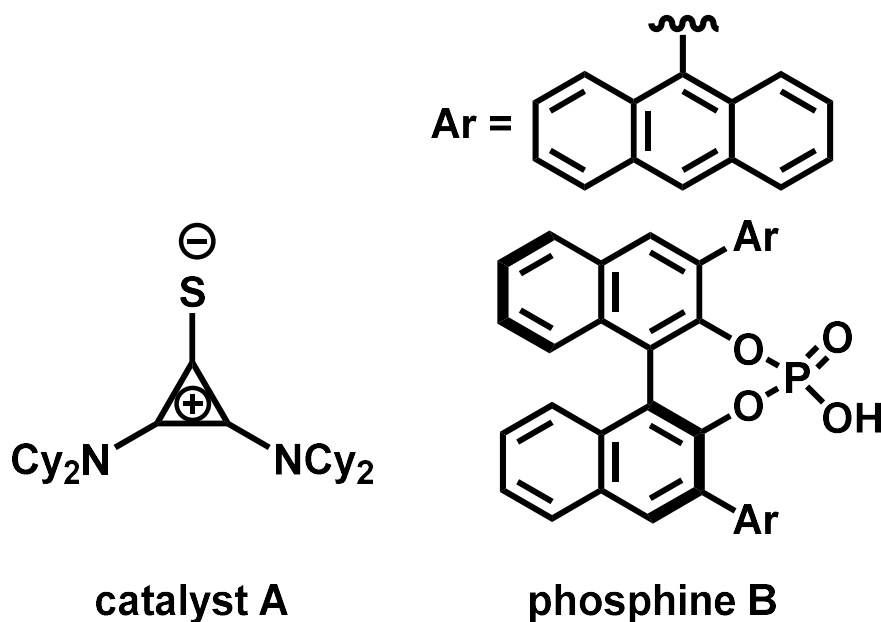
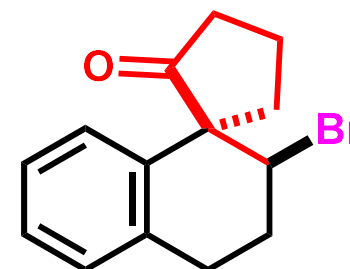
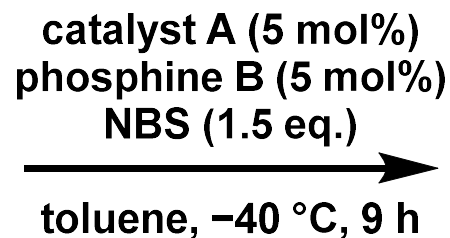
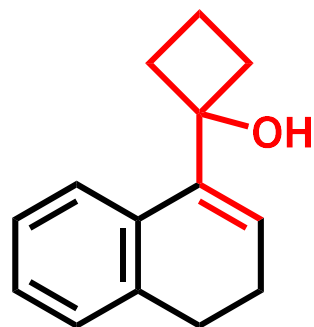


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3. Summary

- Co-catalyst enabled by electrostatic interaction between cyclopropenium catalyst A and anionic catalyst B

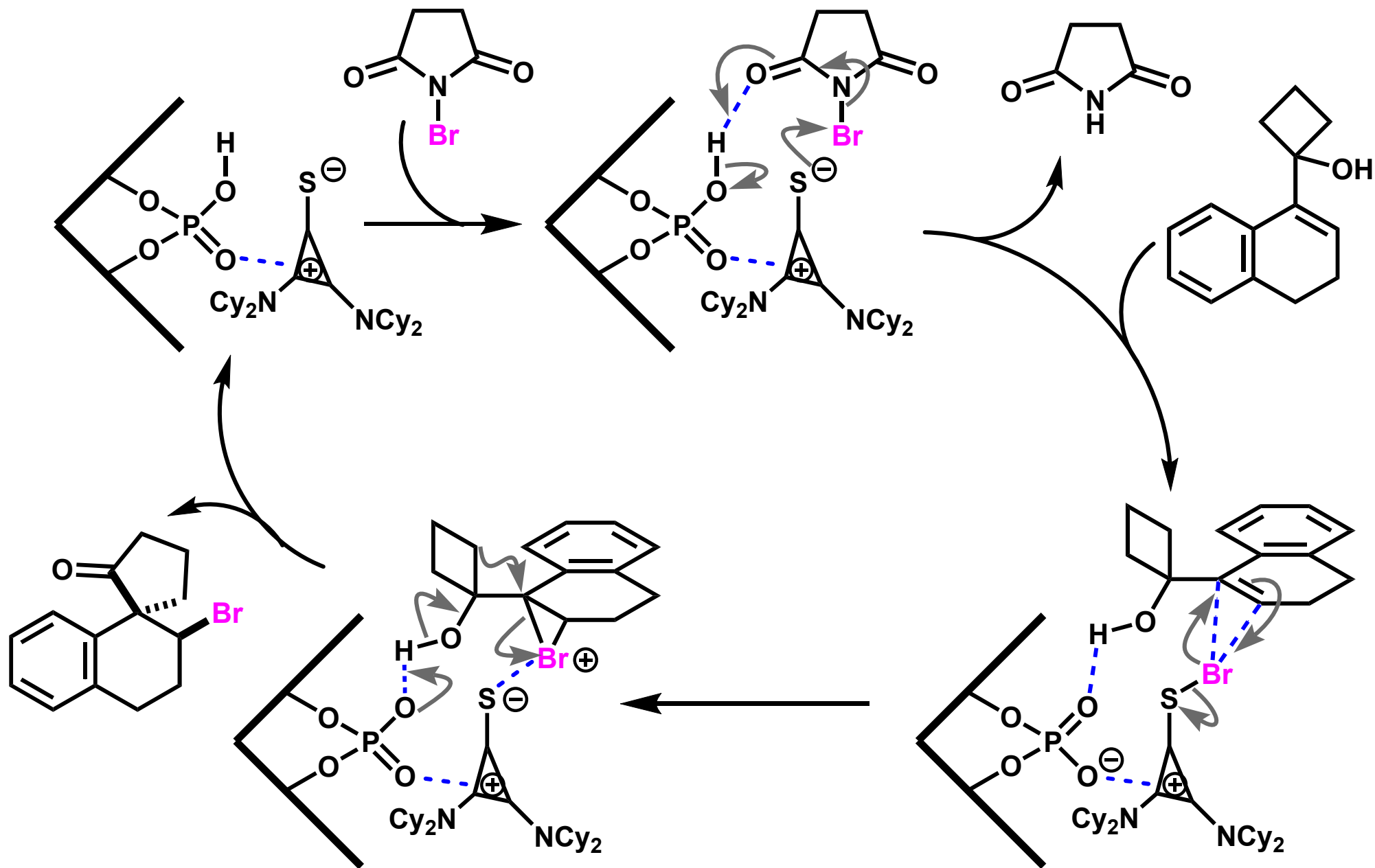


Asymmetric Bromination and Ring Expansion²¹

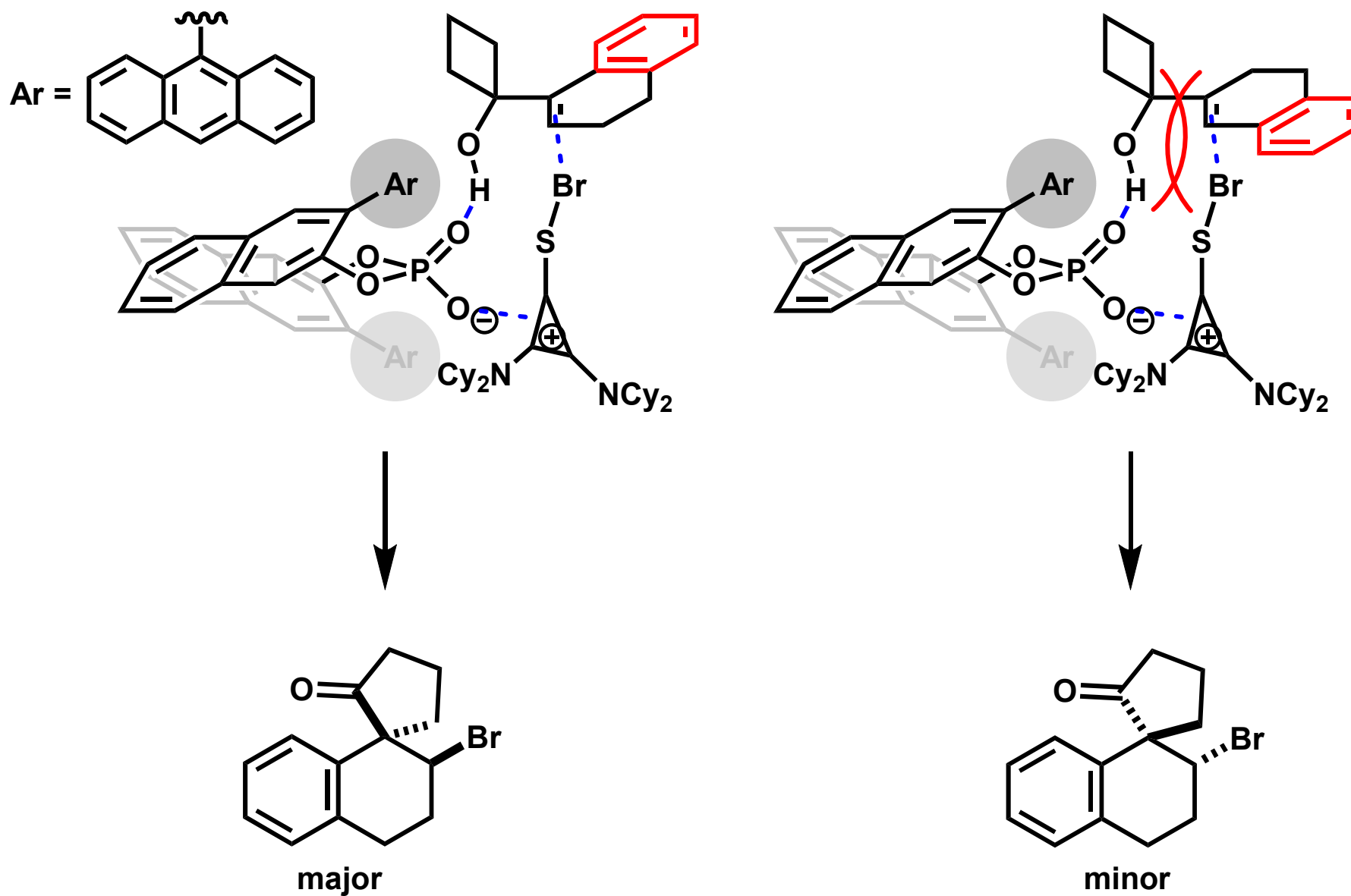


A	B	result
none	none	0%
none	5 mol%	1% (15% ee)
5 mol%	none	2% (0% ee)
5 mol%	5 mol%	80% (76% ee)

Proposed Reaction Mechanism

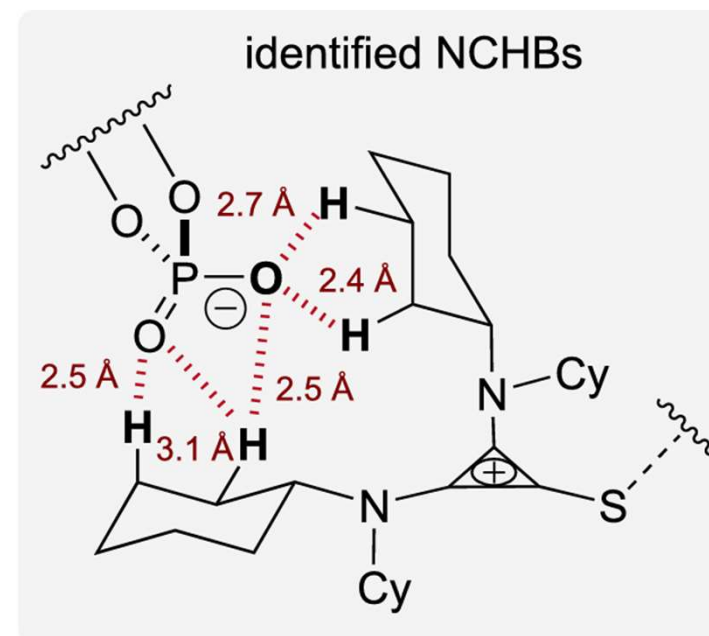
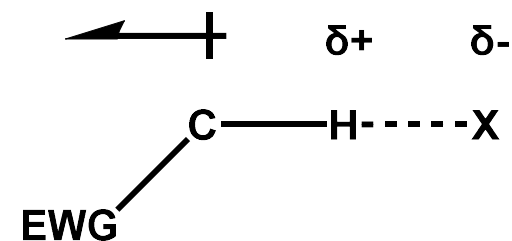
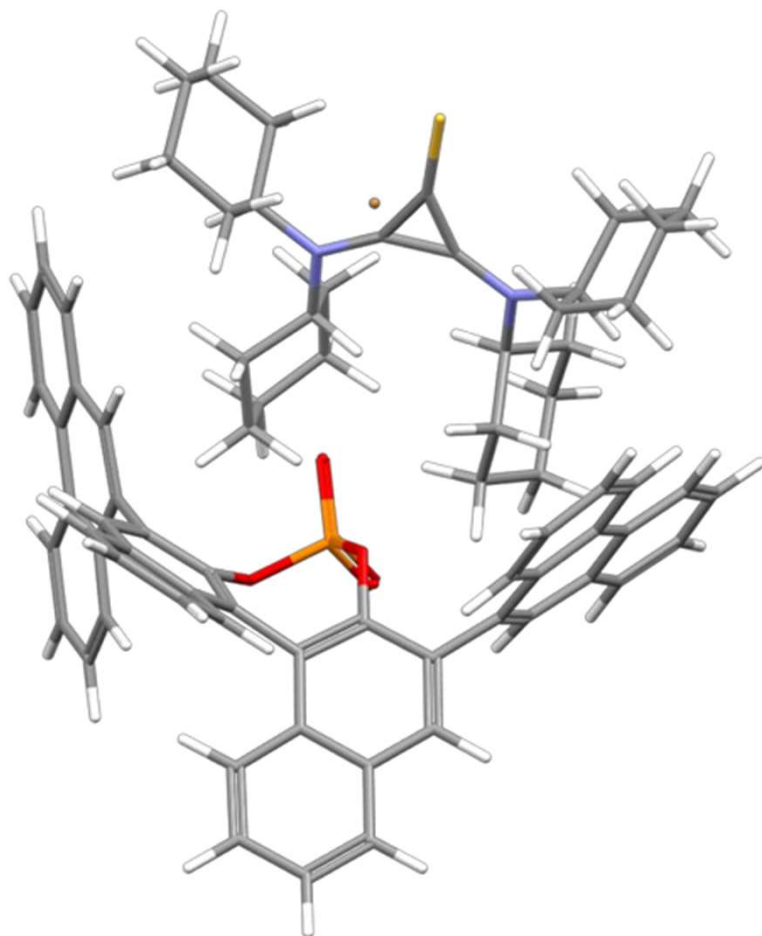


Enantioselectivity



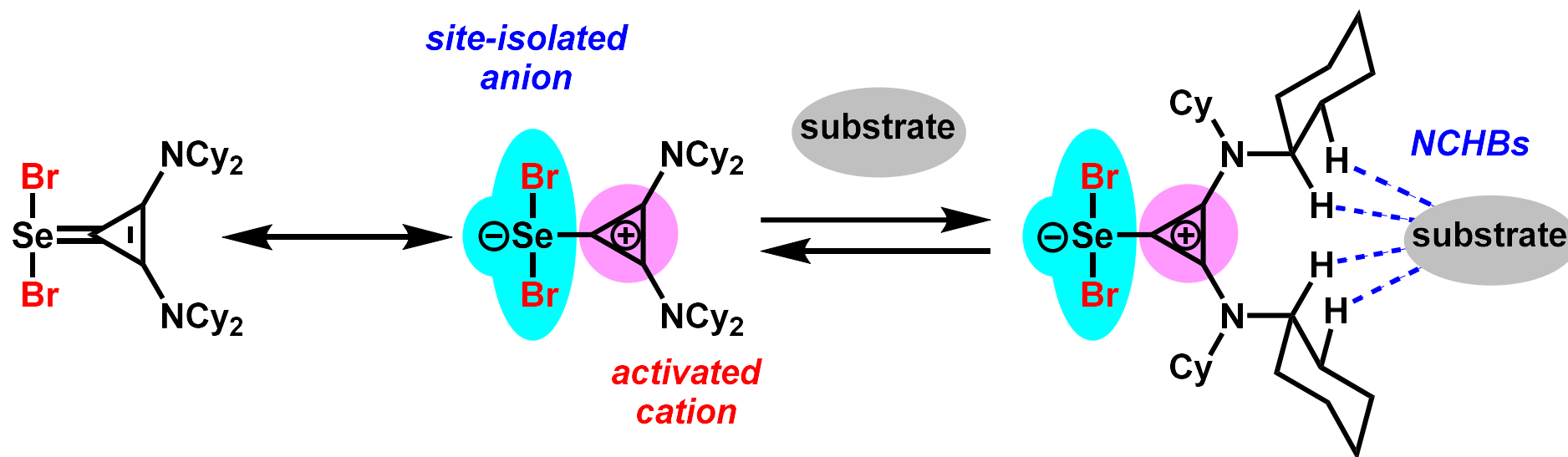
Nonclassical Hydrogen Bonds (NCHBs)

- There seemed to be C–H···X hydrogen bonds induced by the inductive effect of cyclopropenium ion.

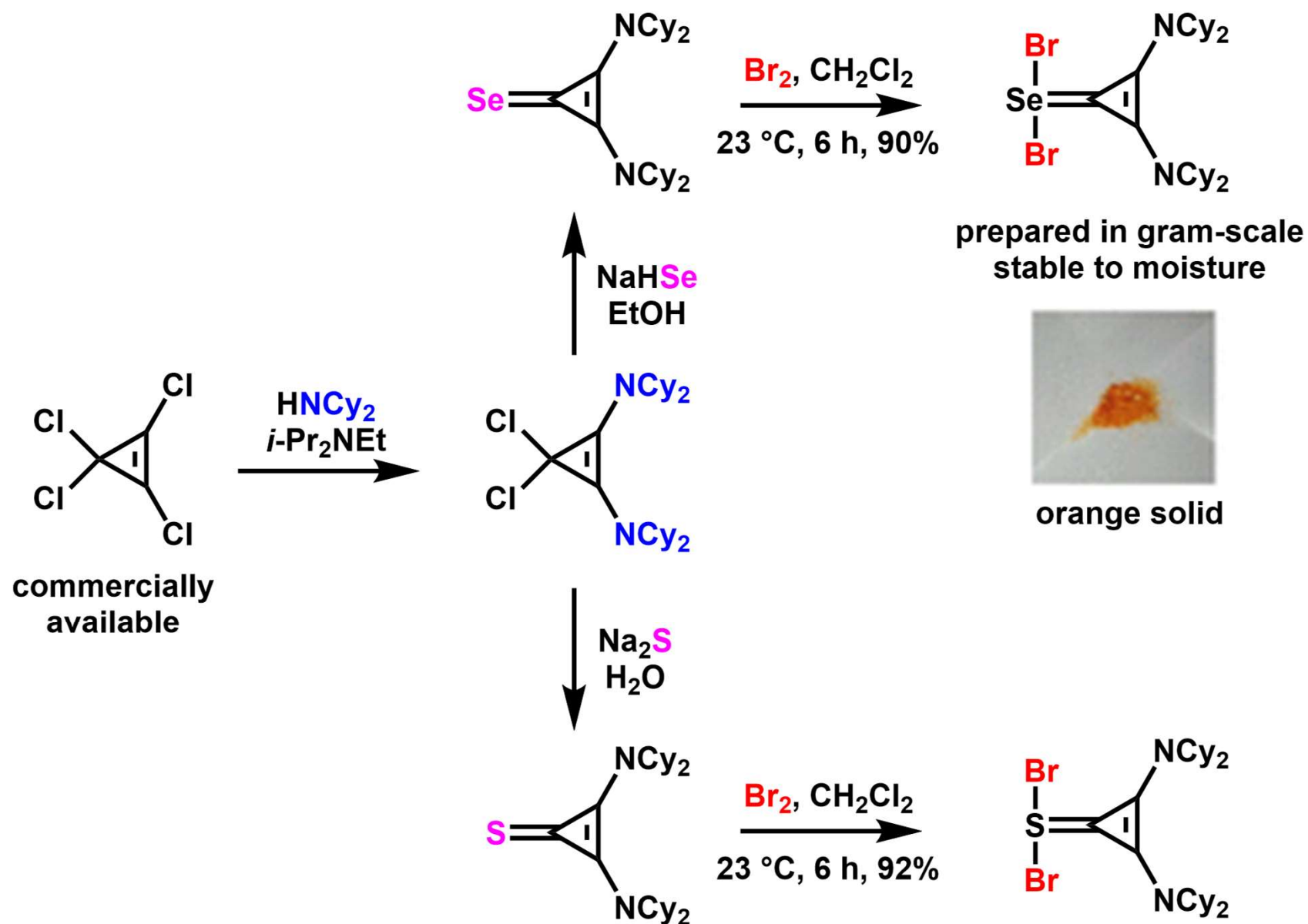


→ It might be important to form several hydrogen bonds although each one is small interaction.

- By introducing Br atom, the catalyst would be more polarized and thus be better for NHCs donor.

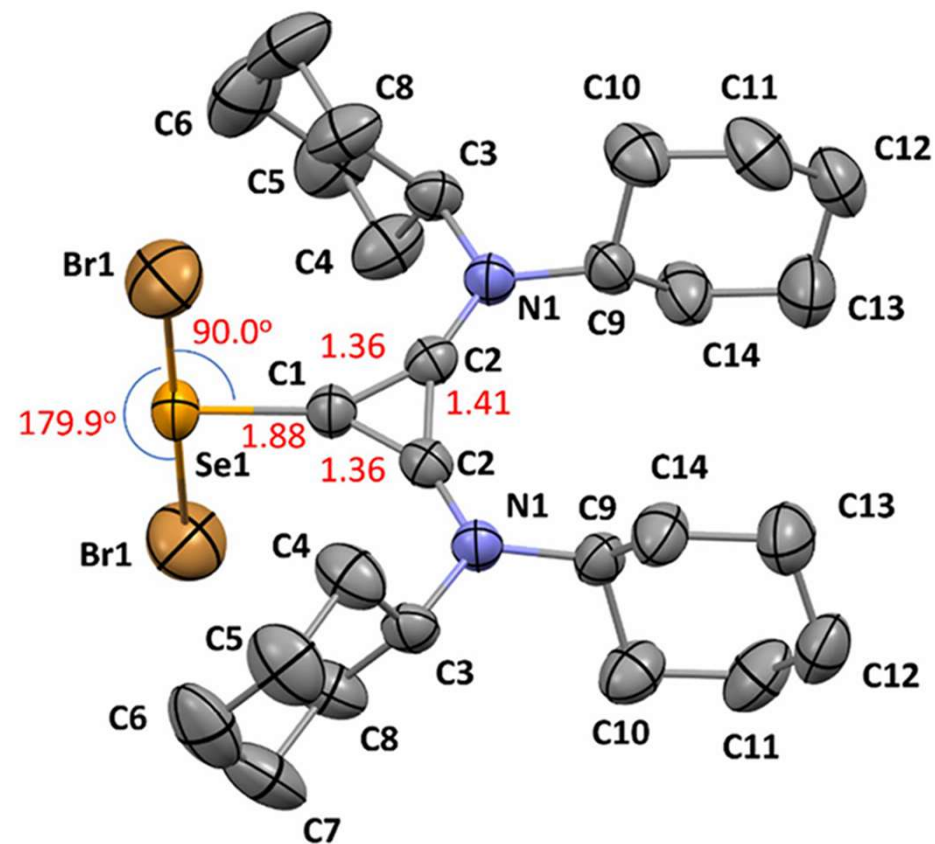
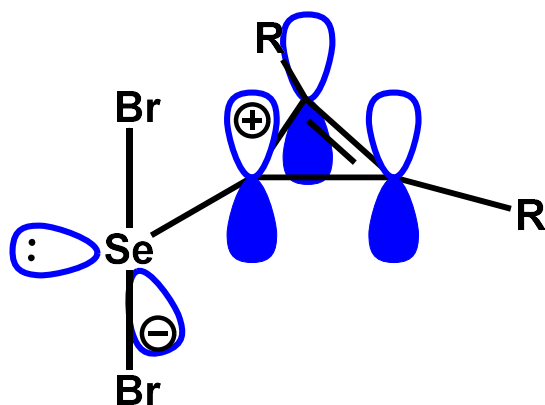
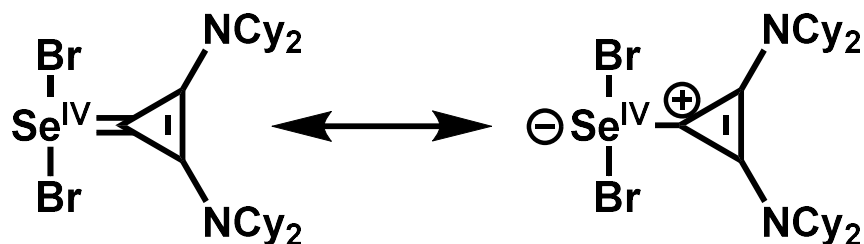


Synthesis of Catalyst



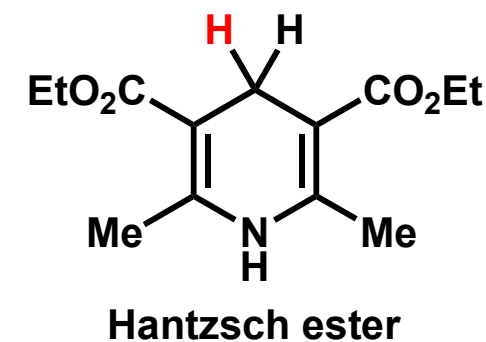
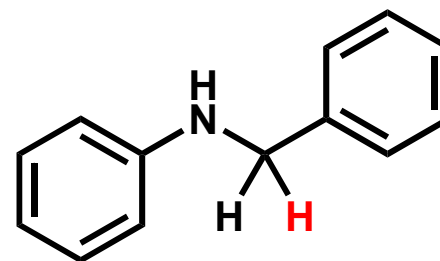
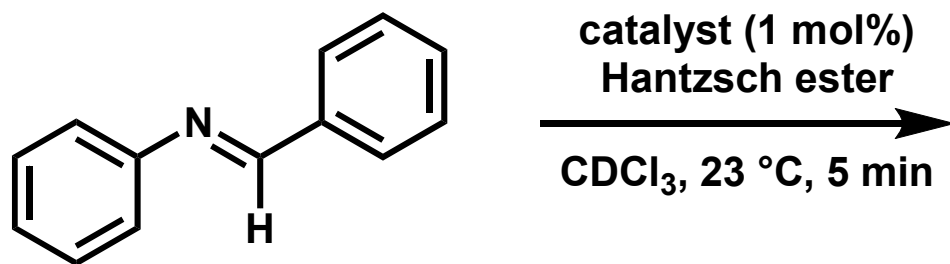
Structure of Catalyst

$^{34}\text{Se}: 1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^{10} 4s^2 4p^4$

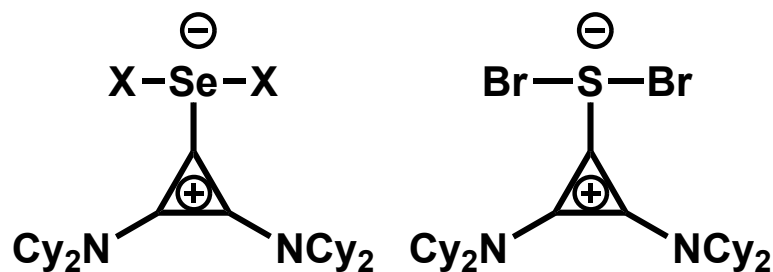


X-ray crystal structure

Hydrogenation of Imine



catalyst:

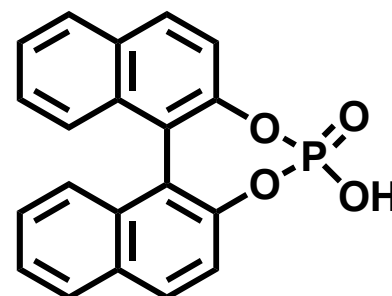


X = Br : 82%

X = Cl : 92%

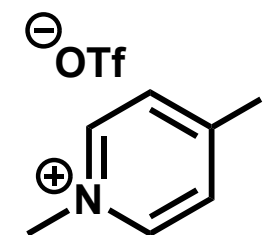
*Cyclopropenium ion
catalysts*

95%



81%

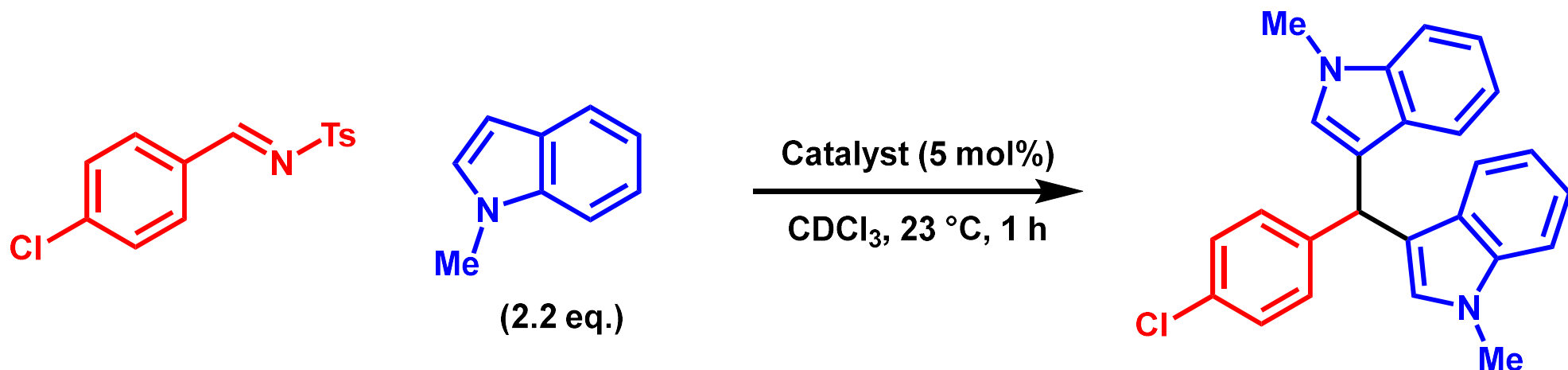
*Hydrogen-bond
catalyst*



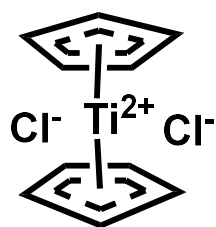
54%

*Halogen-bond
catalyst*

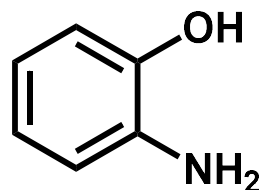
Friedel-Crafts Reaction



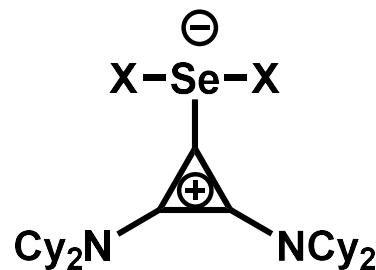
Catalyst:



3 mol%
MeCN, 97%²⁾
Lewis acid

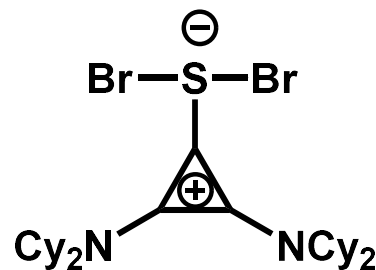


6 mol%

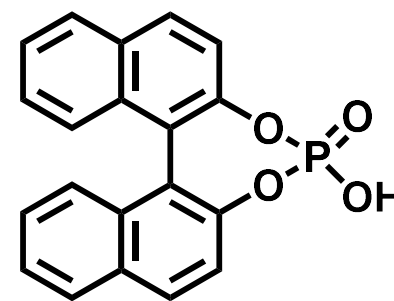


X = Br : 99%
X = Cl : 96%

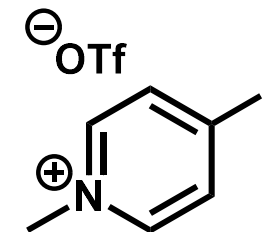
**Cyclopropenium ion
catalysts**



95%



29% (3 h)
**Hydrogen-bond
catalyst**

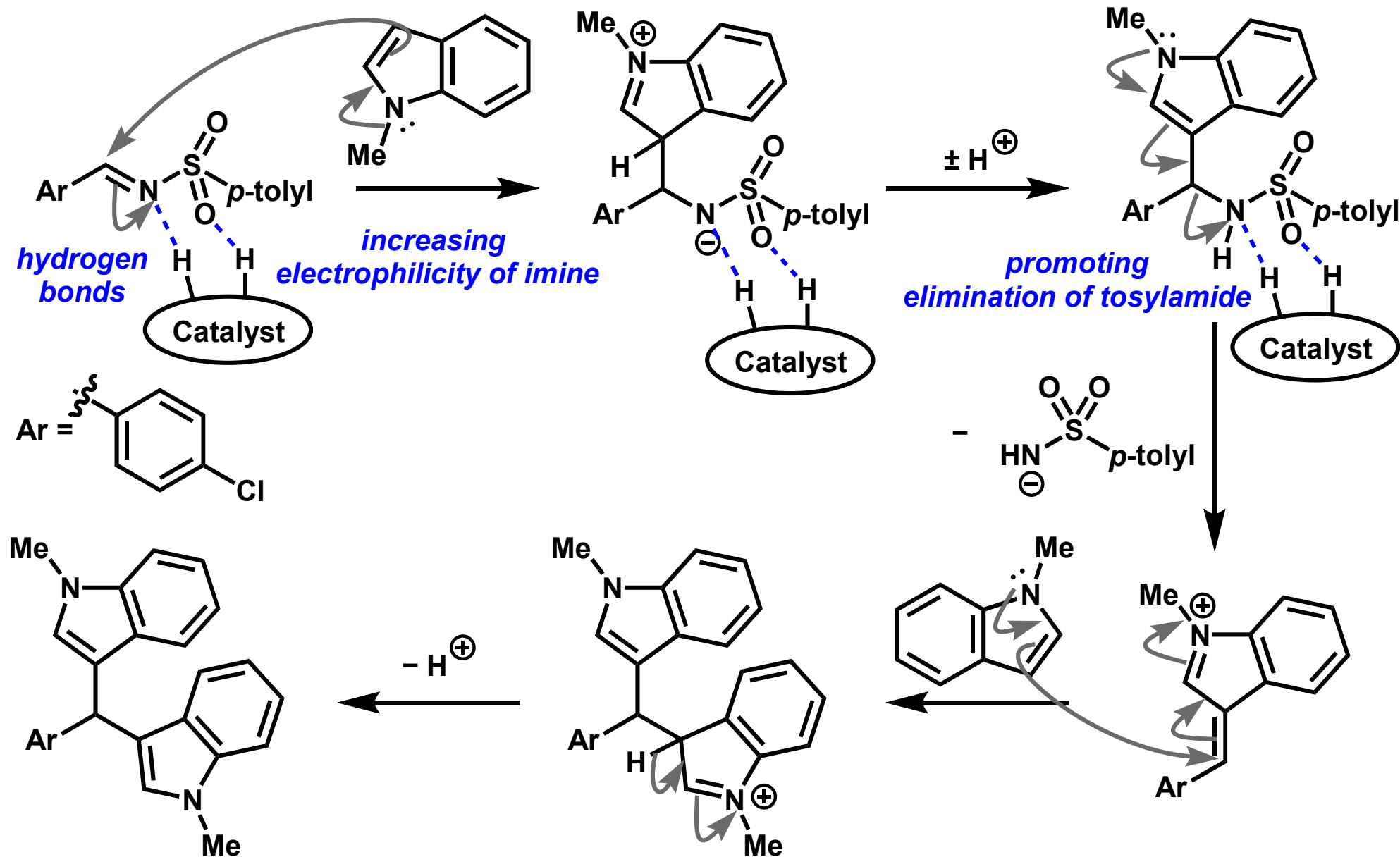


0%
**Halogen-bond
catalyst**

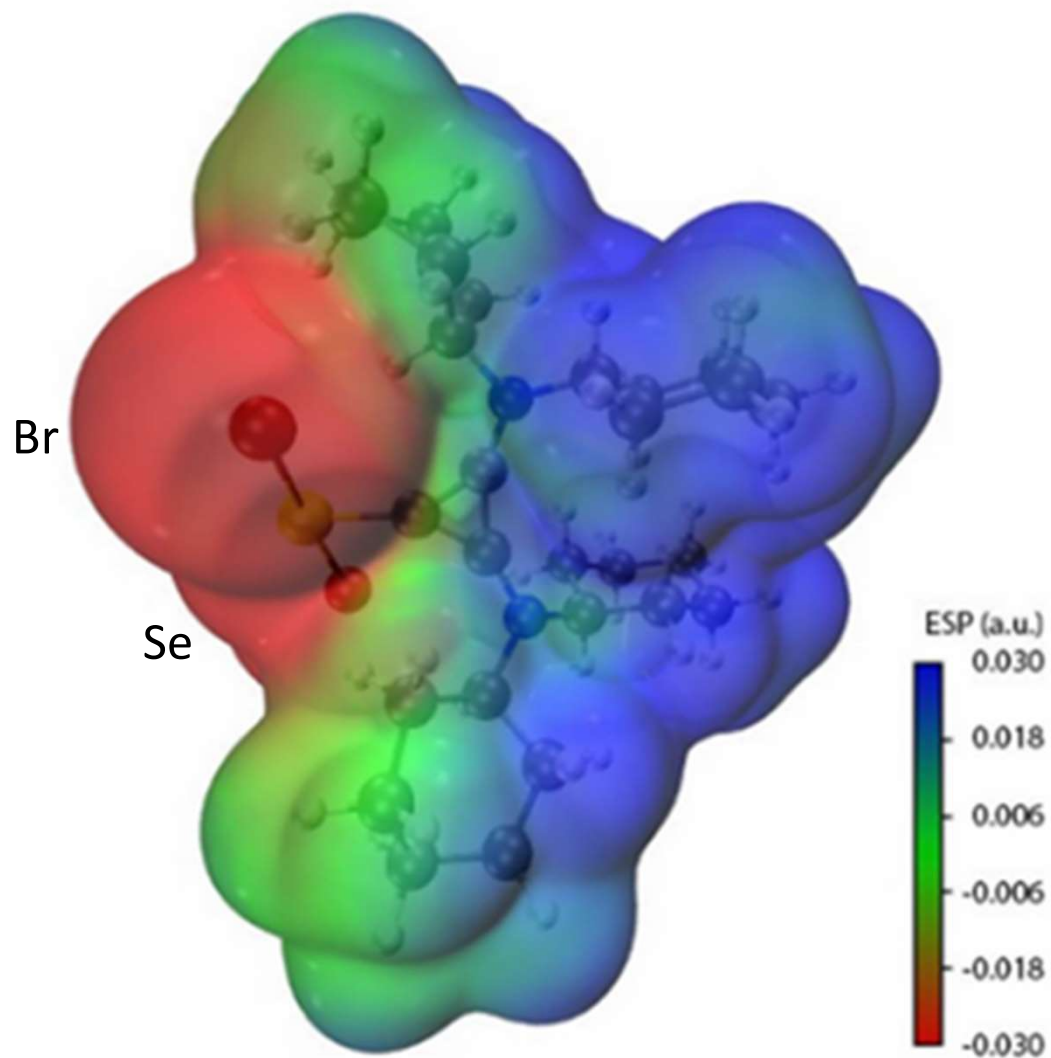
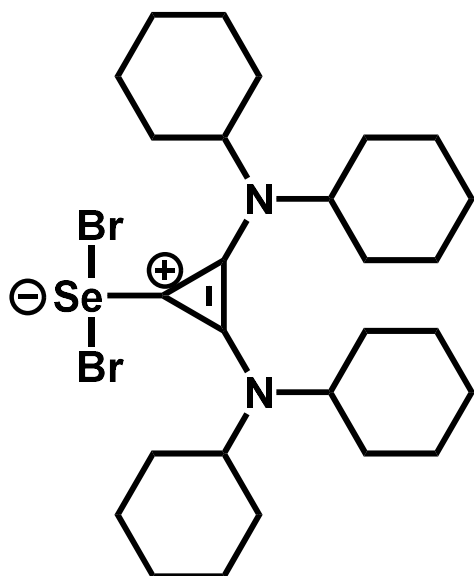
1) Yang, J.; Zhang, Y.; Wang, H.-C. F.; Huang, J.; Tse, Y.-L. S.; Yeung, Y.-Y. *ACS. Catal.* **2024**, *14*, 3018.

2) Xiu Wang, X.; Wang, Z.; Zhang, G.; Zhang, W.; Wu, Y.; Gao, Z. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2016**, 502.

Proposed Reaction Mechanism*



* Reaction mechanism was not mentioned in the literature.

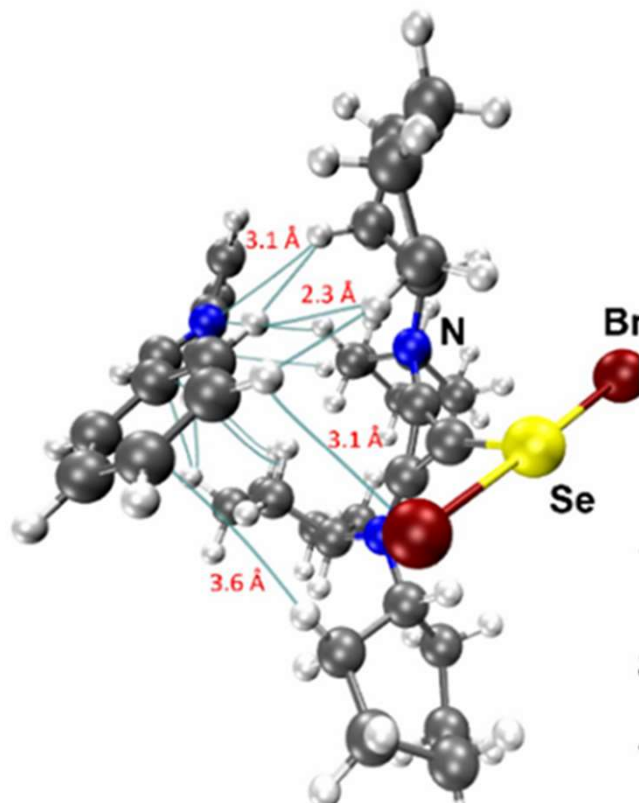
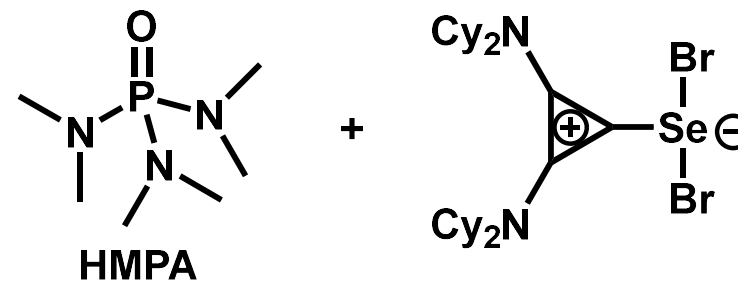
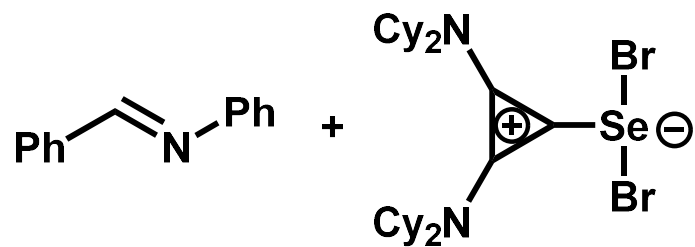


Electrostatic potential (ESP) map

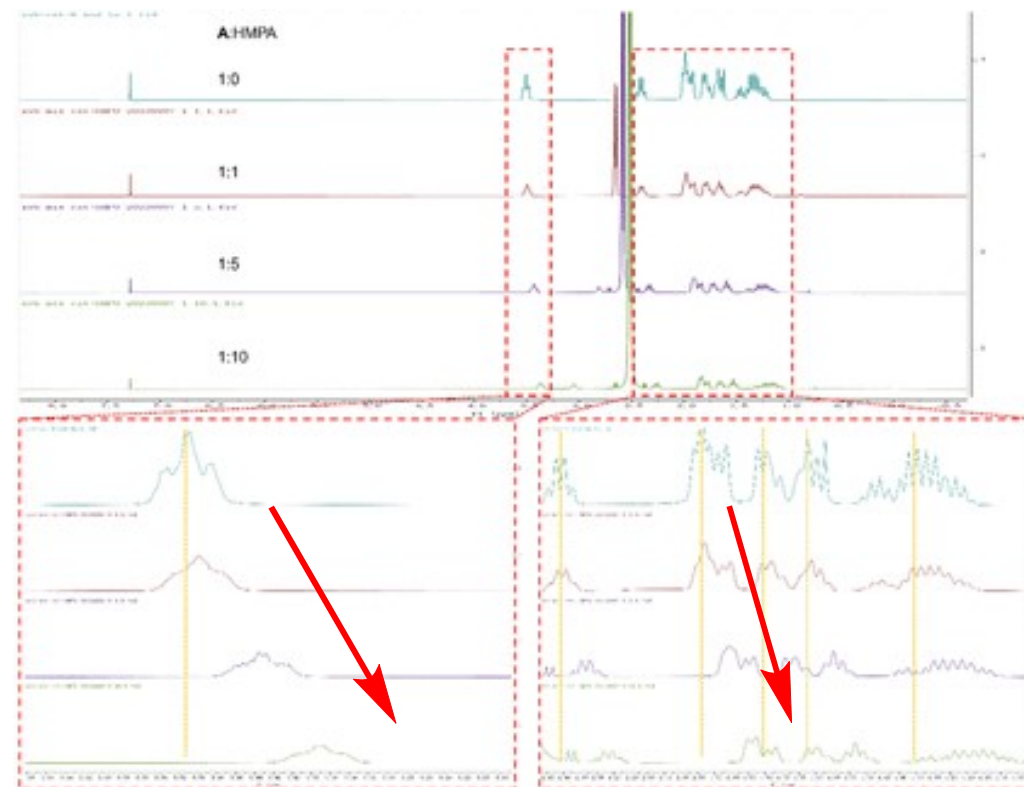
**Negative charge is mainly localized at Br atom.
In contrast, positive regions are found on the cyclohexyl hydrogens.**

The Catalyst Activated Imine by NCHBs

32



Bonding energy = -13.4 kcal/mol



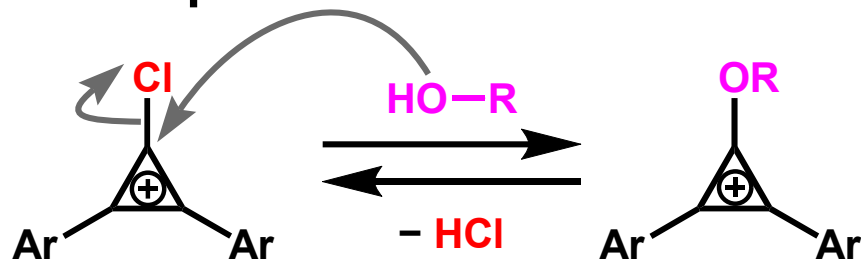
The NMR shift of cyclohexyl C-Hs got up-field as the ratio of HMPA was increased.

→ NCHBs are likely to exist.

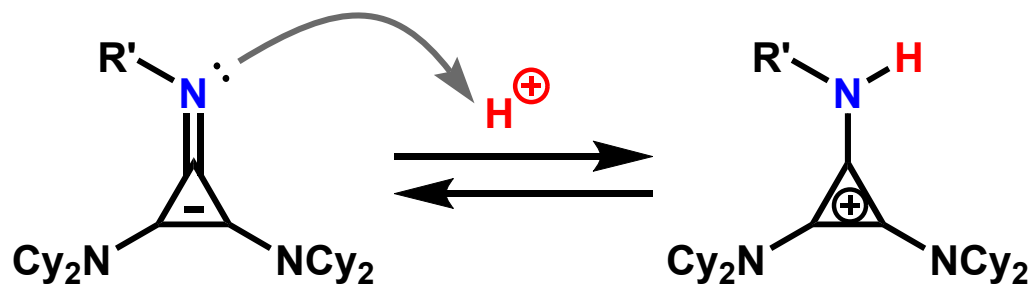
→ Several hydrogen bonds are formed to activate the substrate although each one is small interaction.

Summary

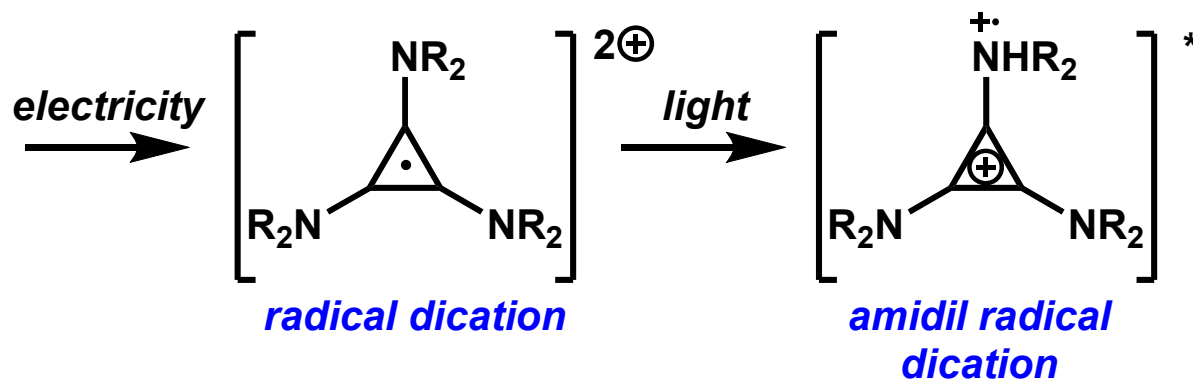
■ Nucleophilic substitution



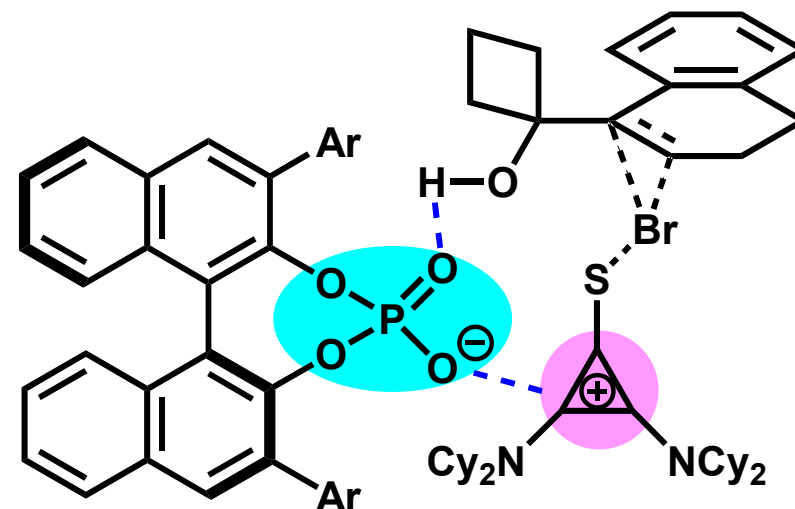
■ Brønsted base



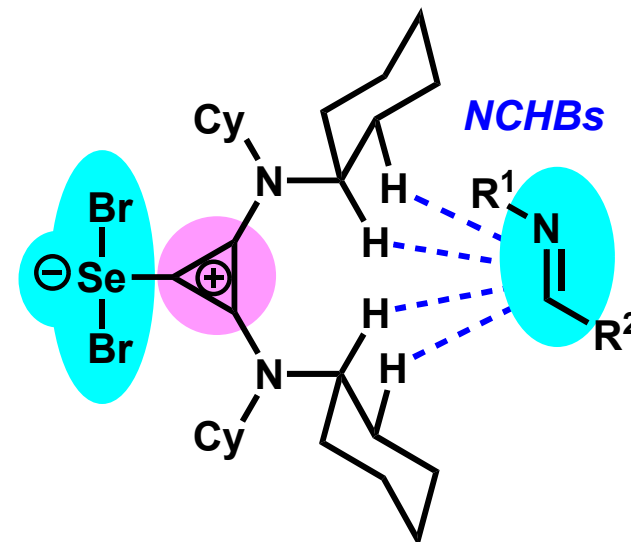
■ Electrophoto-excited radical dication



■ Co-catalyst



■ Nonclassical hydrogen bonds

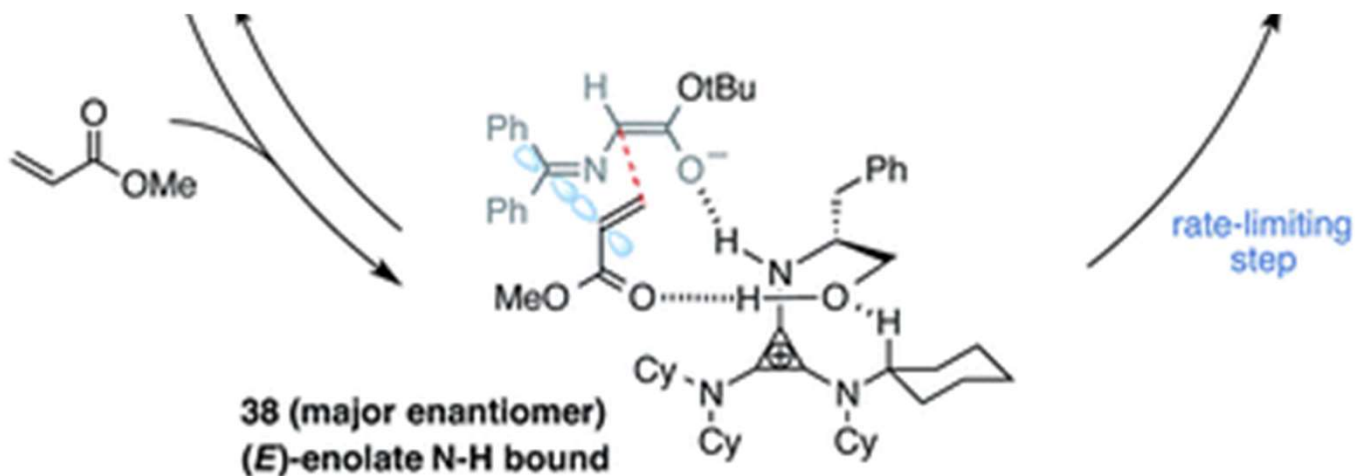


1) Wilson, R. M.; Lambert, T. H. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2022**, *55*, 3057.

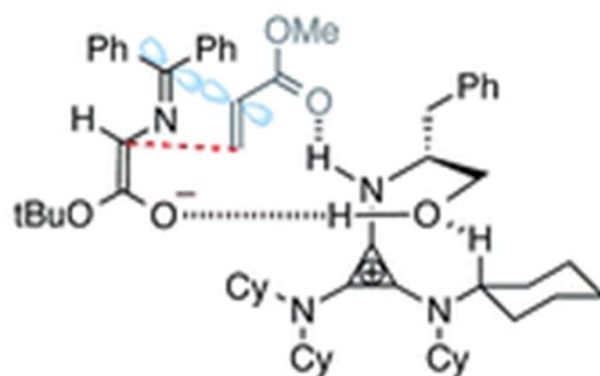
2) Yang, J.; Zhang, Y.; Wang, H.-C. F.; Huang, J.; Tse, Y.-L. S.; Yeung, Y.-Y. *ACS. Catal.* **2024**, *14*, 3018.

Appendix

Explanation of Asymmetric 1,4-Addition

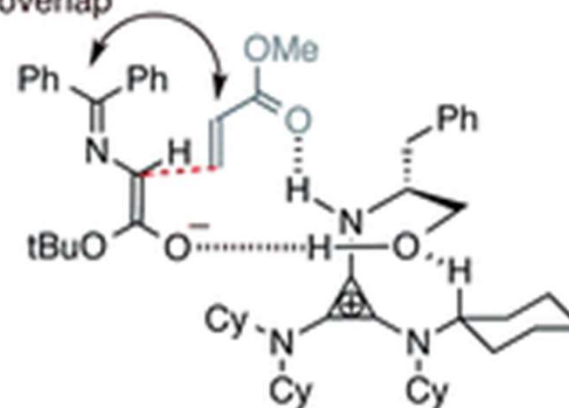


competing transition states



+0.9 Kcal/mol

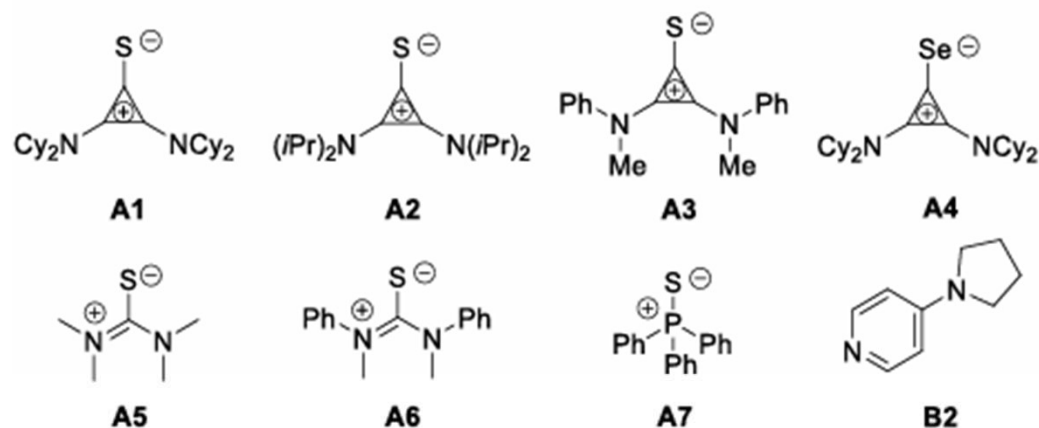
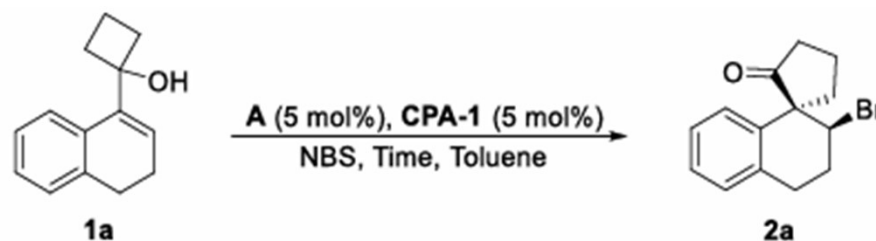
no secondary orbital overlap



+1.7 Kcal/mol

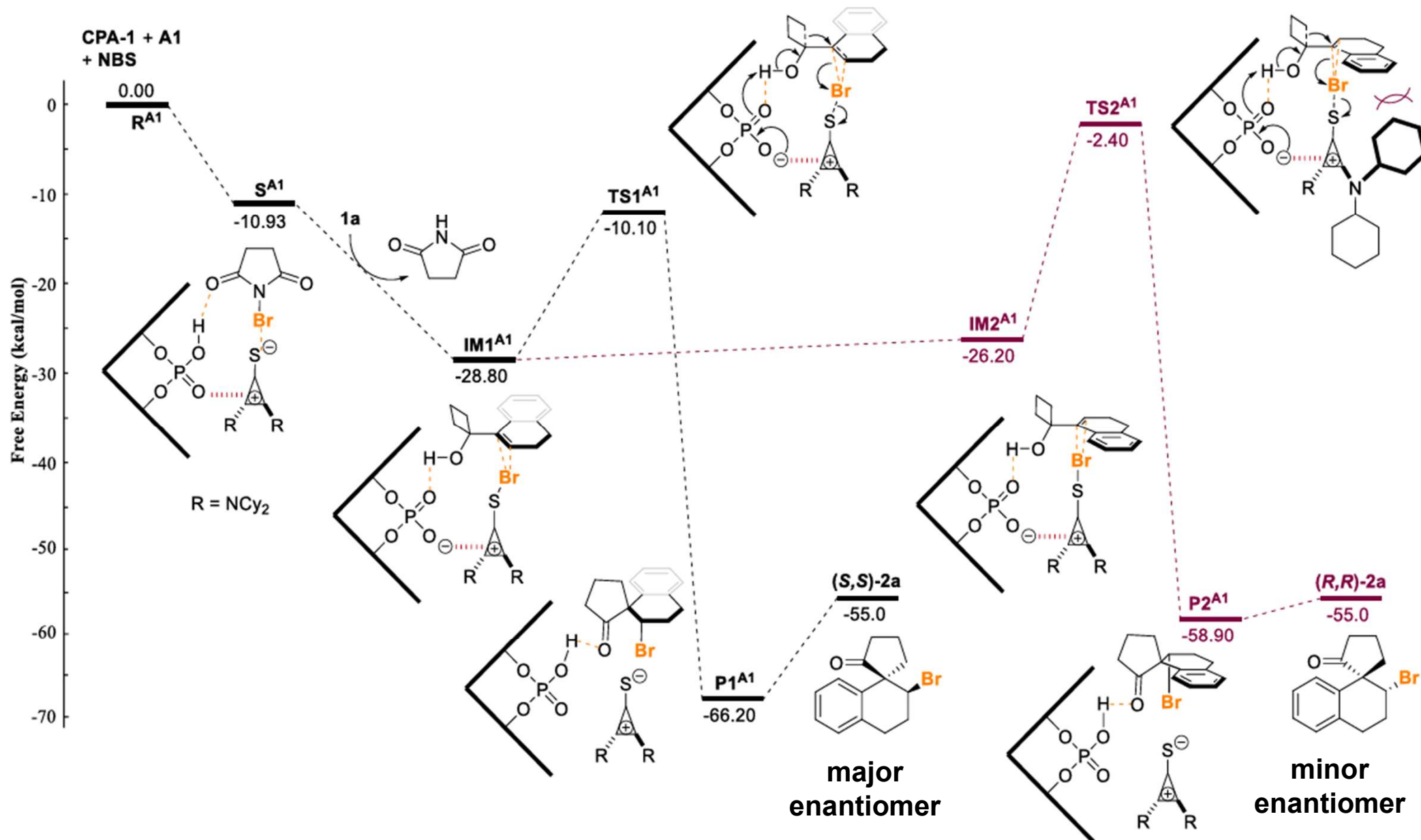
- 1) Bandar, J. S.; Lambert, T. H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2012**, *134*, 5552.
- 2) Bandar, J. S.; Barthelme, A.; Lambert, T. H. *Chem. Sci.* **2015**, *6*, 1537.

Catalyst Investigation of Bromination



Entry	A	Temp (°C)	Time (h)	e.r.
1	-	-40	36	57.5: 42.5
2	A1	-40	36	91.0: 9.0
3	A2	-40	36	75.5: 24.5
4	A3	-40	36	84.0: 16.0
5	A4	-40	36	88.5: 11.5
6	A5	-40	36	70.0: 30.0
7	A6	-40	36	70.0: 30.0
8	A7	-40	36	61.5: 38.5
9	B2	-40	36	72.0: 28.0
10	A1	-60	120	93.5: 6.5
11	A1	-70	120	87.5: 12.5
12	A4	-60	120	95.0: 5.0
13	A4	-70	120	98.5: 1.5

DFT calculation of Bromination

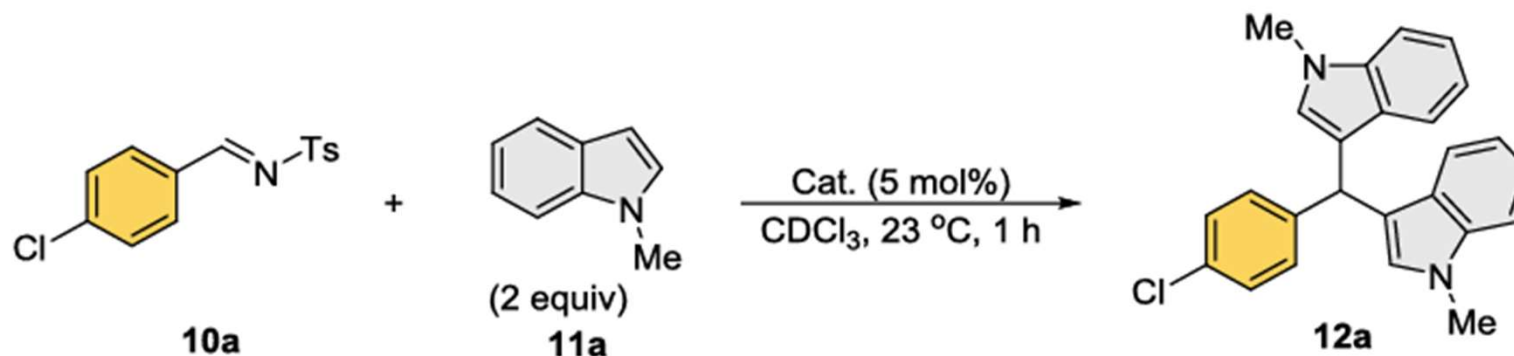


DFT calculation (wB97X-D/def2-TZVP(toluene))

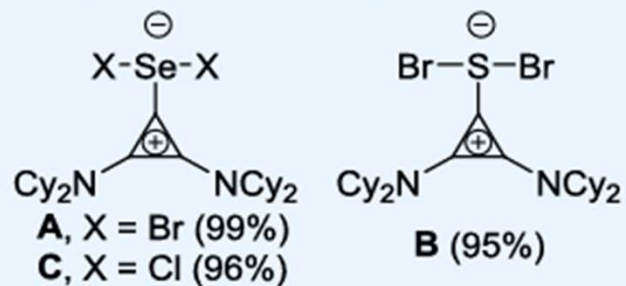
- 1) Zheng, T.; Chen, R.; Huang, J.; Gonçalves, T. B.; Huang, K.-W.; Yeung, Y.-Y. *Chem.* **2023**, *9*, 1255.

Friedel-Crafts Reaction

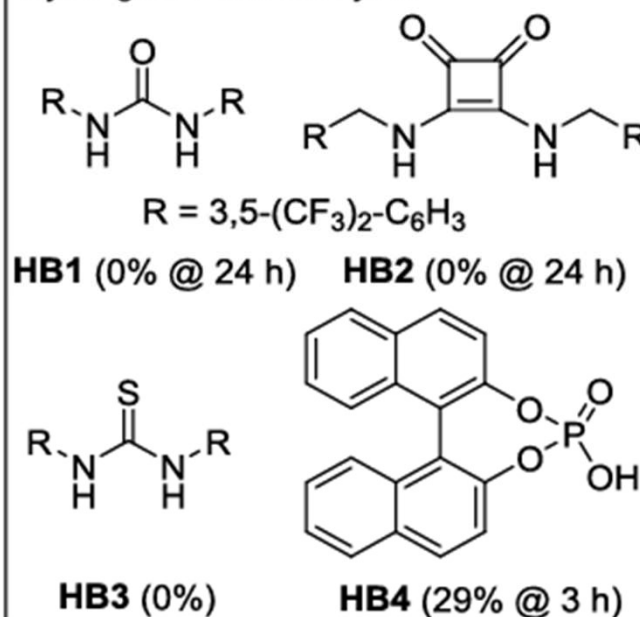
(A)



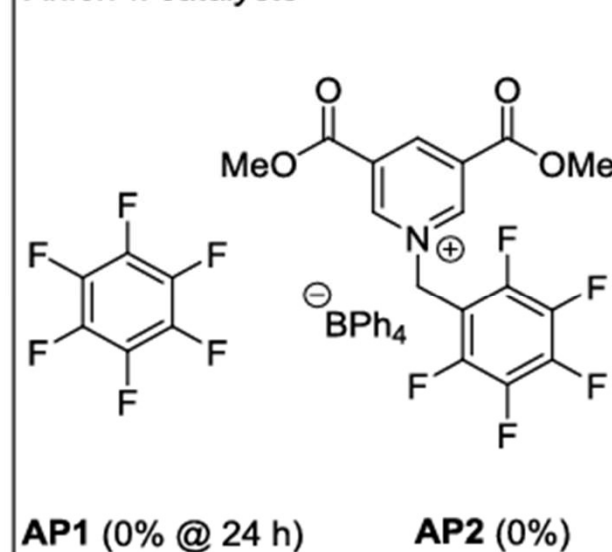
Cyclopropenium chalcogen dibromides



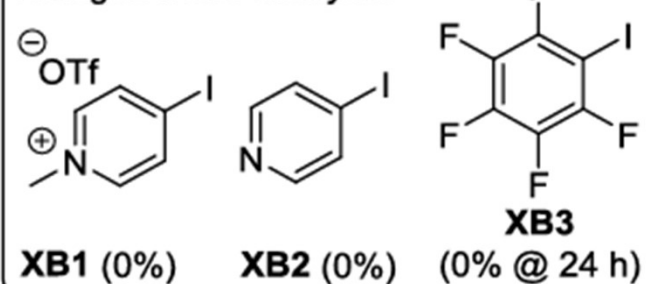
Hydrogen-bond catalysts



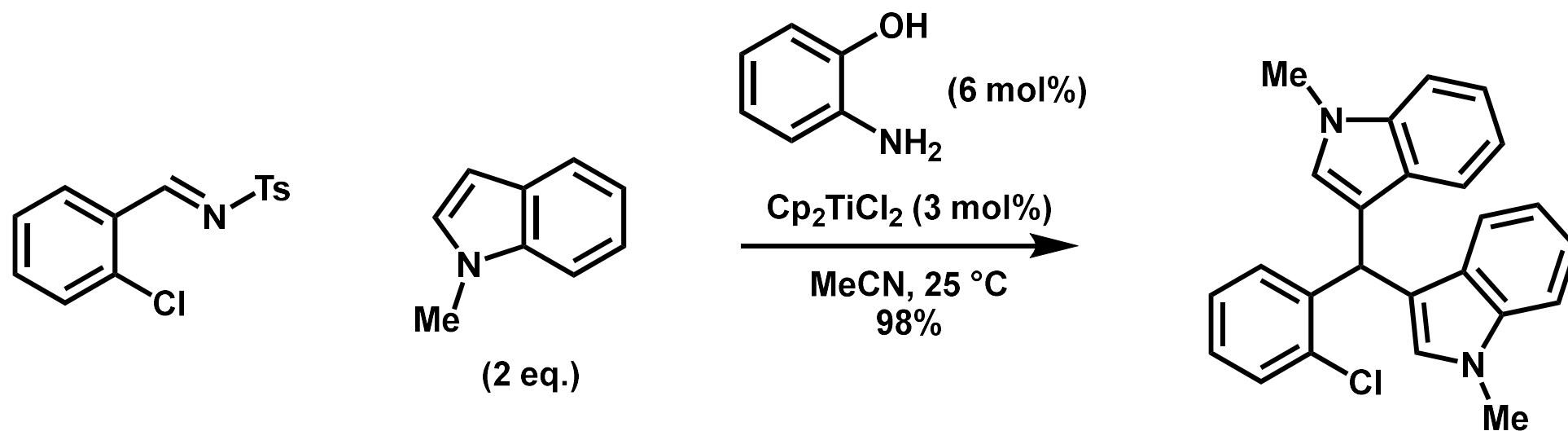
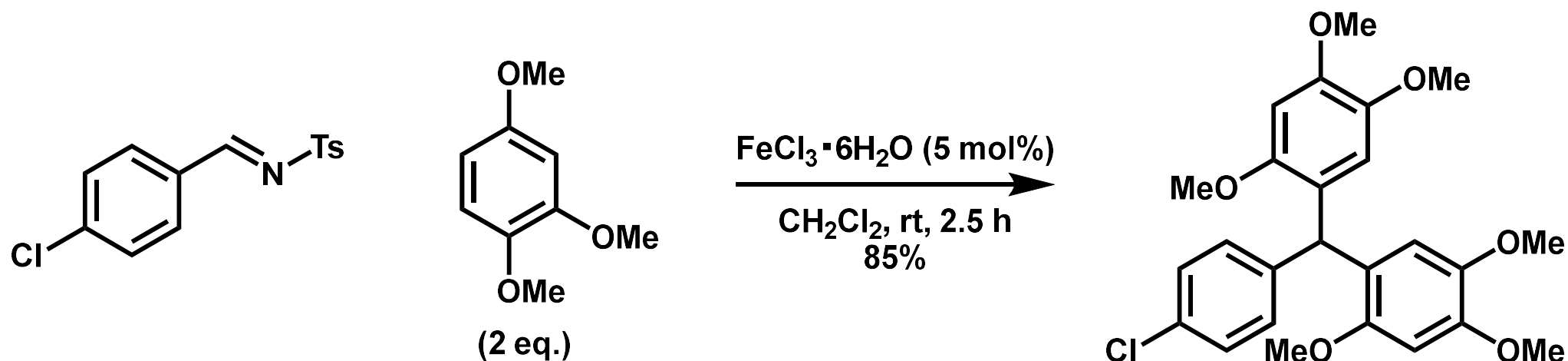
Anion-π catalysts



Halogen-bond catalysts



Friedel-Crafts Reaction with Lewis Acid (1) 39



- 1) Thirupathi, P.; Kim, S. S. *J. Org. Chem.* **2010**, *75*, 5240.
- 2) Xiu Wang, X.; Wang, Z.; Zhang, G.; Zhang, W.; Wu, Y.; Gao, Z. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2016**, 502.

Friedel-Crafts Reaction with Lewis Acid (2) 40

