

Synthetic methodology for Tetrodotoxin

Literature Seminar

2017/9/30

Takahiro Watanabe

Contents

1. Introduction

2. Introduction of stereocenters of Tetrodotoxin (TTX)

2-1. Kishi's total synthesis of (\pm)-TTX (first, 1972)

2-2. Fukuyama's total synthesis of (–)-TTX (the latest, 2017)

3. Johnson's study (2017, main paper)

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Introduction: Tetrodotoxin

Isolation

from pufferfish (*Spheroides rubripes*)

Biological activity

potent inhibitor of voltage-gated sodium channels (Na_vs)

Structure

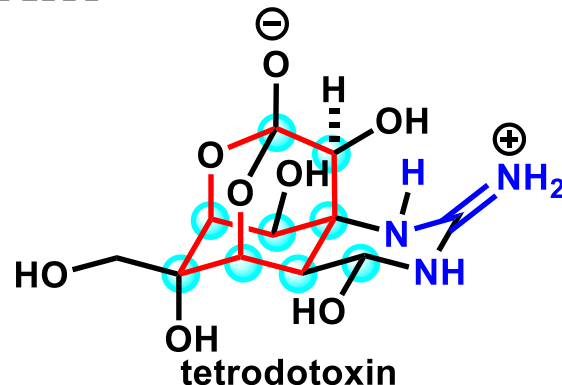
polyfunctionalized dioxadamantane skeleton with nine contiguous stereogenic centers

cyclic guanidine containing a hemiaminal moiety

Total synthesis (five group)

racemic: Kishi (1972), Sato (2005)

enantioselective: Isobe (2003, 2004), Du Bois (2003), Sato (2008, 2010), Fukuyama (2017)



Kishi, Y.; Nakatsubo, F.; Aratani, M.; Goto, T.; Inoue, S.; Kakoi, H.; Sugiura, S. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1970**, 11, 5127.

Kishi, Y.; Nakatsubo, F.; Aratani, M.; Goto, T.; Inoue, S.; Kakoi, H. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1970**, 11, 5129.

Kishi, Y.; Aratani, M.; Fukuyama, T.; Nakatubo, F.; Goto, T.; Inoue, S.; Tanino, H.; Sugiura, S.; Kakoi, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1972**, 94, 9217.

Kishi, Y.; Fukuyama, T.; Aratani, M.; Nakatubo, F.; Goto, T.; Inoue, S.; Tanino, H.; Sugiura, S.; Kakoi, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1972**, 94, 9219.

Ohyabu, N.; Nishikawa, T.; Isobe, M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2003**, 125, 8798.

Nishikawa, T.; Urabe, D.; Isobe, M. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* **2004**, 43, 4782.

Hinman, A.; Du Bois, J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2003**, 125, 11510.

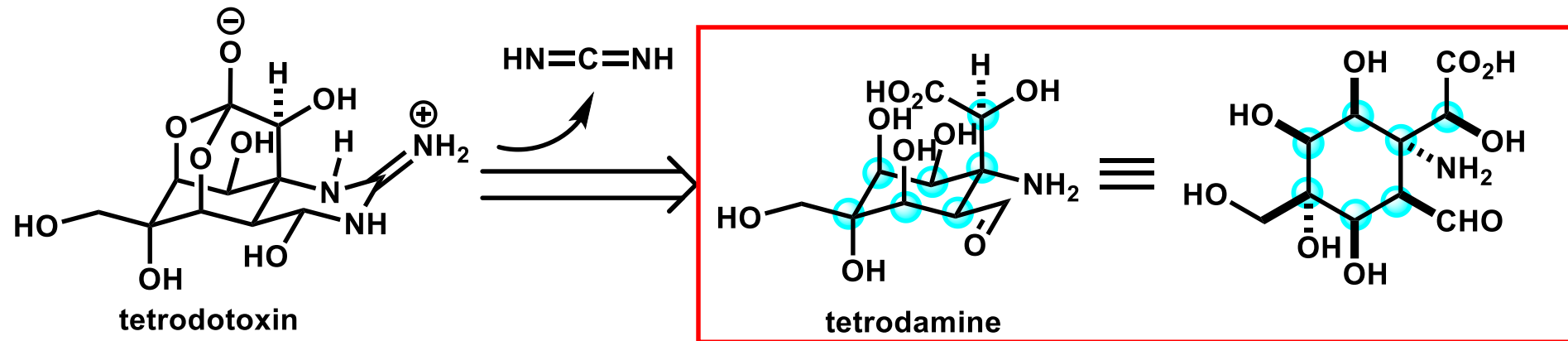
Sato, K.; Akai, S.; Sugita, N.; Ohsawa, T.; Kogure, T.; Shoji, H.; Yoshimura, J. *J. Org. Chem.* **2005**, 70, 7496.

Sato, K.; Akai, S.; Shoji, H.; Sugita, N.; Yoshida, S.; Nagai, Y.; Suzuki, K.; Nakamura, Y.; Kajihara, Y.; Funabashi, M.; Yoshimura, J. *J. Org. Chem.* **2008**, 73, 1234.

Akai, S.; Seki, H.; Sugita, N.; Kogure, T.; Nishizawa, N.; Suzuki, K.; Nakamura, Y.; Kajihara, Y.; Yoshimura, J.; Sato, K. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **2010**, 83, 279.

Maehara, T.; Motoyama, K.; Toma, T.; Yokoshima, S.; Fukuyama, T. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* **2017**, 56, 1549.

Common conceptual target



Contents

1. Introduction

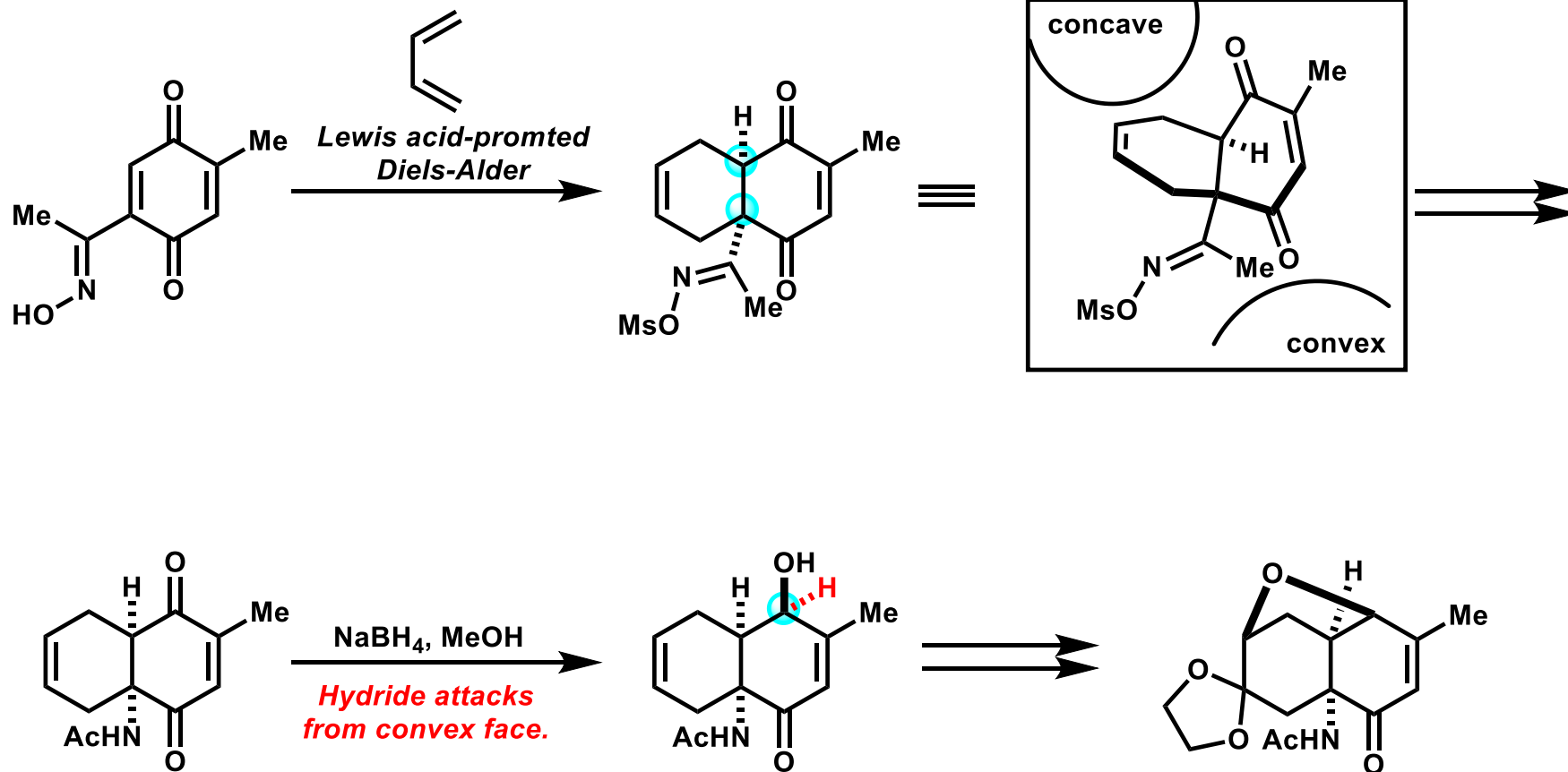
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Kishi's approach

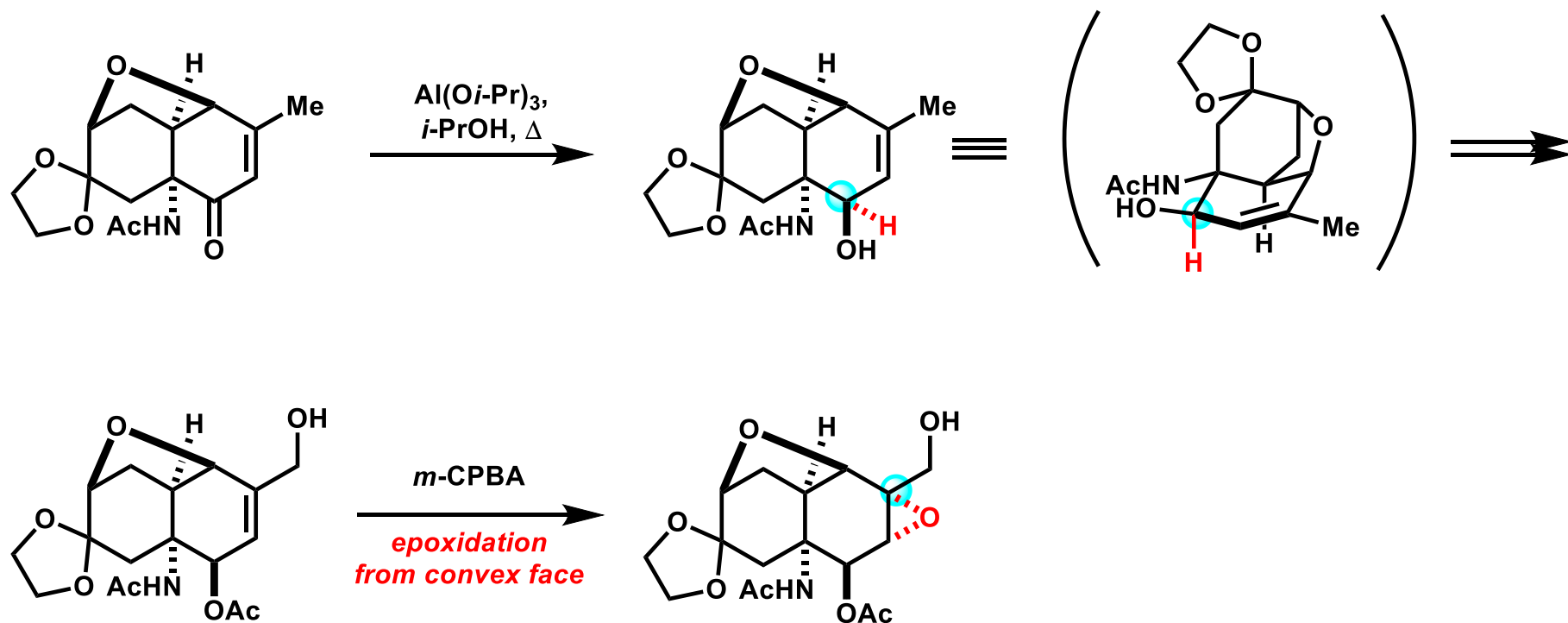


Kishi, Y.; Nakatsubo, F.; Aratani, M.; Goto, T.; Inoue, S.; Kakoi, H.; Sugiura, S. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1970**, 11, 5127.

Kishi, Y.; Nakatsubo, F.; Aratani, M.; Goto, T.; Inoue, S.; Kakoi, H. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1970**, 11, 5129.

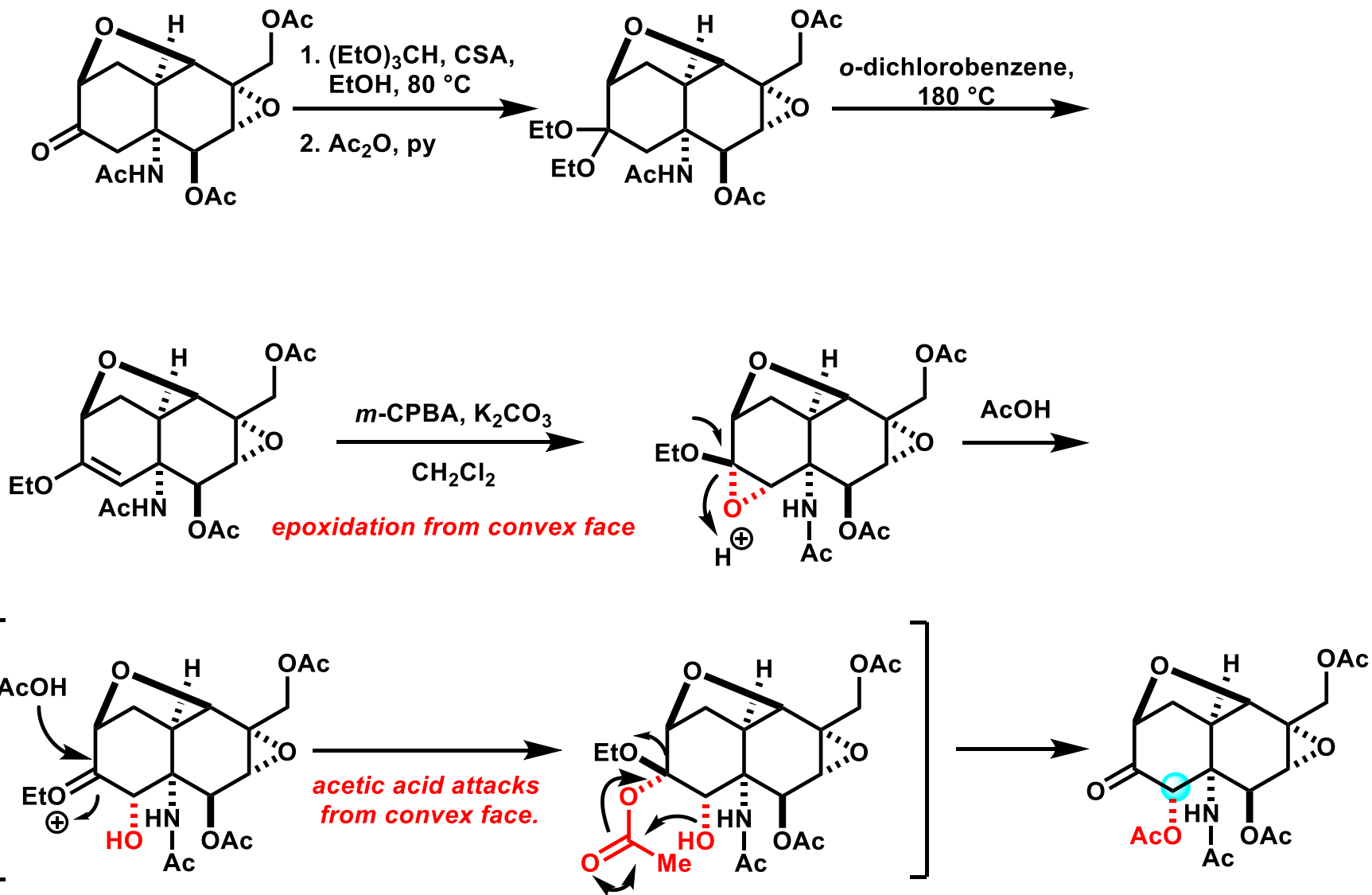
Kishi, Y.; Aratani, M.; Fukuyama, T.; Nakatubo, F.; Goto, T.; Inoue, S.; Tanino, H.; Sugiura, S.; Kakoi, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1972**, 94, 9217.

Kishi's approach

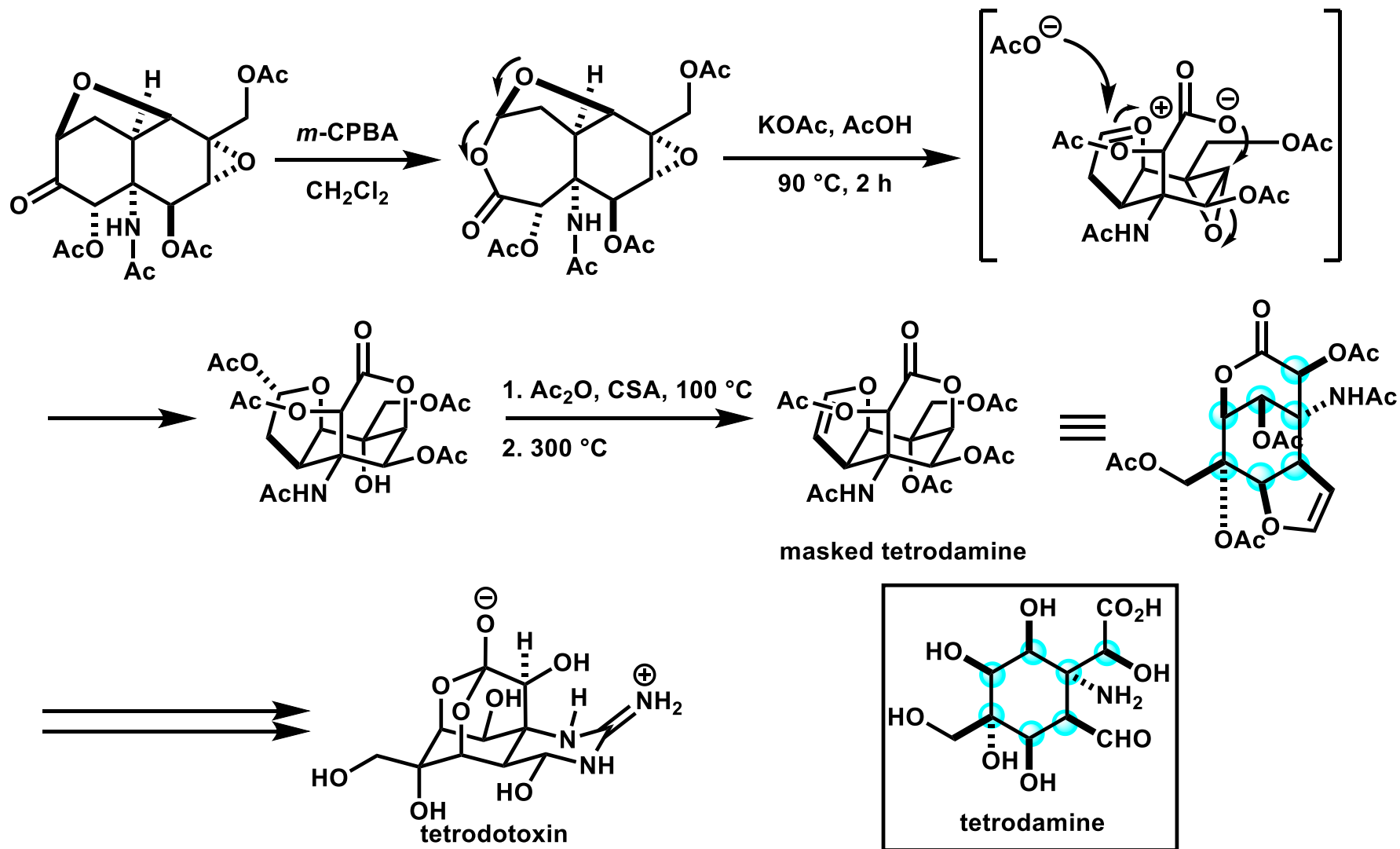


Kishi, Y.; Aratani, M.; Fukuyama, T.; Nakatubo, F.; Goto, T.; Inoue, S.; Tanino, H.; Sugiura, S.; Kakoi, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1972**, *94*, 9217.

Kishi's approach



Kishi's approach



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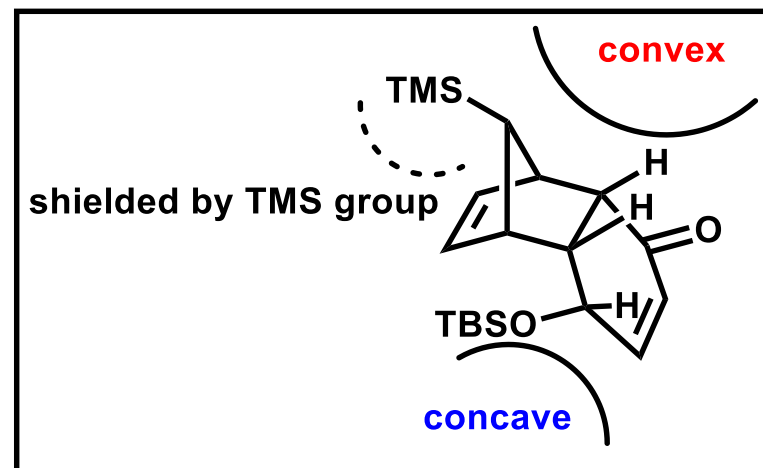
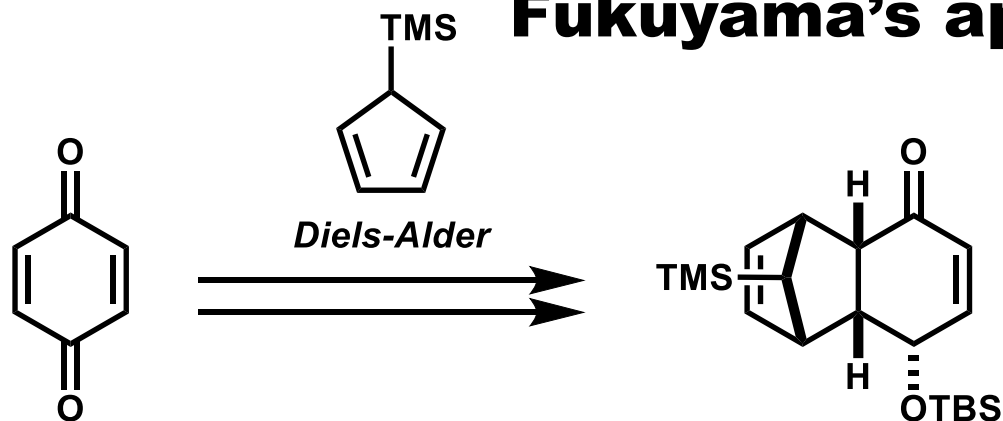
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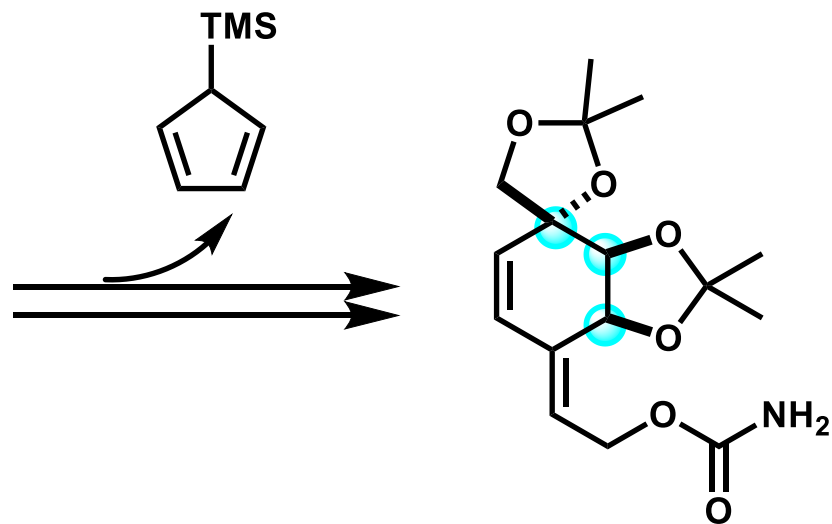
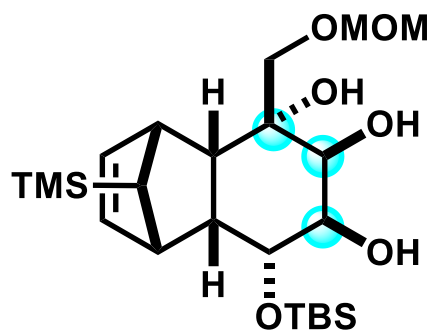
Fukuyama's approach



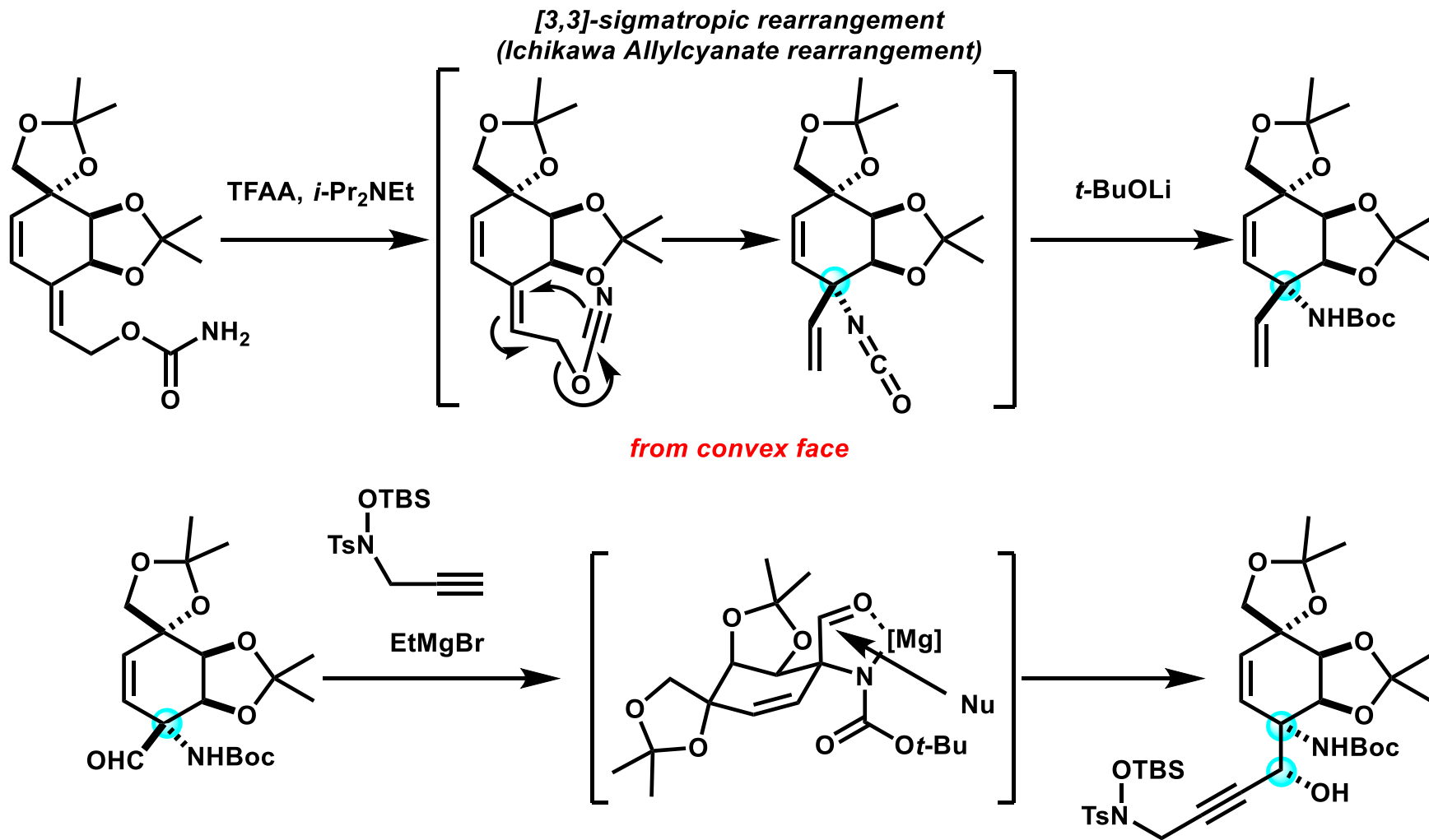
1,2-addition of hydroxymethyl
equivalent
dihydroxylation



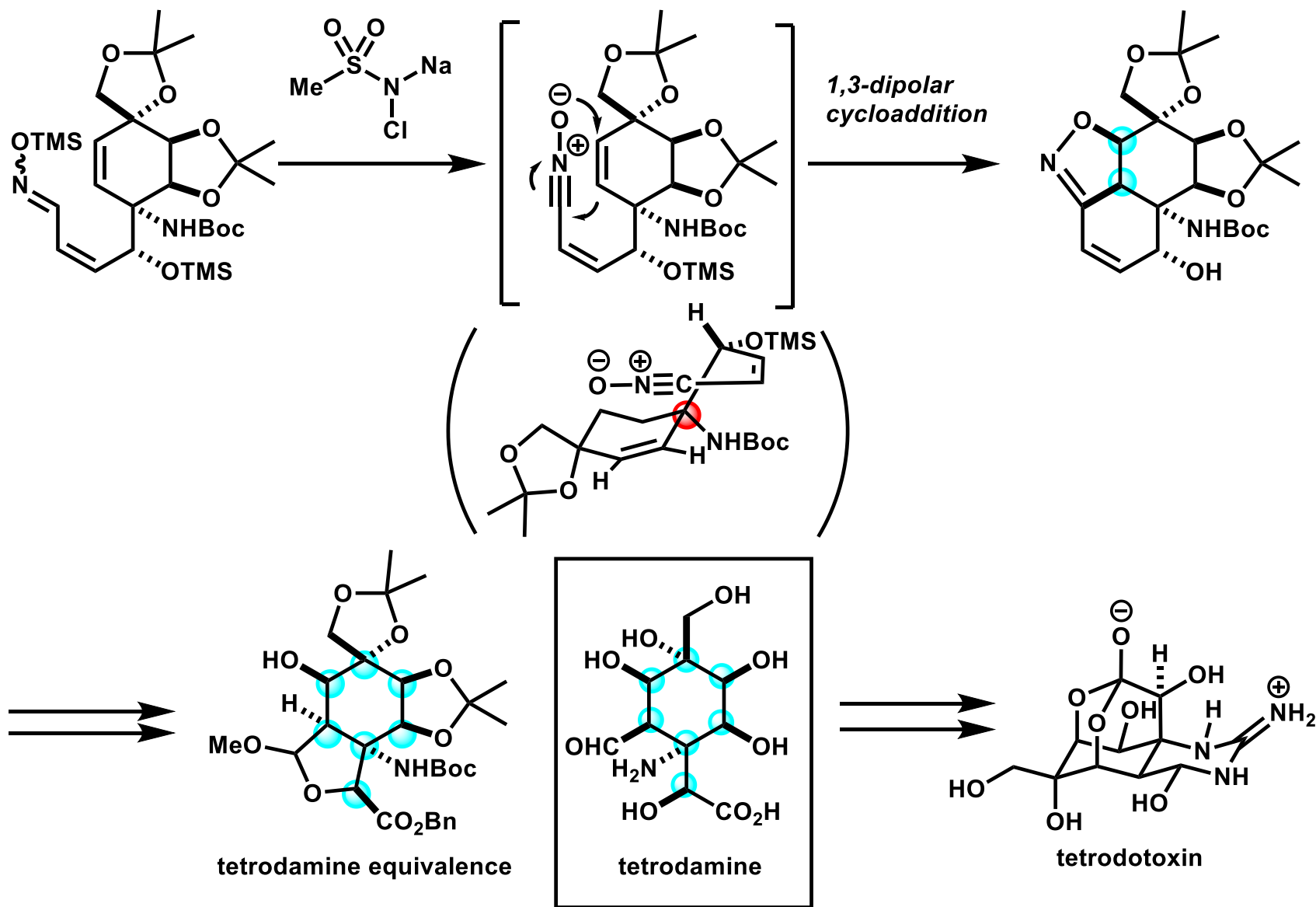
from convex face



Fukuyama's approach



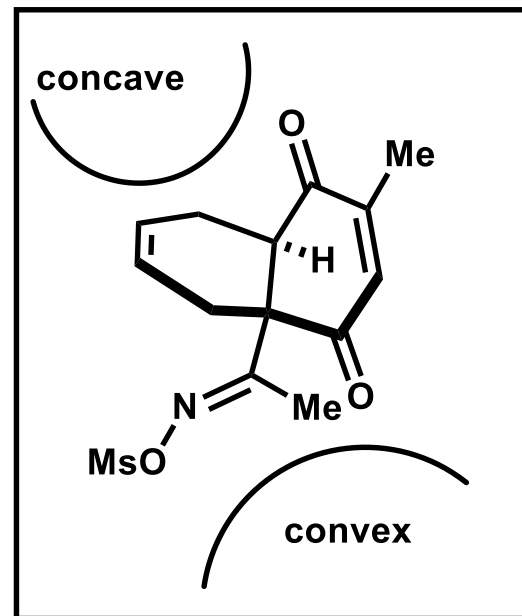
Fukuyama's approach



Short summary

Kishi

- Use of Diels-Alder reaction in the early stage
- > determine convex/concave face
- introduction of stereocenters **one by one**



Fukuyama

- Diels-Alder -> [3,3]-sigmatropic rearrangement (rearrangement occurs from convex face.)
- > 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition
- Introduction of two stereocenters **at once** by dihydroxylation and 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition (total four stereocenters)

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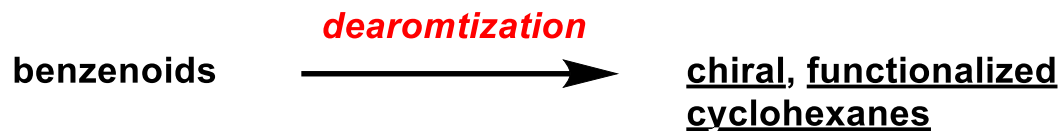
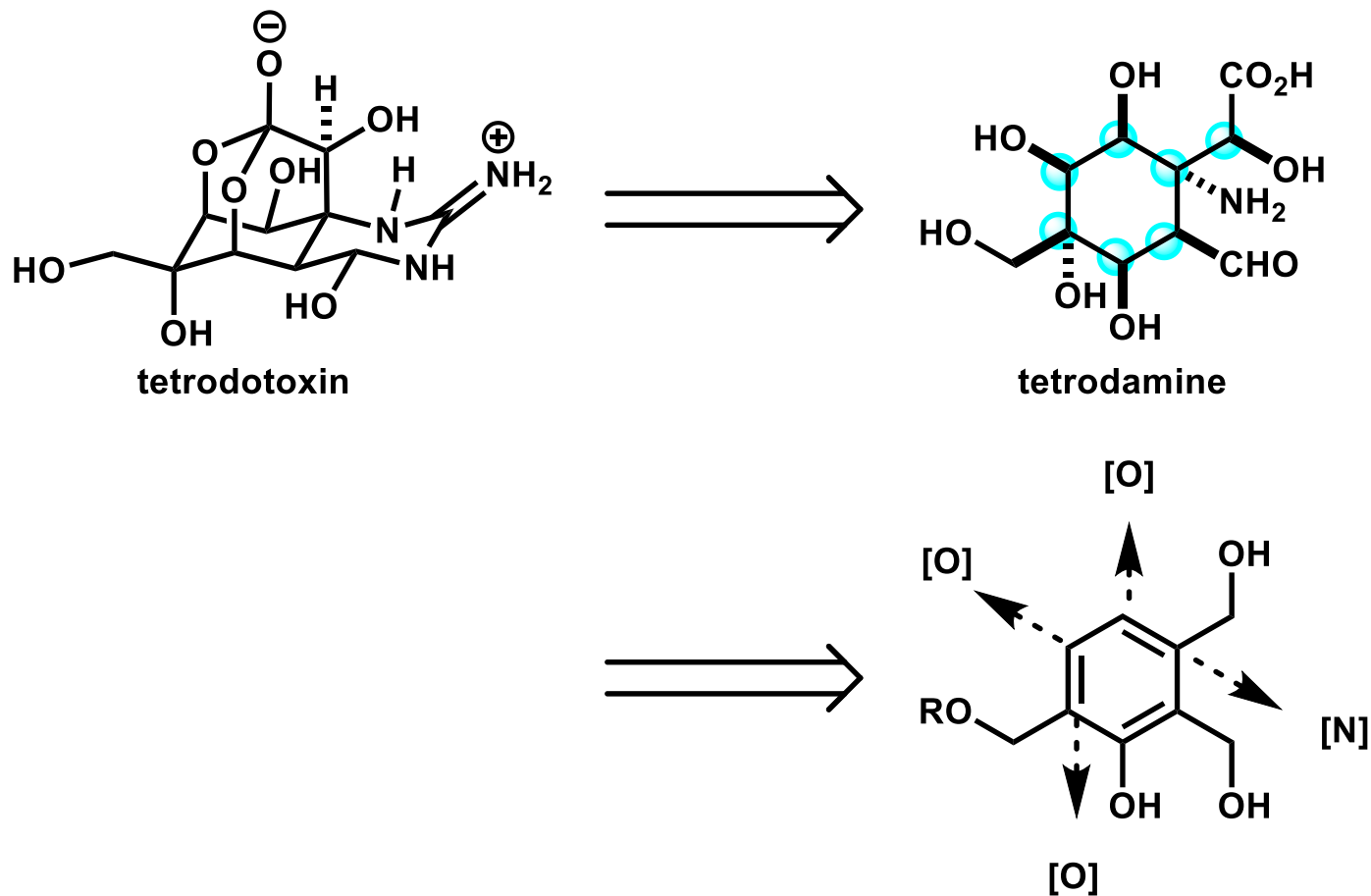
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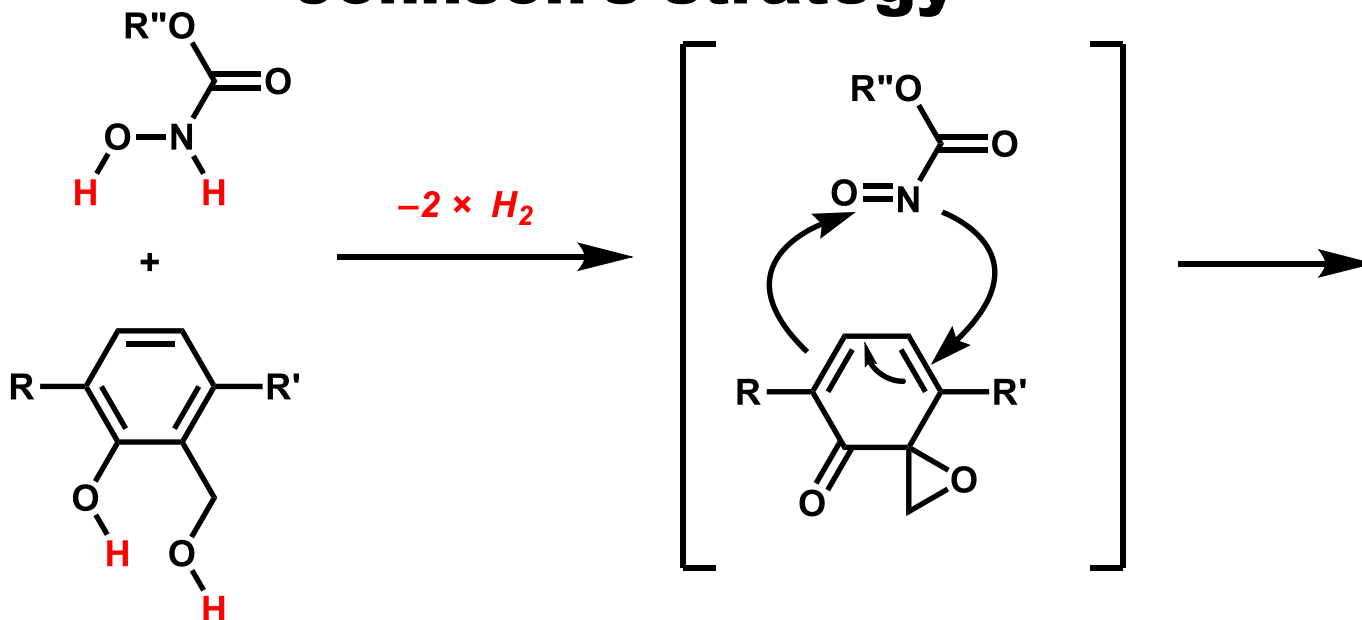
2-2. Fukuyama's total synthesis of (–)-TTX (the latest, 2017)

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Johnson's strategy

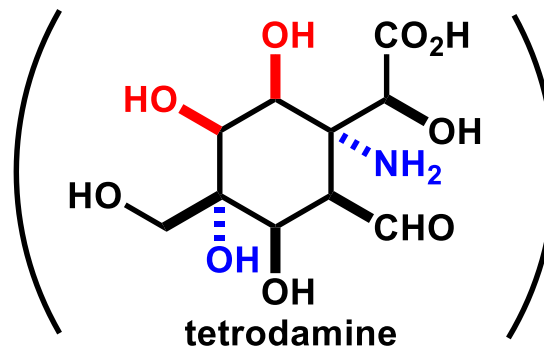
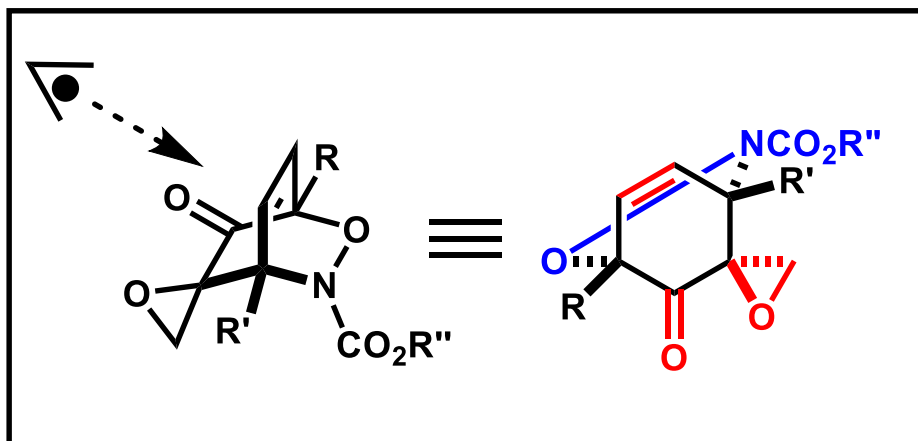


Johnson's strategy

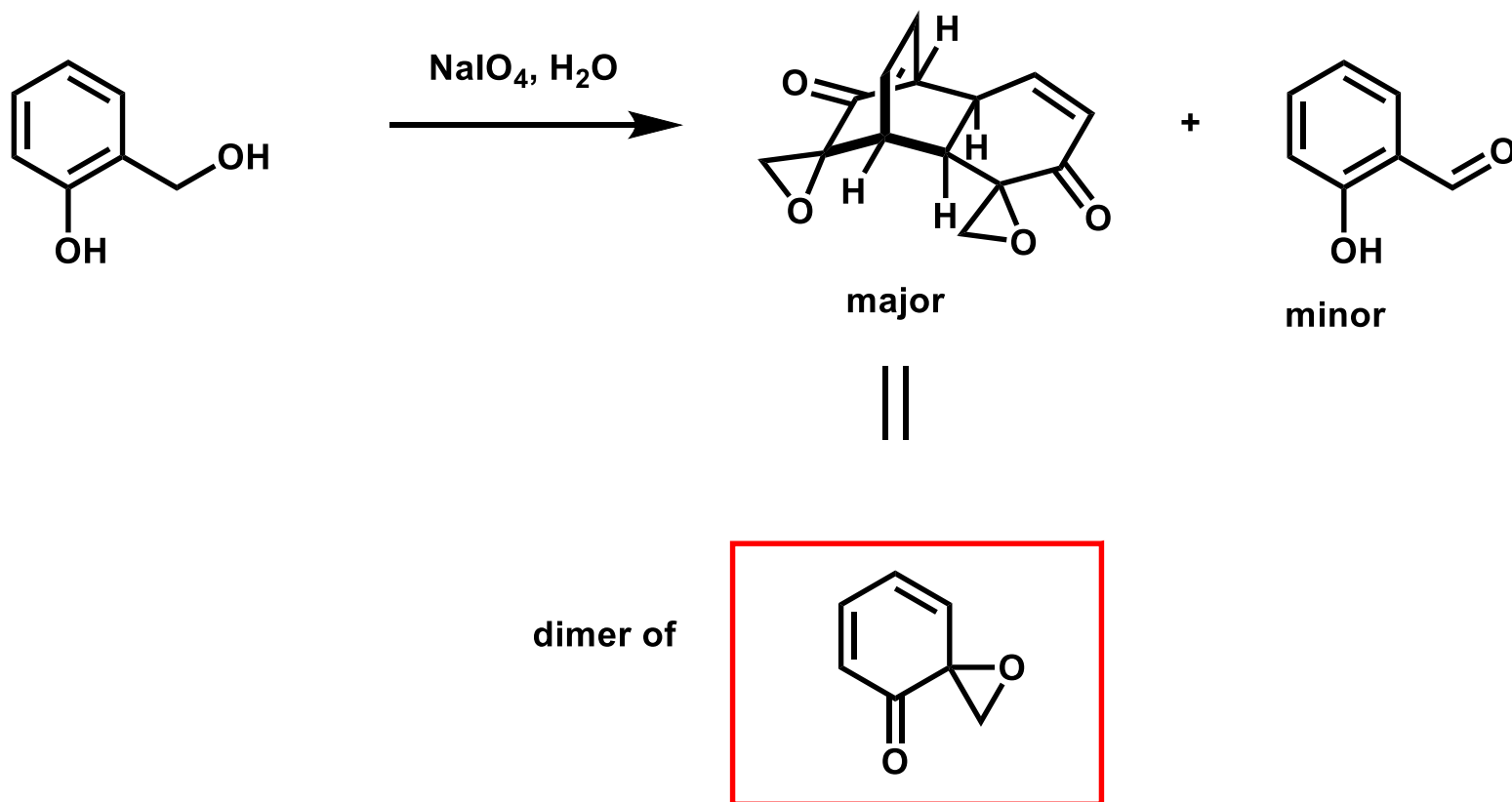


four addressable functional groups

*alkene, oxadine (latent amino alcohol),
epoxide, ketone*



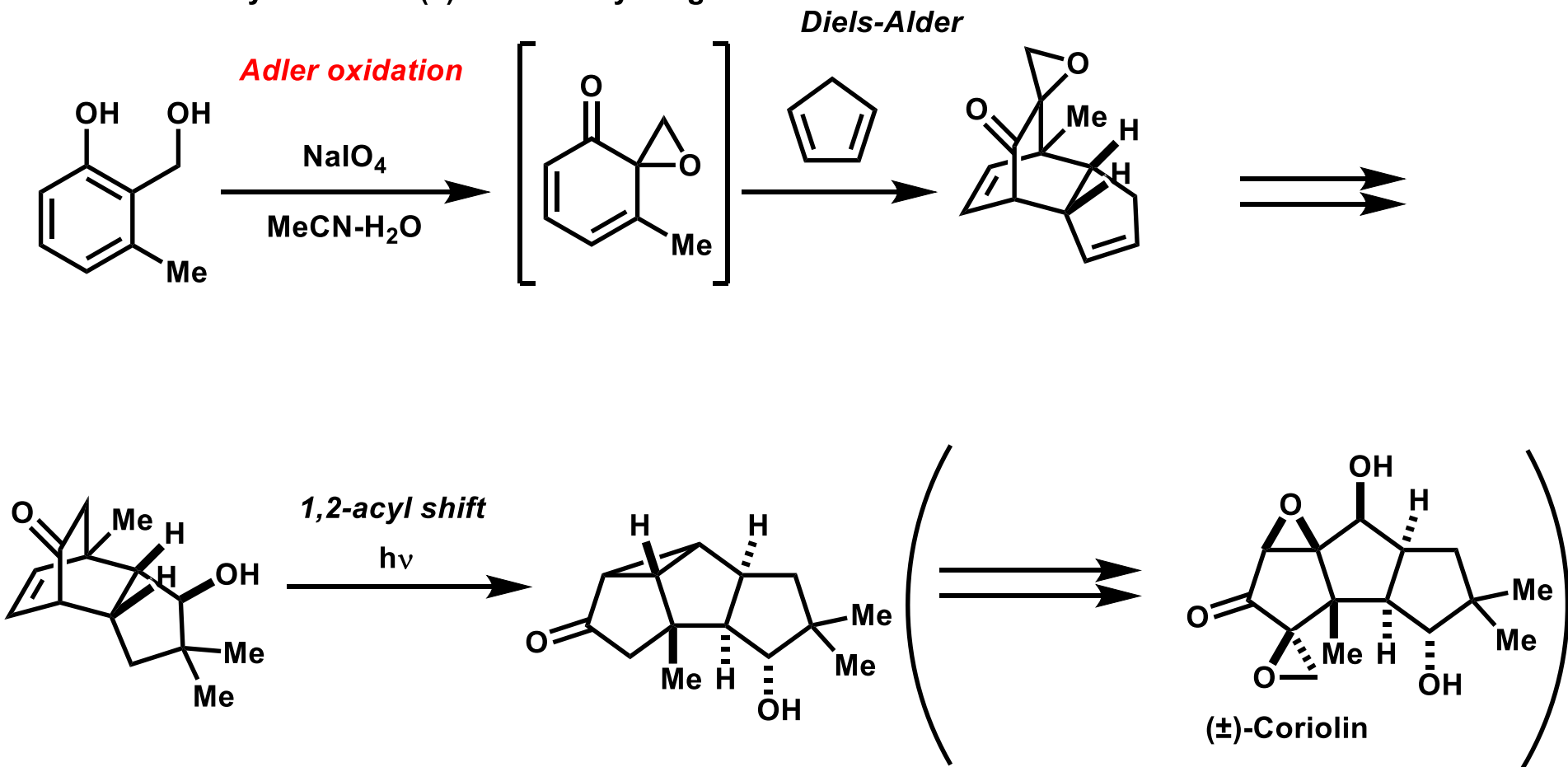
Adler oxidation



Adler, E.; Brasen, S.; Miyake, H. *Acta Chem. Scand.* **1971**, 25, 2055.

Application of Adler oxidation

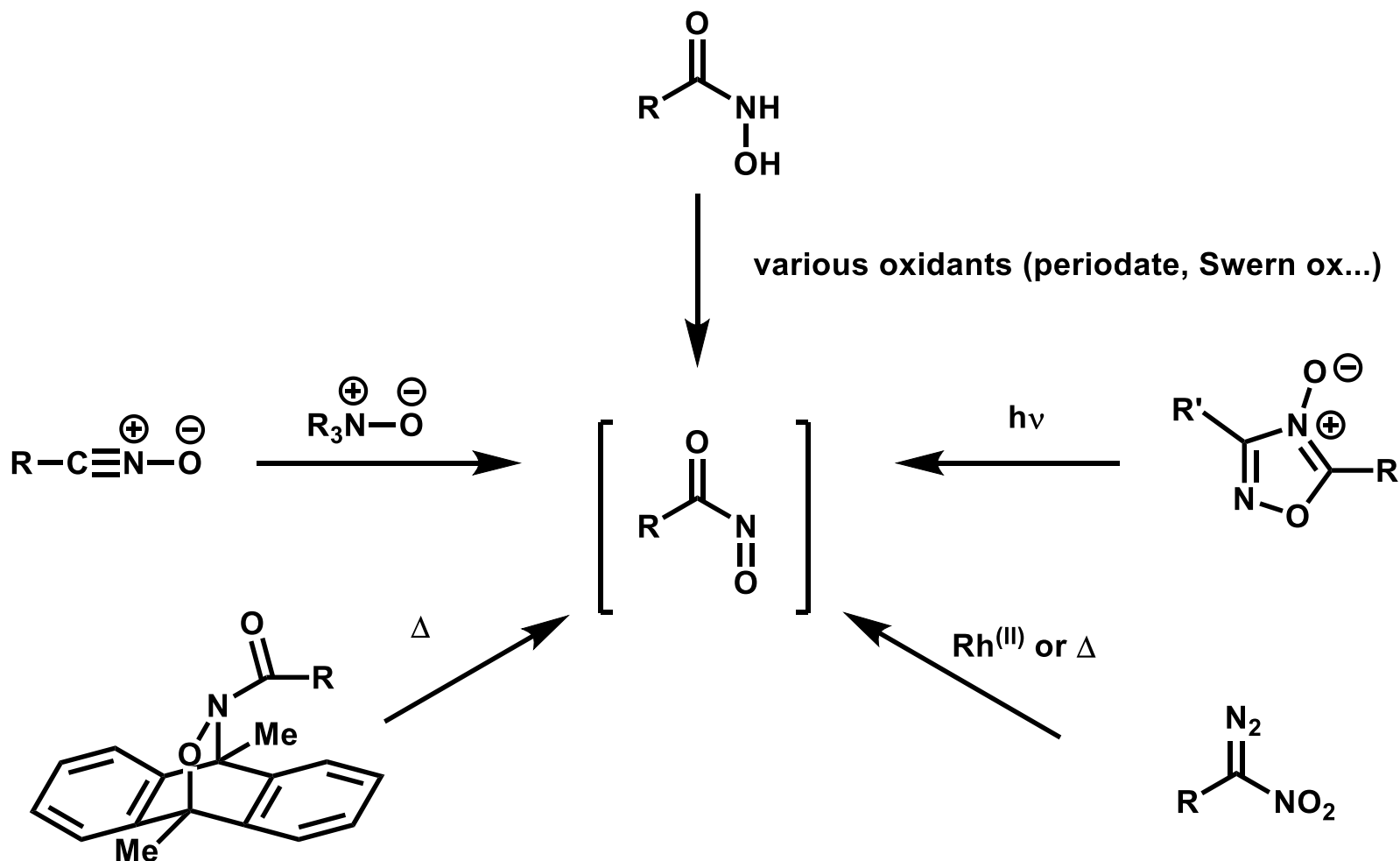
Formal total synthesis of (±)-Coriolin by Singh



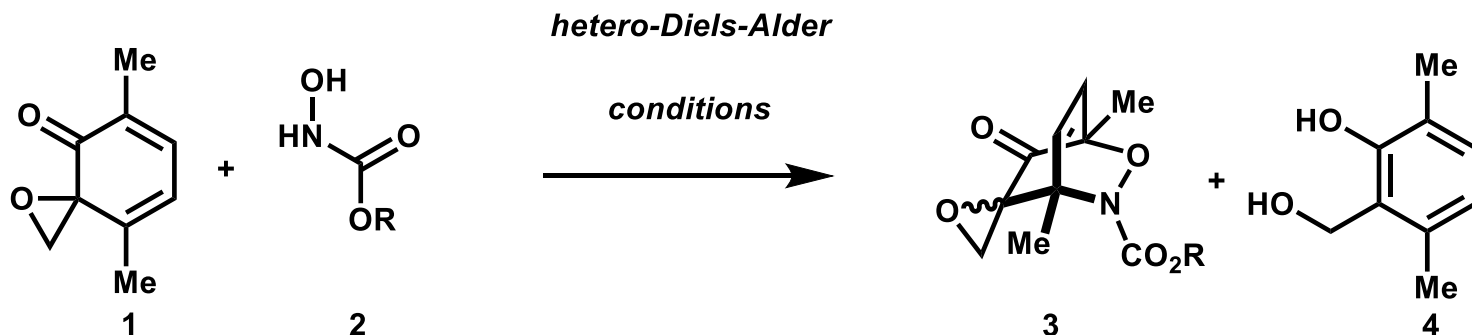
Preparation of acylnitroso compounds

Acylnitroso compounds are very reactive. (lifetime: 1 ms order)

-> They are prepared and used in situ in chemical reactions.



Optimization of conditions (sequential)

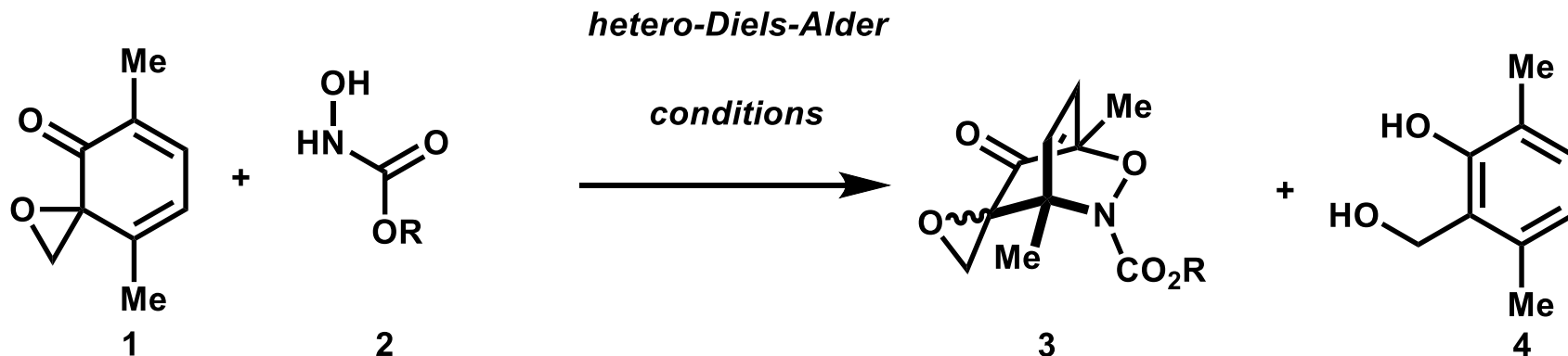


entry	R	oxidant	equiv. of 2 and oxidant (ox.)	solvent	temp.(°C)	conv. of 1 (ratio of 2/3)	dr
1	^t Bu	CuCl_2 (10 mol %), L^* , O_2	2: 1.5 eq.	MeOH	rt	85% (1.5:1)	5.3:1
2	^t Bu	$^n\text{Bu}_4\text{NIO}_4$	2: 2.0 eq. ox.: 2.0 eq.	CH_2Cl_2	rt-35	30%	2.2:1
3	^t Bu	$^n\text{Bu}_4\text{NIO}_4$	2: 2.0+2.0**eq. ox: 2.0+2.0**eq.	CDCl_3	45	57%	3.2:1
4	^t Bu	$^n\text{Bu}_4\text{NIO}_4$	2: 2.0 eq. ox.: 2.0 eq.	CDCl_3	45	58%	2.1:1
5	^t Bu	$^n\text{Bu}_4\text{NIO}_4$	2: 2.0 eq. ox.: 2.0 eq.	CHCl_3 (with EtOH as stabilizer)	45	100% (4:1)	2.1:1

* L = 2-ethyloxazoline (20 mol %)

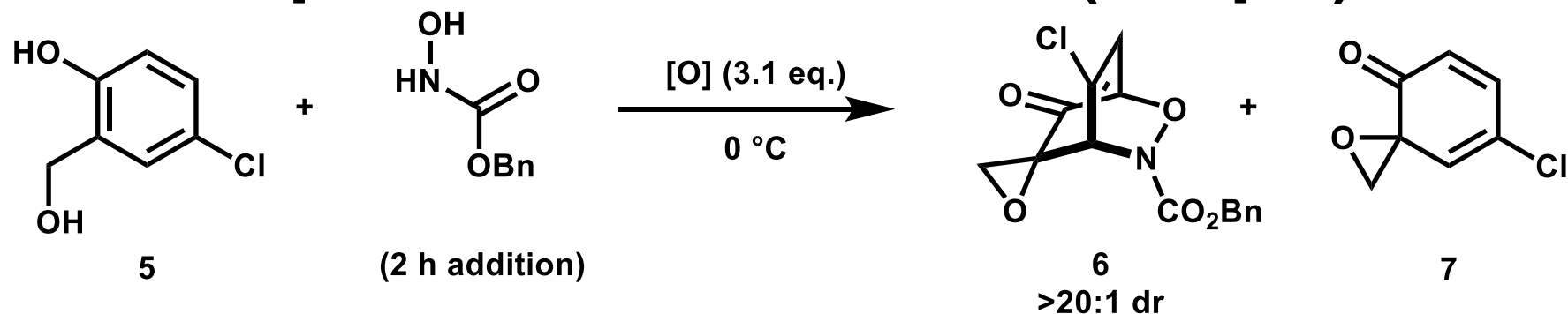
** Additional 2.0 eq. of 2 was added for 2 hours.

Optimization of conditions (sequential)



entry	R	oxidant	equiv. of 2 and oxidant (ox.)	solvent	temp.(°C)	conv. of 1 (ratio of 3/4)	dr (yield)
6	Bn	ⁿ Bu ₄ NIO ₄	2: 2.0 eq. ox.: 2.0 eq.	CDCl ₃	45	68%	2.7:1 (12%)
7	Bn	ⁿ Bu ₄ NIO ₄	2: 2.0 eq. ox.: 2.0 eq.	CDCl ₃	30	87%	4.0:1 (51%)
8	Bn	ⁿ Bu ₄ NIO ₄	2: 2.0 eq. ox.: 2.0 eq.	CDCl ₃	rt	91%	4.3:1 (74%)

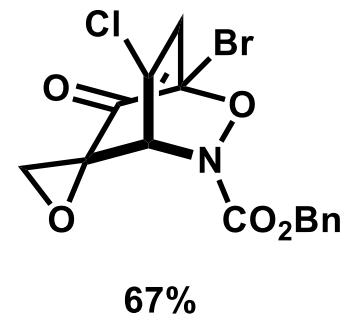
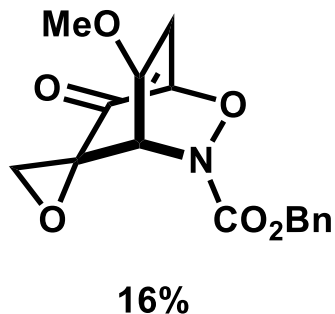
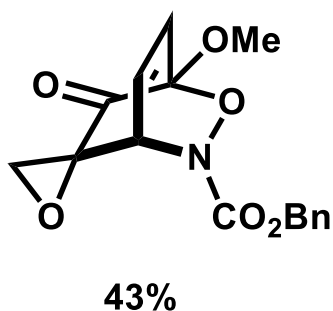
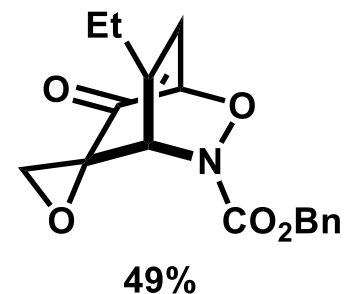
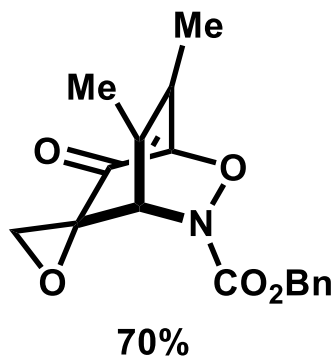
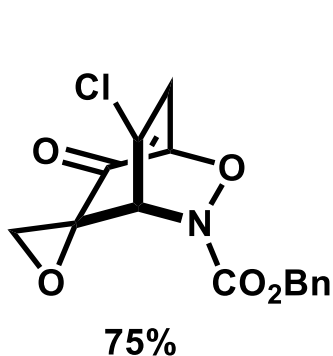
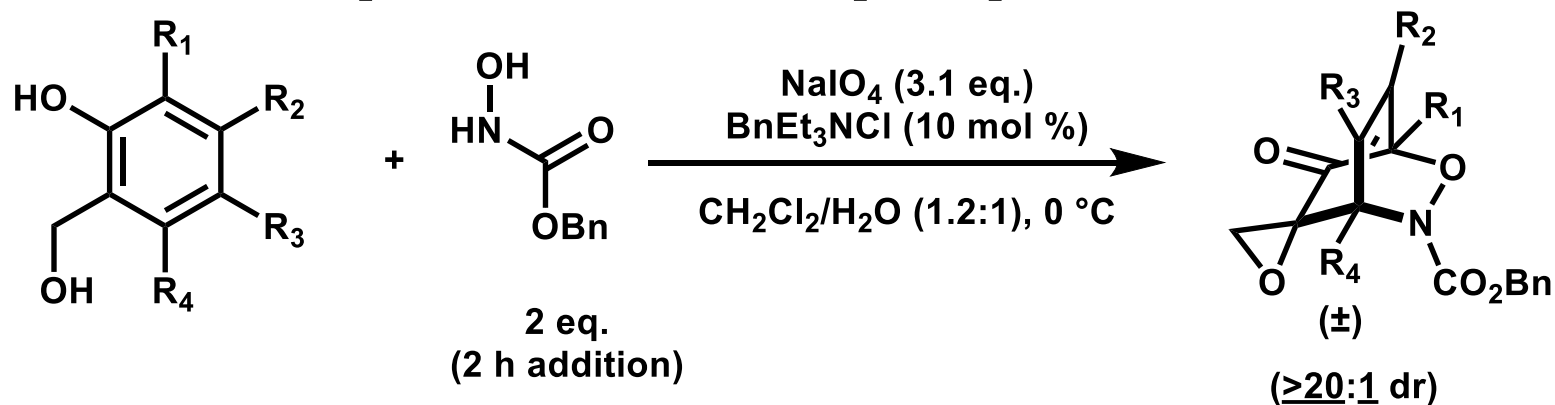
Optimization of conditions (one-pot)



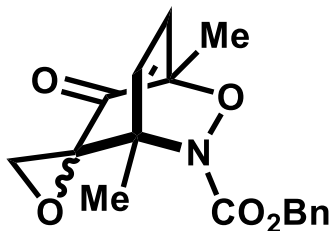
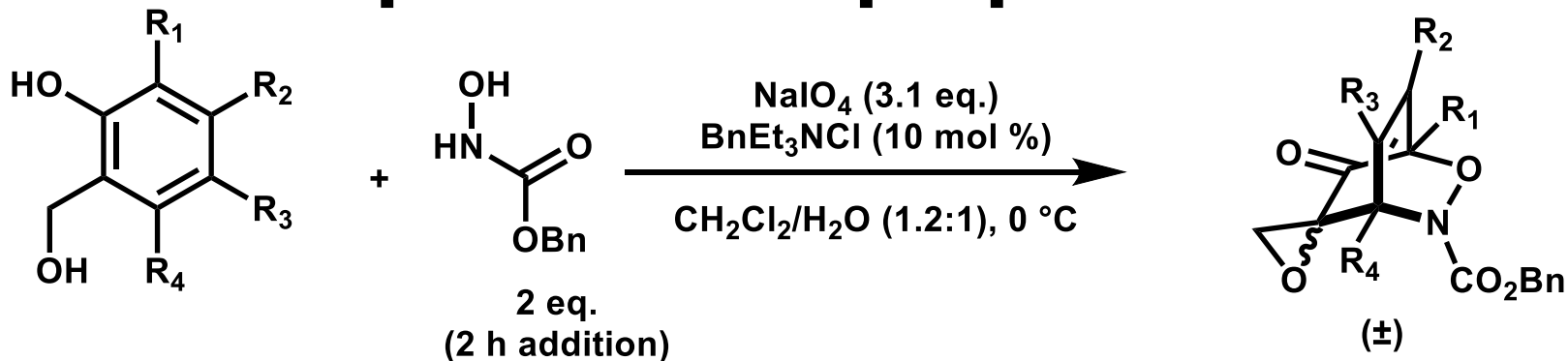
entry	oxidant	solvent	catalyst	conv. of 5	product
1	NaIO ₄	MeOH/water	—	100%	5
2	NaIO ₄	THF/water	—	100%	5
3	ⁿ Bu ₄ NIO ₄	MeOH/water	—	100%	5
4	ⁿ Bu ₄ NIO ₄	THF/water	—	100%	5
5	ⁿ Bu ₄ NIO ₄	THF	—	20%	6/7 (10:1)
6	NaIO ₄	CDCl ₃ /water	BnEt ₃ NCl (10 mol %)	100% (*60%)	6/7 (10:1)
7	NaIO ₄	CH ₂ Cl ₂ /water	BnEt ₃ NCl (10 mol %)	100% (*76%)	6/7 (20:1)

Good, N, S.; Sharpe, J, R.; Johnson, S, J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2017**, 139, 12422. * isolated yields

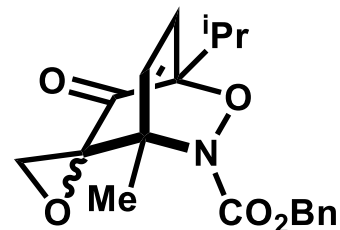
Scope of the One-pot procedure



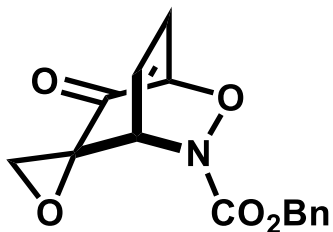
Scope of the One-pot procedure



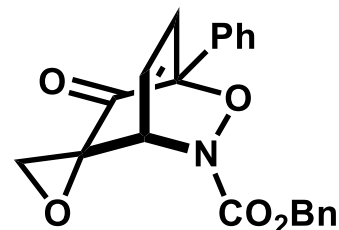
44% (4.0:1 dr)



50% (3.2:1 dr)



76 % (>20:1 dr)

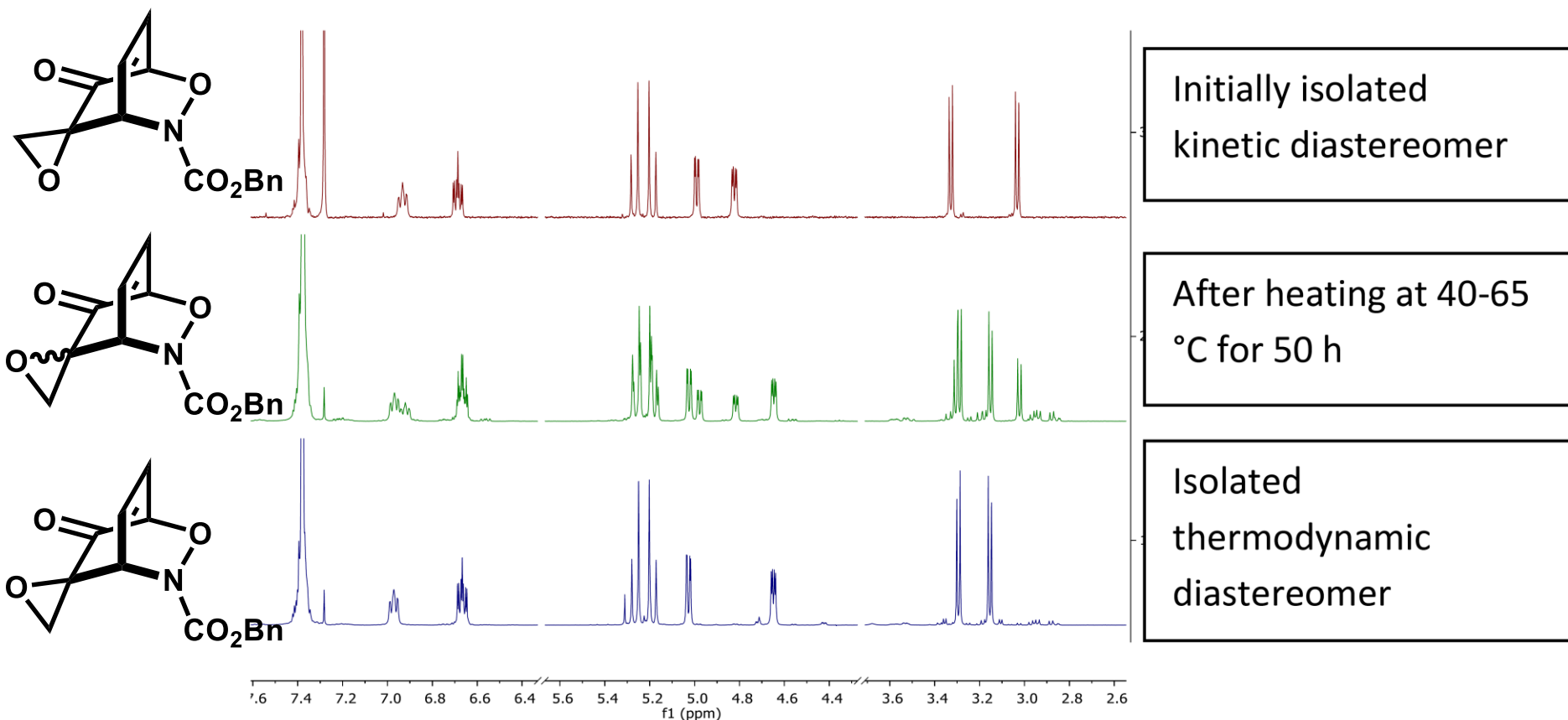


52 % (>20:1 dr)

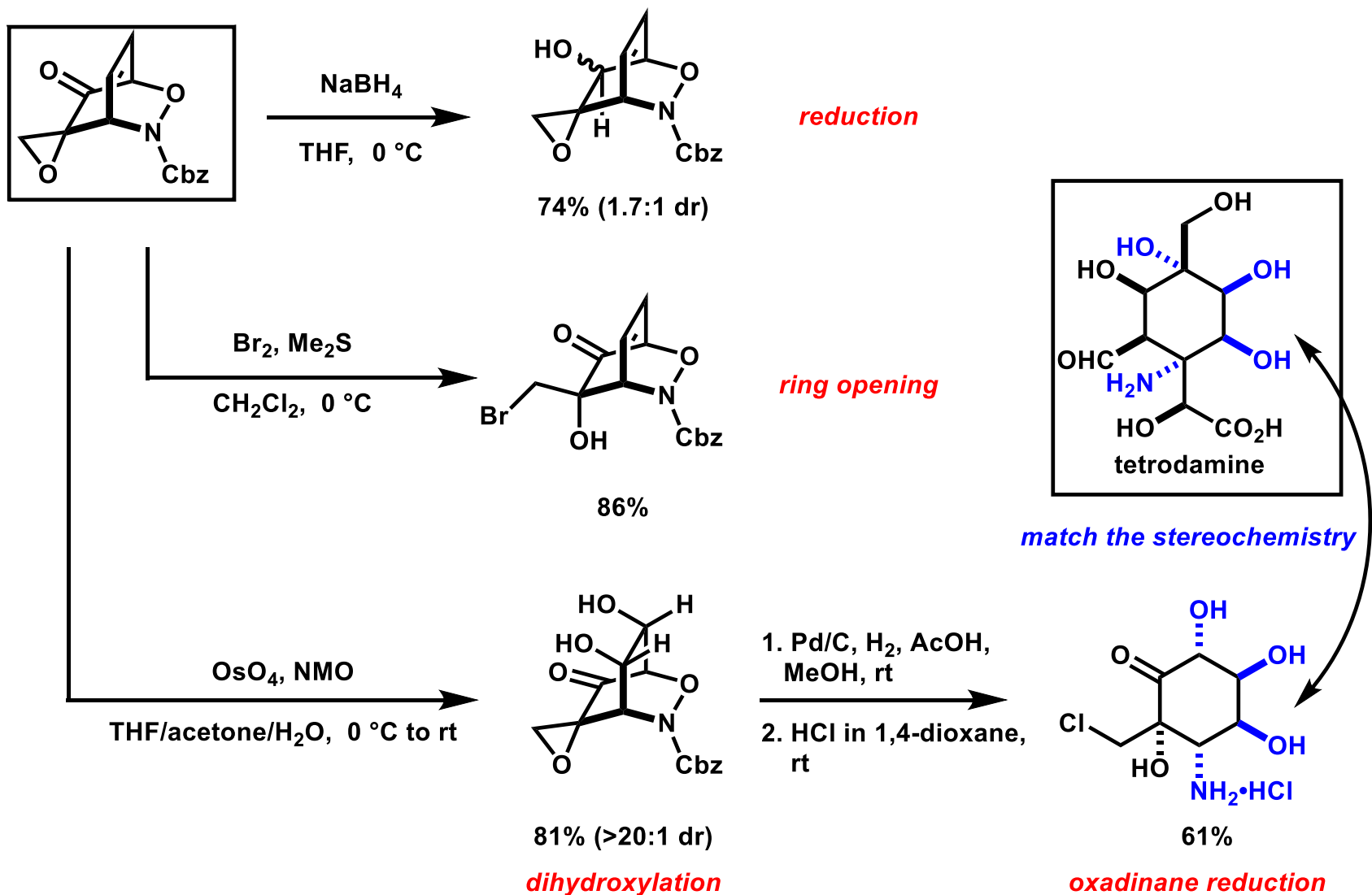
(Thermal isomerization occurs 40 °C and over.)

(Isomerization is observed after standing at rt.)

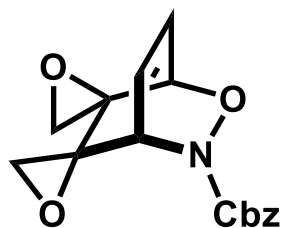
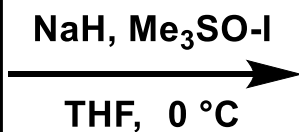
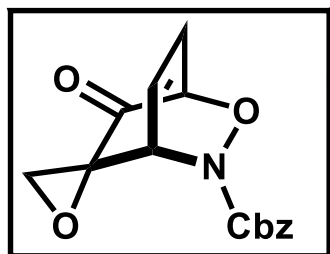
Kinetically or thermodynamically products



Chemoselective reactions of heterocycloadducts

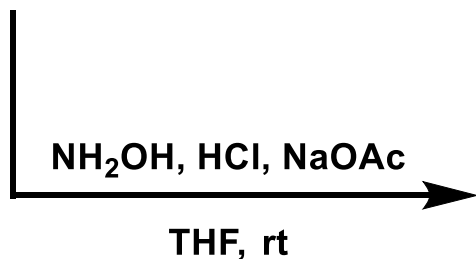


Chemoselective reactions of heterocycloadducts

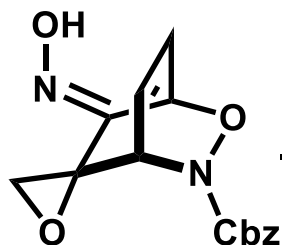


epoxidation

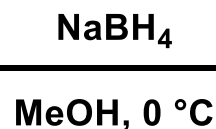
59%



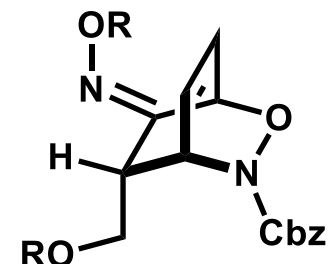
condensation



71%

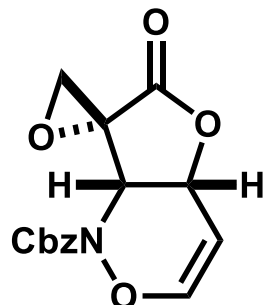


reductive fragmentation



45% (R=H) (>20:1 dr)

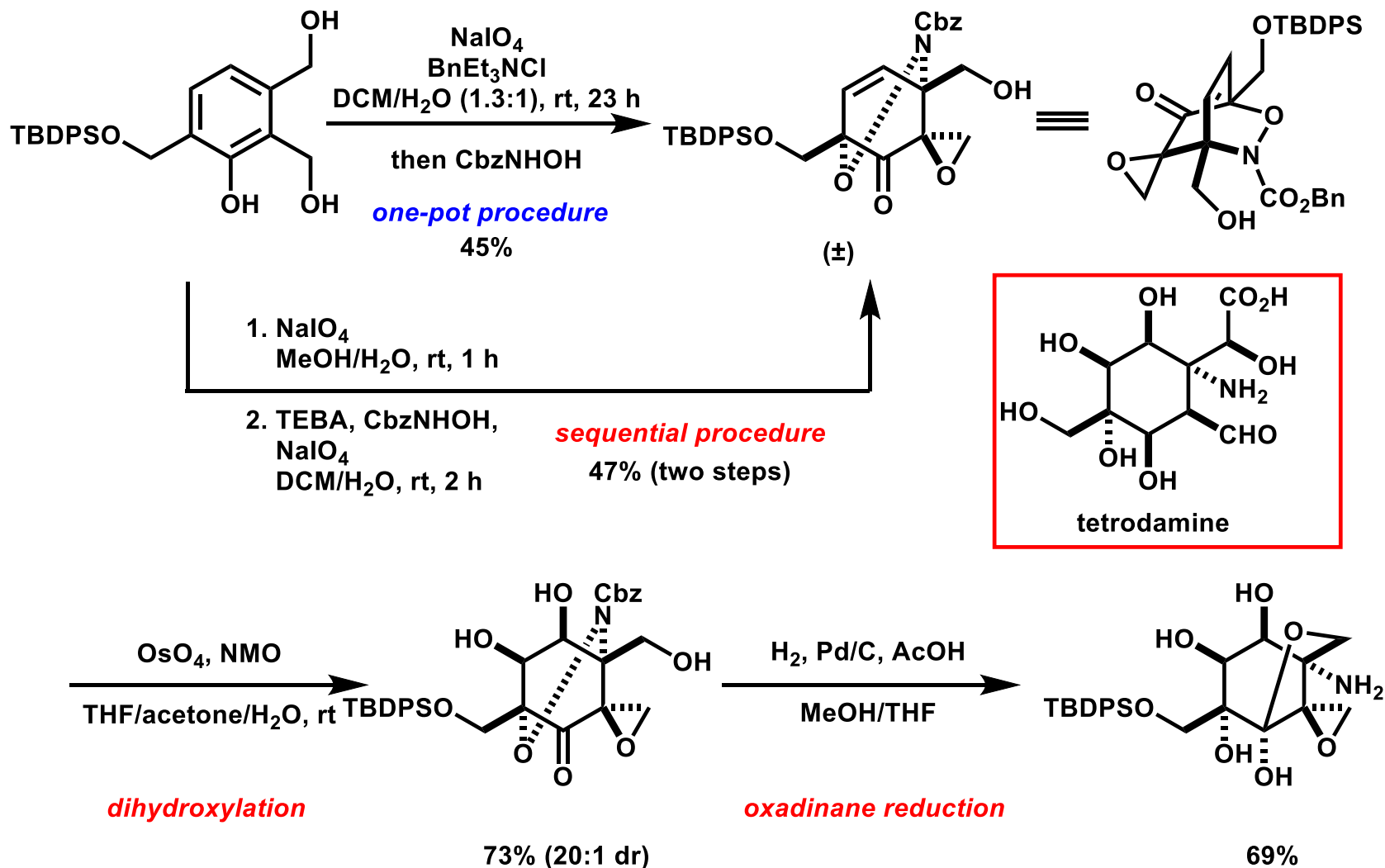
56% (R=pO₂NC₆H₄CO)



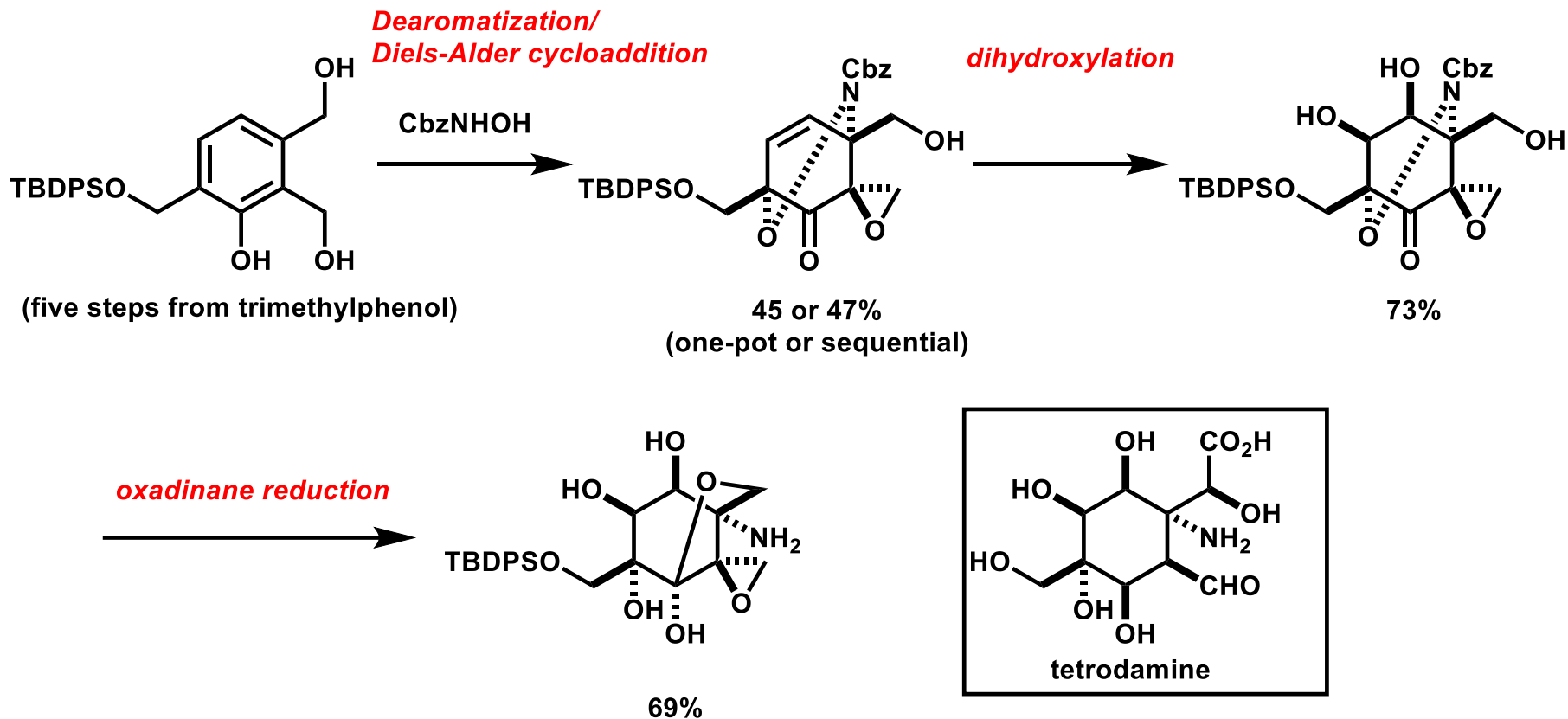
vinylogous Bayer-Villiger oxidation

50%

Application of the Oxidation/Cycloaddition cascade procedure towards the TTX core structure



Summary

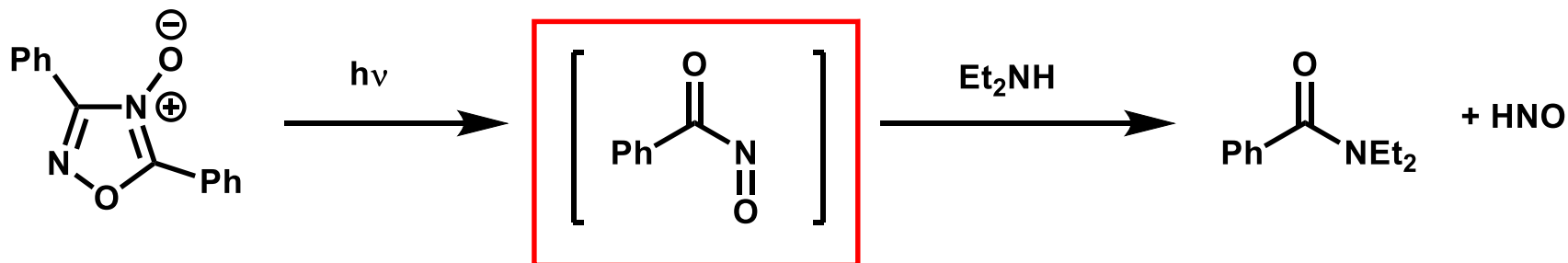


[2,2,2]-bicyclic products bearing four orthogonal functional groups from simple, aromatic feedstocks

-> Enable to introduce highly substituted stereocenters to cyclohexane ring

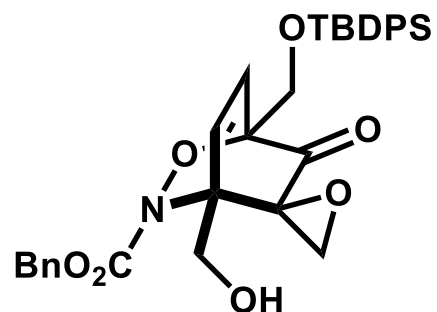
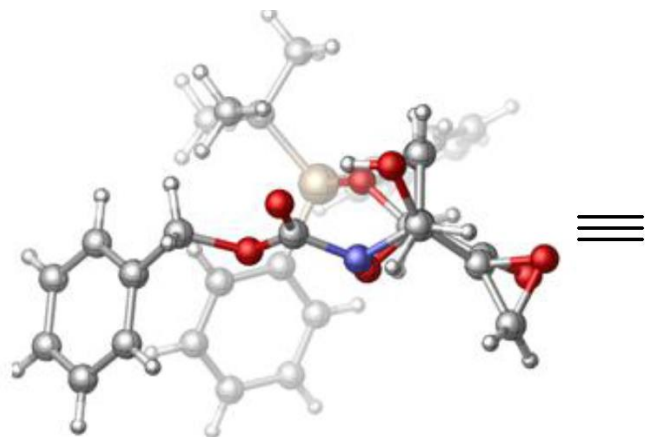
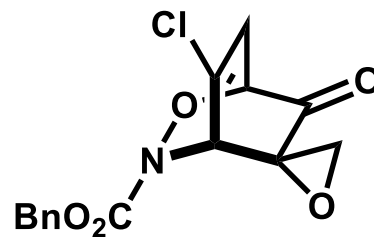
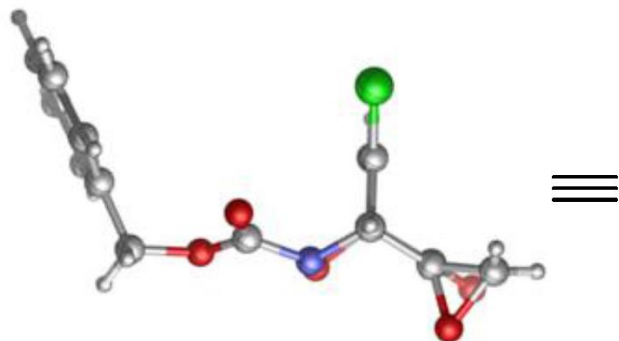
Appendix

The lifetime of acylnitroso compounds



the lifetime of acylnitroso compounds is on the order of **1 ms**.
(observed by time-resolved IR spectroscopy)

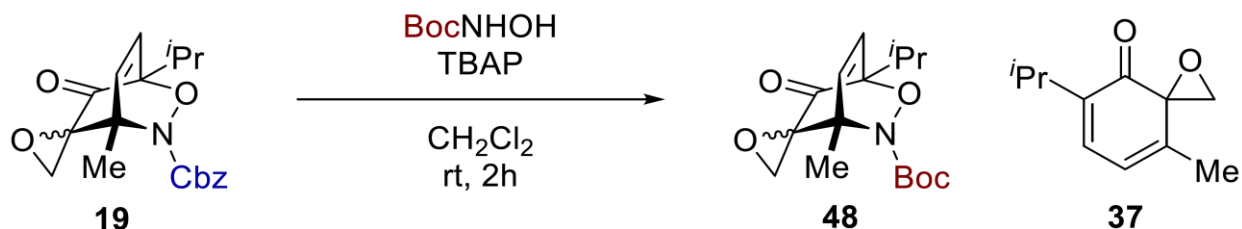
Crystal Structures



(TBDPS = Si^tBuPh₂)

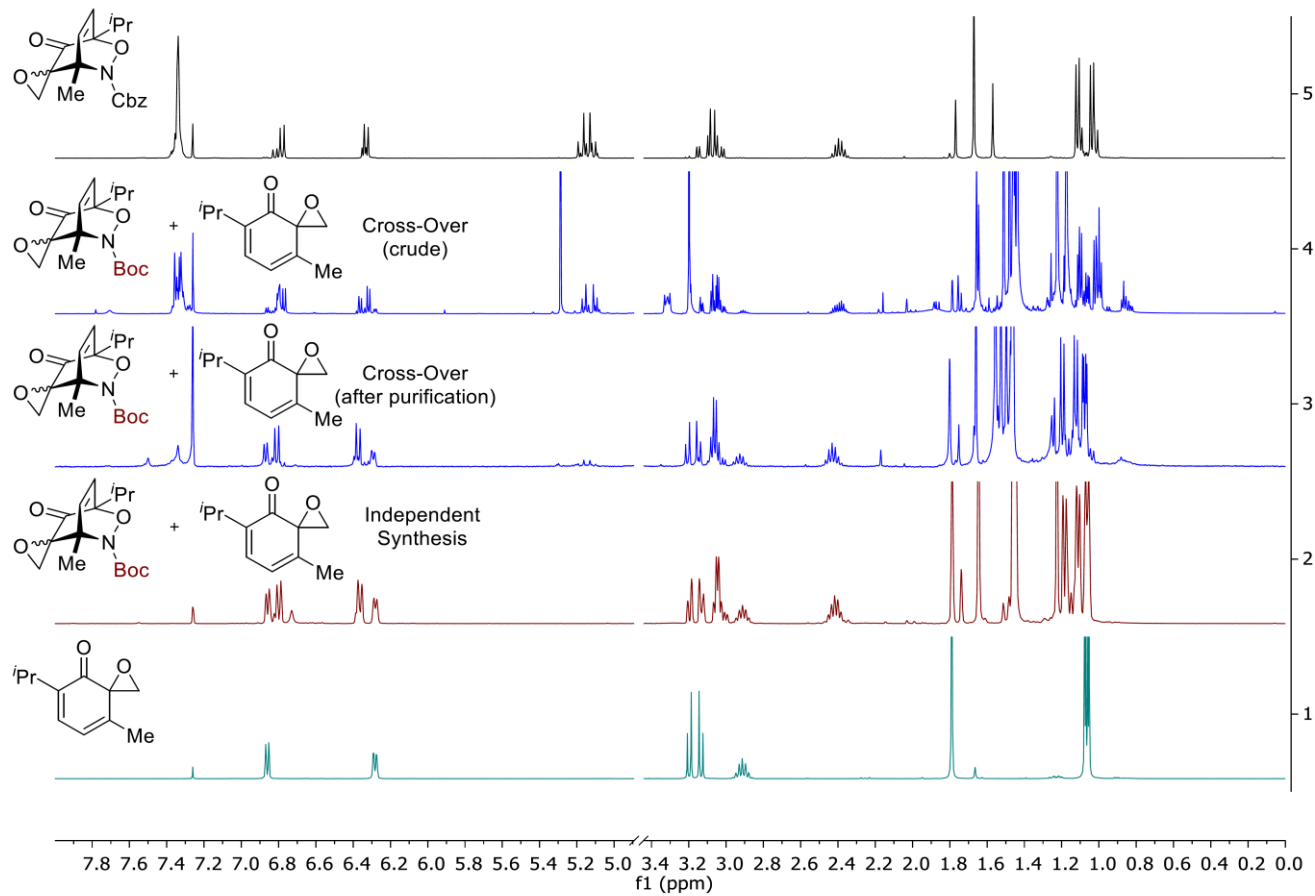
Cross-over experiment

Cross-over experiment:



A solution of $t\text{BuO}_2\text{CNHOH}$ (77 mg, 0.58 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) was added via syringe pump over 2 h to a mixture of **19** (3.4:1 dr, 20 mg, 0.06 mmol) and $n\text{Bu}_4\text{NIO}_4$ (252 mg, 0.58 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) at rt. After complete addition, the reaction was diluted with MTBE (4 mL) and the mixture was filtered through a plug of Celite®. The filtrate was concentrated by rotary evaporation and the crude residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc:hexanes 10:90 to 20:80) to afford an inseparable mixture of **37** and **48** (mixture of diastereomers, no yield recorded). The ^1H NMR spectrum of the mixture of products matched an independently synthesized mixture of **37** and **48** (prepared using a modified General Procedure A in which BnO_2CNHOH is exchanged for $t\text{BuO}_2\text{CNHOH}$). The ^1H spectrum of the independently prepared mixture of **37** and **48** is included below the stacked spectra.

Cross-over experiment



Cross-over experiment

